

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1 8th Quarterly EM&A Report



Quarterly EM&A Report No.8 (Period from 1 April to 30 June 2020)

(Clause 3.3, Further Environmental Permit FEP-01/429/2012/A)

Document No.

KSZHJV	/	312	/	Quarterly	/	0008	/	C
				EM&A				
Issuer		Project Code		Type of Document		Sequential No.		Revision Index

	Prepared by:	Certified by:	Verified by:
Name	Joe Ho	F.C. Tsang	Mandy To
Position	Environmental Team	Environmental Team Leader	Independent Environmental Checker
Signature	J.	Toay Faulbearg	Mandy 2.
Date:	20 March 2024	20 March 2024	20 March 2024

[©] This document contains confidential and proprietary information belonging to Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture and/or its affiliates. The contents of this document shall not be used for any other purpose than that for which they were provided. Any disclosure, copying, distribution or the taking of any action in reliance on the contents of this document is strictly prohibited. This document confers upon the recipient no right or license of whatsoever nature based on the information as described herein. If you have received this document in error, please immediately arrange for the return to Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture or destruction of this document.

Revision History

C	Updated Appendix C&D	8 March 2024
В	Revision based on EPD & AFCD's comment	16 November
A	First Submission	20 August 2020
Rev.	DESCRIPTION OF MODIFICATION	DATE

CONTENT

1.	Basic Project In	formation	5
2.	Marine Water Q	Quality Monitoring	9
3.	Noise Monitoria	ng	16
4.	Waste		22
5.	Coral		24
6.	Marine Mamma	վ	32
7.	White-Bellied S	Sea Eagle	40
8 Pros	•	Monitoring Exceedance, Complaints, Notification of Summons	
9.	EM&A Site Ins	pection	44
10.	Conclusion and	Recommendations	45
Ap	pendix A	Master Programme	
Ap	pendix B	Summary of Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation	
.	11. G	W. O. D. M. J. D. M. J.	

Appendix A	Master Programme
Appendix B	Summary of Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation
Appendix C	Water Quality Monitoring Data Trending
Appendix D	Noise Monitoring Data Trending
Appendix E	Waste Flow Table
Appendix F	Photo Records for Coral Monitoring
Appendix G	Photo Records for Marine Mammal Monitoring
Appendix H	Photo Records for White-bellied Sea Eagle Monitoring
Appendix I	Complaint Log

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- A1. The Project, Integrated Waste Management Facility (IWMF), is a Designated Project under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (Cap. 499) (EIAO) and is currently governed by a Further Environmental Permit (FEP No. FEP-01/429/2012/A) for the construction and operation of the Project.
- A2. In accordance with the Updated Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual for the Project, EM&A works for marine water quality, noise, waste management and ecology should be carried out by Environmental Team (ET), Acuity Sustainability Consulting Limited (ASCL), during the construction phase of the Project.
- A3. This is the 8th Quarterly EM&A Report, prepared by ASCL, for the Project summarizing and concluding the monitoring results and audit findings of the EM&A programme at and around Shek Kwu Chau (SKC) during the reporting period from 1 April 2020 to 30 June 2020.
- A4. The EM&A works for construction noise, water quality, construction waste, coral, marine mammal and White-Bellied Sea Eagle (WBSE) were conducted during the reporting period in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual.
- A5. Weekly site inspections of the construction works were carried out by ET to audit the mitigation measures implementation status. Monthly joint site inspections were carried out by ET and IEC.

1. BASIC PROJECT INFORMATION

- 1.1. The Reporting Scope
- 1.1.1 This is the 8th Quarterly EM&A Report for the Project which summarizes the key findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 April 2020 to 30 June 2020.
- 1.2. Project Organization
- 1.1.2 The Project Organization structure for Construction Phase is presented in **Figure 1.1**.

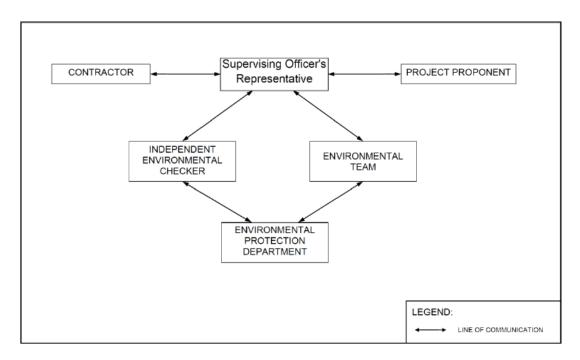


Figure 1.1 Project Organization Chart

1.1.3 Contact details of the key personnel are presented in **Table 1.1** below:

Table 1.1 Contact Details of Key Personnel

Party	Position	Name	Telephone no.
Environmental Protection Department	Project Proponent	Cheng Tak-Kuen	2594-6111
Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture	Project Manager	roject Manager Kenny Yu	
Acuity Sustainability Consulting Limited	Environmental Team Leader	Jacky Leung	2698-6833
ERM-Hong Kong, Limited	Independent Environmental Checker	Mandy To	2271-3000

1.3. Summary of Construction Works

1.1.4 Details of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period are shown in **Table 1.2** below. The construction programme is presented in **Appendix A**.

Table 1.2 Summary of the Construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Period

Location of works	Construction activities undertaken	Remarks on progress
Breakwater	Sand blanket laying	On-going
	DCM installation	On-going
Reclamation area	Sand blanket laying	On-going
Seawall portion	DCM installation	Completed
	Coring for DCM cluster	On-going
	Dredging	• 72,156.7042 m³ of dredged sediment in bulk quantity was dumped at relevant dumping site in total up to 30 June 2020.
	• Cong population tost	On-going
	Cone penetration test	On-going
	Installation of caisson	
		• On-going
	Installation of Prefabricated Vertical Drain	
Portion 8	Site trial of sorting facilities	On-going

1.1.5 The status for all environmental aspects is presented in **Table 1.3**.

Table 1.3 Summary of Status for Key Environmental Aspects under the Updated EM&A Manual

Parameters	Status		
Water Quality			
Baseline Monitoring under Updated EM&A Manual and Detailed Plan on DCM	The baseline water quality monitoring result has been reported in Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP Condition 3.4		
Impact Monitoring	On-going		
Regular DCM Monitoring	On-going		
Initial Intensive DCM Monitoring	Completed over 11 February 2019 to 10 March 2019, to be resumed whenever DCM related parameter exceeded the AL/LL		
Baseline Water Quality of wet season	Completed over 13 August 2018 to 7 September 2018		
Noise			

Parameters	Status
Baseline Monitoring	The baseline noise monitoring result has been reported in
	Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP
	Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	On-going On-going
Waste Management	
Mitigation Measures in	On-going On-going
Waste Monitoring Plan	
Coral	
Pre-translocation Survey	The Coral Translocation Plan was submitted and approved by
and Coral Mapping	EPD under EP Condition 2.12
Coral Translocation	Completed on 28 March 2018
Post-Translocation Coral	Survey obstructed due to missing of translocated and tagged
Monitoring	coral colonies after typhoons in September 2018; the last post-
C	translocation coral monitoring completed on 28 Mar 2019
Pre-construction Coral	Completed on 26 June 2018
Survey and Tagging	
Tagged Coral Monitoring	Survey obstructed due to missing of tagged coral colonies
	after typhoons in September 2018
Coral Survey and Re-	Re-tagging at Indirect Impact Site was conducted on 23
tagging	November and Re-tagging at Control Site was conducted on 3
	December 2018
Post Re-tagging Coral	On-going On-going
Monthly Monitoring	
Marine Mammal	
Baseline Monitoring	The baseline marine mammal monitoring result has been
C	reported in Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD
	under FEP Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	On-going On-going
Land-based Theodolite	30 days of theodolite surveys were started at 21 Feb 2019 and
Tracking	completed in May 2019
Passive Acoustic	30 days of PAM surveys were started at 1 May 2019 and
Monitoring	completed until the end of May 2019
White-bellied Sea Eagle	
Baseline Monitoring	The baseline WBSE monitoring result has been reported in
_	Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP
	Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	On-going On-going
Environmental Audit	
Site Inspection covering	On-going On-going
Measures of Air Quality,	
Noise Impact, Water	
Quality, Waste,	
Ecological Quality,	
Fisheries, Landscape and	
Visual	
Mitigation Measures in	On-going On-going
Marine Mammal	
Watching Plan (MMWP)	
Mitigation Measures in	On-going On-going
Detailed Monitoring	
Programme on Finless	
Porpoise (DMPFP)	

Parameters	Status
Mitigation Measures in	On-going
Vessel Travel Details	
Daily Site Audit and	On-going
Monitoring for Dredging	
Work	

- 1.1.6 Other than the EM&A works by ET, environmental briefings, trainings and regular environmental management meetings were conducted, in order to enhance environmental awareness and closely monitor the environmental performance of the contractors.
- 1.1.7 The EM&A programme has been implemented in accordance with the recommendations presented in the approved EIA Report and the Updated EM&A Manual. A summary of updated implementation status of the environmental mitigation measures for the construction phase of the Project during the reporting period is provided in **Appendix B**.

2. MARINE WATER QUALITY MONITORING

- 2.1 Water Quality Parameters
- 2.1.1 Measurement of Dissolved Oxygen (DO), Turbidity, Suspended Solids (SS), Salinity and pH have been undertaken at the eleven monitoring stations during general water quality monitoring. Besides the above parameters, monitoring of Total Alkalinity, Current Velocity and Current Direction have been undertaken at all fourteen monitoring stations (including S1, S2A and S3) during regular DCM monitoring.
- 2.1.2 Current velocity and direction, DO, temperature, salinity, turbidity and pH were measured in-situ and the SS, Total Alkalinity were assayed in a HOKLAS laboratory.
- 2.1.3 In associate with the water quality parameters, other relevant data were also measured, such as monitoring location/position, time, water depth, sampling depth, tidal stages, weather conditions and any special phenomena or work underway nearby were also recorded.
- 2.1.4 Impact water quality monitoring was conducted 3 days per week in the reporting period. All parameters were monitored during mid-flood and mid-ebb tides at three water depths for general water quality monitoring. The interval between two sets of monitoring has not been less than 36 hours.
- 2.1.5 **Table 2.1** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of the impact water quality monitoring.

Table 2.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Parameter, unit	Frequency	No. of Depths
 Water Depth(m) Temperature(°C) Salinity(ppt) pH (pH unit) Dissolved Oxygen (DO)(mg/L and % of saturation) Turbidity(NTU) Suspended Solids (SS), mg/L Total alkalinity (mg/L) Current velocity (m/s) Direction (in NESW) 	General water quality monitoring and Regular DCM monitoring: 3 days per week, at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides	3 water depths: 1m below sea surface, mid-depth and 1m above sea bed. If the water depth is less than 3m, mid-depth sampling only. If water depth is less than 6m, mid-depth may be omitted.

2.2 Water Quality Monitoring Locations

2.2.1 Impact water quality monitoring was conducted at eleven monitoring locations during general water quality monitoring and fourteen water monitoring locations during regular DCM monitoring, as shown in **Figure 2.1**.

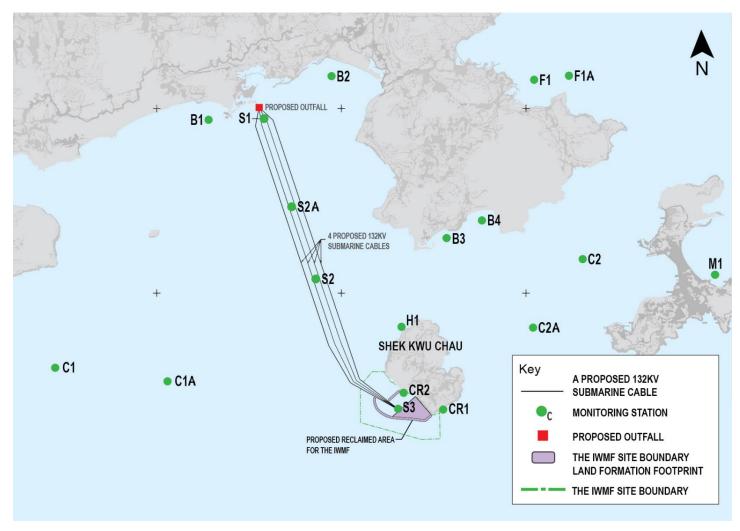


Figure 2.1 Water monitoring locations at Artificial Island near SKC

2.3 Action and Limit Levels

2.3.1 Based on the baseline monitoring data and the derivation criteria presented in the Baseline Monitoring Report, the Action/Limit Levels have been derived and are presented in **Table 2.2** and **Table 2.3** for both dry seasons (October – March) and wet seasons (April – September).

Table 2.2 Derived Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality Monitoring (Dry Season)

Parameters	Action	Limit		
Construction Phas	Construction Phase Impact Monitoring			
DO in mg/L	≤ 7.13	≤ 4		
SS in mg/L	≥ 8 or 120% of control station's SS	\geq 10 or 130% of control station's SS at		
	at the same tide of the same day of	the same tide of the same day of		
	measurement, whichever is higher	measurement, whichever is higher		
Turbidity in NTU	\geq 5.6 or 120% of control station's	≥ 12.81 or 130% of control station's		
	turbidity at the same tide of the same	turbidity at the same tide of the same		
	day of measurement, whichever is	day of measurement, whichever is		
	higher	higher		
Temperature in °C	1.8°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day	2°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day		
Total Alkalinity	≥116 or 120% of control station's	≥ 118 or 130% of control station's		
in mg/L	Total Alkalinity at the same tide of	Total Alkalinity at the same tide of the		
	the same day of measurement,	same day of measurement, whichever		
	whichever is higher	is higher		

Notes:

Table 2.3 Derived Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality (Wet Season)

Parameters	Action	Limit
Construction Phas	se Impact Monitoring	
DO in mg/L	≤ 5.28	≤ 4
SS in mg/L	≥ 12 or 120% of control station's SS	≥ 14 or 130% of control station's SS at
	at the same tide of the same day of	the same tide of the same day of
	measurement, whichever is higher	measurement, whichever is higher
Turbidity in NTU	\geq 4.0 or 120% of control station's	\geq 4.3 or 130% of control station's
	turbidity at the same tide of the same	turbidity at the same tide of the same

i. "Depth-averaged" is calculated by taking the arithmetic means of reading of all three depths.

ii. For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits.

iii. For turbidity, SS and Salinity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than

Parameters	Action	Limit
	day of measurement, whichever is	day of measurement, whichever is
	higher	higher
Temperature in°C	1.8°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day	2°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day
Total Alkalinity	≥ 116 mg/L or 120% of	≥ 118 mg/L or 130% of representative
in mg/L	representative control station at the	control station at the same tide of the
	same tide of the same day,	same day, whichever is higher
	whichever is higher	

Notes:

- i. "Depth-averaged" is calculated by taking the arithmetic means of reading of all three depths.
- ii. For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits.
- iii. For turbidity, SS and Salinity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

2.4 Monitoring Results and Observations

2.4.1 DCM injection works and sand blanket laying works were conducted during the reporting period, thus both general water quality monitoring at the eleven monitoring stations and general DCM monitoring including monitoring stations S1, S2A and S3 were conducted. Monitoring results of 7 key parameters: Salinity, DO, turbidity, SS, pH, temperature and total alkalinity in each month of this reporting period, are summarized in **Table 2.4**, and results trending are presented graphically in **Appendix C.**

Table 2.4 Summary of Regular DCM Impact Water Quality Monitoring Results

		Parameters																							
	-					Dissol	ved Oxy	gen (m	g/L)														T-4-1 A	111::4	(/I)
T	4:	Sa	alinity (pp	ot)	Surfa	ace & Mid	ldle		Bottom	ı		pН		Turb	oidity (N	ITU)	Suspen	ded Solids	(mg/L)	Т	emp. (°C	C)	Total Alkalinity (mg/L) note ii		
Loca	ations	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun
	Avg.	31.14	31.78	32.02	8.26	7.81	7.70	8.23	7.81	7.73	8.45	8.38	8.39	3.1	2.9	2.8	4.03	3.65	3.72	21.7	27.4	29.8	116.6	113.2	95.0
B1	Min.	30.15	30.71	31.42	7.37	6.83	6.51	7.28	6.83	6.51	8.05	8.08	8.14	2.4	1.8	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.7	28.1	110.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.16	32.62	32.61	9.47	8.67	8.90	9.06	8.67	8.90	8.93	8.64	8.64	4.0	3.7	3.7	10.00	8.00	9.00	24.1	28.9	31.4	123.0	118.0	106.0
	Avg.	31.22	31.77	32.00	8.24	7.84	7.67	8.27	7.82	7.72	8.46	8.41	8.39	3.1	2.9	2.7	3.98	3.88	3.59	21.7	27.4	29.8	116.5	113.0	95.0
B2	Min.	30.21	30.78	31.24	7.39	6.95	6.65	7.25	6.85	6.74	8.06	8.10	8.08	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.6	28.1	110.0	105.0	77.0
	Max.	32.31	32.52	32.82	8.87	8.57	8.81	9.26	8.57	8.88	8.93	8.68	8.67	4.1	3.7	3.5	10.00	9.00	8.00	24.0	28.9	31.4	123.0	118.0	106.0
	Avg.	31.18	31.81	32.06	8.28	7.80	7.70	8.21	7.85	7.79	8.44	8.40	8.40	3.2	3.0	2.9	4.20	4.04	3.47	21.7	27.4	29.8	116.5	113.1	94.8
В3	Min.	30.21	30.70	31.43	7.56	6.95	6.55	7.42	6.75	6.59	8.05	8.05	8.06	2.4	2.0	2.1	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.6	28.1	109.0	104.0	78.0
	Max.	32.27	32.59	32.81	9.38	8.62	8.64	9.27	8.58	8.76	8.93	8.65	8.68	4.2	3.7	3.7	11.00	10.00	7.00	24.1	28.7	31.5	123.0	118.0	104.0
	Avg.	31.22	31.78	32.02	8.32	7.78	7.73	8.31	7.72	7.77	8.45	8.38	8.37	3.2	3.0	2.9	4.43	4.08	3.74	21.7	27.4	29.8	116.3	113.1	94.8
B4	Min.	30.10	30.78	31.31	7.30	6.87	6.58	7.60	6.86	6.65	8.08	8.09	8.12	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.2	24.5	28.2	110.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.30	32.61	32.66	9.54	8.66	8.52	9.24	8.49	8.89	8.91	8.69	8.68	4.2	3.8	3.9	11.00	10.00	8.00	23.9	28.7	31.3	123.0	118.0	103.0
	Avg.	31.22	31.77	32.05	8.22	7.81	7.74	8.25	7.77	7.74	8.43	8.39	8.37	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.41	4.64	3.96	21.6	27.3	29.7	116.5	113.0	94.8
C1A	Min.	30.11	30.62	31.41	7.25	6.78	6.50	7.54	6.75	6.62	8.09	8.05	8.10	2.3	1.8	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	110.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.31	32.60	32.88	9.56	8.61	8.77	9.52	8.64	8.71	8.94	8.69	8.64	4.1	3.6	3.7	9.00	9.00	8.00	23.9	28.7	31.4	123.0	118.0	104.0
	Avg.	31.22	31.79	32.02	8.25	7.83	7.70	8.28	7.76	7.77	8.45	8.38	8.38	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.49	4.62	4.06	21.7	27.3	29.8	116.6	113.1	94.5
C2A	Min.	30.14	30.81	31.25	7.28	6.76	6.52	7.22	6.89	6.57	8.06	8.06	8.12	2.4	1.8	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.7	28.1	110.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.30	32.63	32.85	9.41	8.62	8.76	9.07	8.62	8.84	8.92	8.66	8.68	4.1	3.7	3.6	9.00	10.00	8.00	23.9	28.6	31.3	123.0	118.0	103.0
	Avg.	31.19	31.81	32.00	8.31	7.78	7.72	8.27	7.81	7.70	8.46	8.39	8.38	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.40	4.55	3.75	21.6	27.3	29.7	116.6	113.2	95.2
CR1	Min.	30.15	30.84	31.35	7.46	6.93	6.72	7.31	6.89	6.58	8.05	8.10	8.01	2.4	1.9	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	109.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.23	32.62	32.77	9.57	8.60	8.87	9.46	8.69	8.57	8.94	8.68	8.66	4.1	3.7	3.5	10.00	13.00	8.00	23.9	28.9	31.5	124.0	118.0	103.0
~~ -	Avg.	31.21	31.78	32.01	8.27	7.82	7.72	8.31	7.93	7.76	8.43	8.39	8.37	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.48	4.28	3.66	21.6	27.3	29.7	116.6	113.1	95.1
CR2	Min.	30.10	30.55	31.30	7.25	6.86	6.57	7.34	6.83	6.75	8.11	8.05	8.07	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	109.0	103.0	76.0
	Max.	32.32	32.60	32.80	9.52	8.57	8.87	9.51	8.69	8.91	8.94	8.68	8.68	4.0	3.7	3.5	10.00	11.00	8.00	24.0	29.0	31.4	124.0	118.0	104.0
F1.4	Avg.	31.19	31.78	32.02	8.25	7.77	7.73	8.24	7.71	7.72	8.45	8.40	8.38	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.68	5.06	4.13	21.6	27.4	29.8	116.7	113.0	94.8
F1A	Min.	30.10	30.72	31.29	7.22	6.76	6.73	7.30	6.93	6.49	8.06	8.02	8.01	2.4	1.9	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.6	28.1	109.0	104.0	78.0
<u> </u>	Max.	32.32	32.63	32.84	9.45	8.70	8.91	9.12	8.42	8.86	8.86	8.68	8.65	4.0	3.7	3.6	10.00	12.00	9.00	23.9	28.7	31.3	124.0	118.0	103.0
174	Avg.	31.19	31.80	32.04	8.23	7.77	7.69	8.29	7.82	7.70	8.44	8.37	8.38	3.1	2.9	2.7	4.72	4.32	4.04	21.6	27.3	29.8	116.4	113.1	94.7
H1	Min.	30.10	30.70	31.34	7.27	6.91	6.55	7.54	6.94	6.65	8.06	8.05	8.06	2.3	1.8	1.9	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.4	28.1	109.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.28	32.63	32.80	9.55	8.66	8.88	9.53	8.67	8.85	8.94	8.68	8.67	4.1	3.7	3.6	11.00	11.00	9.00	24.1	28.6	31.3	124.0	119.0	103.0

Acuity Sustainability Consulting Limited

Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture

			Parameters																						
						Dissol	lved Oxy	gen (m	g/L)															(7)	
Salinity (ppt)		ot)	Surface & Middle			Bottom				pН		Turbidity (NTU)			Suspended Solids (mg/L)			Temp. (°C)			Total Alkalinity (mg/L)				
	cations	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun
	Avg.	31.21	31.80	32.00	8.26	7.80	7.72	8.25	7.79	7.72	8.45	8.39	8.38	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.42	4.67	3.99	21.6	27.3	29.7	116.7	113.0	95.2
M	Min.	30.16	30.73	31.21	7.31	6.85	6.57	7.38	6.85	6.56	8.11	8.04	8.06	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	109.0	104.0	77.0
	Max.	32.27	32.62	32.87	9.54	8.62	8.89	9.21	8.47	8.88	8.91	8.69	8.67	4.1	3.6	3.6	11.00	13.00	8.00	23.9	28.5	31.3	124.0	118.0	103.0
	Avg.	31.21	31.82	32.06	8.30	7.77	7.76	8.26	7.67	7.76	8.46	8.40	8.38	3.1	2.9	2.7	4.69	4.54	4.06	21.7	27.5	29.8	116.4	113.2	94.9
S	Min.	30.11	30.77	31.43	7.37	6.83	6.61	7.34	6.82	6.69	8.05	8.05	8.08	2.3	1.8	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	110.0	104.0	78.0
	Max.	32.19	32.63	32.77	9.22	8.63	8.86	9.61	8.43	8.84	8.91	8.68	8.60	4.2	3.7	3.7	11.00	15.00	9.00	24.1	29.0	31.3	124.0	118.0	104.0
	Avg.	31.20	31.80	32.02	8.25	7.77	7.73	8.30	7.76	7.72	8.44	8.40	8.38	3.1	2.8	2.7	4.56	4.91	4.14	21.7	27.4	29.8	116.5	113.1	95.0
S2A	Min.	30.13	30.70	31.28	7.30	6.86	6.82	7.30	6.84	6.73	8.08	8.09	8.06	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.6	28.1	109.0	104.0	78.0
	Max.	32.35	32.58	32.85	9.35	8.66	8.65	9.12	8.69	8.86	8.94	8.66	8.68	3.9	3.6	3.6	9.00	20.00	9.00	24.1	28.9	31.3	124.0	118.0	104.0
	Avg.	31.23	31.82	32.03	8.23	7.78	7.71	8.29	7.81	7.73	8.45	8.40	8.39	3.2	2.9	2.7	4.60	4.63	3.96	21.6	27.3	29.7	116.7	113.2	95.0
S	Min.	30.13	30.74	31.20	7.27	6.86	6.58	7.18	6.89	6.52	8.10	8.06	8.04	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.00	2.00	2.00	20.1	24.5	28.1	110.0	105.0	78.0
	Max.	32.23	32.57	32.77	9.31	8.57	8.74	9.38	8.60	8.90	8.93	8.67	8.64	4.1	3.8	3.9	10.00	17.00	8.00	24.0	28.9	31.4	124.0	118.0	103.0

Notes:

i. "Avg", "Min" and "Max" is the average, minimum and maximum respectively of the data from measurements conducted under mid-flood and mid-ebb tides at three water depths, except that of DO where the data for "Surface & Middle" and "Bottom" are calculated separately.

ii.

Total alkalinity test is only conducted on DCM working day with reference to master programme in **Appendix A**. Monitoring at S1, S2A and S3 shall only be conducted during DCM work period referring to master programme in **Appendix A**. iii.

- 2.4.2 All of the monitoring results for DO, turbidity, temperature and total alkalinity obtained in the reporting period complied with their corresponding Action and Limit levels, while numbers of result for SS triggered their corresponding Action or Limit Levels, and investigations were conducted accordingly. For the salinity, pH, DO, turbidity, temperature, SS and total alkalinity, their trends were fluctuated independent to the site activities and presented in **Appendix C**.
- 2.4.3 No major pollution source and extreme weather which might affect the results were observed during the impact monitoring.
- 2.4.4 During the regular DCM impact monitoring period for April to June 2020, two (2) exceedances of the Action Level for SS were recorded and one (1) of the monitoring results for SS obtained during the reporting period had exceeded the relevant Limit Level. Investigations were conducted, and results indicated the SS exceedances were not attributable to the Project works. Details of the exceedance are presented in **Section 8**.
- 2.4.5 Implemented mitigation measures minimizing the adverse impacts on water are listed in the implementation schedule given in **Appendix B**.

3. Noise Monitoring

- 3.1 Noise Monitoring Parameters
- 3.1.1 Impact noise monitoring was conducted weekly in the reporting period between 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays. Additional impact noise monitoring was conducted weekly in the reporting period between 1900-0700 hours on all days as well as public holidays and Sundays.
- 3.1.2 Construction noise level measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (LAeq). Leq 30min was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays. Leq 5mins was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 1900 and 0700 hours as well as public holidays and Sundays. **Table 3.1** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of the impact noise monitoring and additional impact noise monitoring.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Time, Frequency and Duration

Monitoring Station	Time	Duration	Parameters
	Day time: 0700-1900 hrs (during normal weekdays)	Once per week $L_{eq 5min}/L_{eq 30min} (average \\ of 6 consecutive L_{eq 5min})$	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀
M1/ N_S1, M2/ N_S2, M3/ N_S3	Evening time: 1900-2300 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week Leq 5min (3 sets of Leq 5min)	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀
	Night time: 2300-0700 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week $L_{eq 5min}$ (3 sets of $L_{eq 5min}$)	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀
	Day time: 0700-1900 hrs (during normal weekdays)	Once per week until further notification $L_{eq\;5min}/L_{eq\;30min} (average$ of 6 consecutive $L_{eq\;5min})$	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀
Alternative location (MA)	Evening time: 1900-2300 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week until further notification $L_{eq 5min}(3 \text{ sets of } L_{eq 5min})$	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀
	Night time: 2300-0700 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week until further notification $L_{eq 5min}$ (3 sets of $L_{eq 5min}$)	L _{eq} , L ₁₀ & L ₉₀

- 3.2 Noise Monitoring Locations
- 3.2.1 Three noise monitoring locations for impact monitoring and additional impact monitoring at the nearby sensitive receivers are shown in **Figure 3.1**

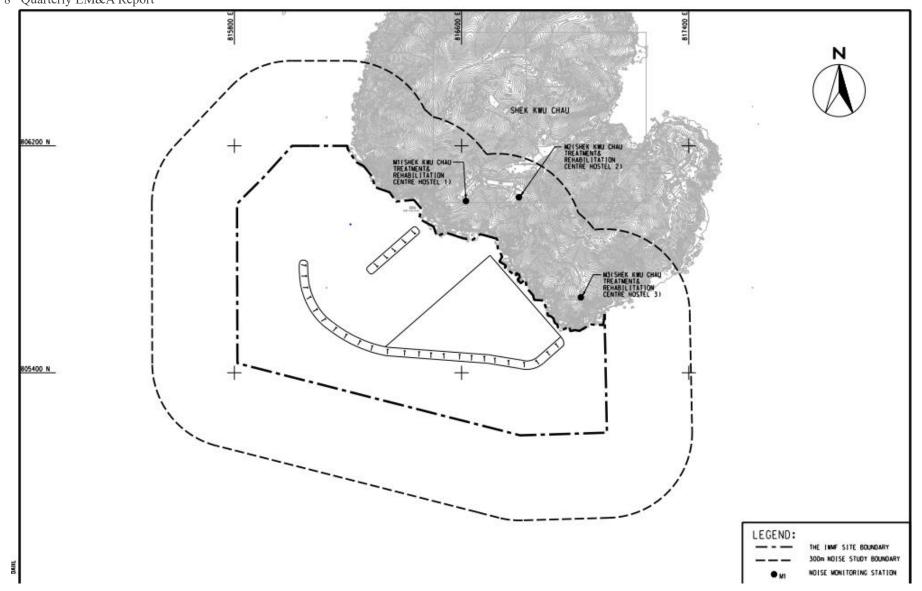


Figure 3.1 Noise monitoring locations at SKC

- 3.2.2 M1, M2 and M3 are Shek Kwu Chau Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1, 2 and 3 respectively of The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers (SARDA) located at southern part of Shek Kwu Chau.
- 3.2.3 Measurements at M1 & M3 were conducted at a point 1m from the exterior of the sensitive receivers building façade and at a position 1.2m above the ground. Measurement setup at M3 has been varying with minor adjustment to minimize the disturbance to the users of Treatment Centre. Measurement at M2 was conducted at a point 1m from building façade of the ceiling of 1st floor level for avoidance of mutual disturbance with users of Treatment Centre. The minor adjustment of monitoring locations, which were in favour to mutual convenience with the users of Treatment Centre, were found with no effect on monitoring result based on on-site observation and experience from the Baseline monitoring of the Project.
- 3.2.4 Based on the concern of novel coronavirus in Feb 2020, the Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers (SARDA) issued a notice on rejection of access for noise monitoring practice effective from 31 Jan 2020. Hence, the weekly noise monitoring at the selected noise sensitive receivers (M1, M2 & M3) as per the monitoring schedule were suspended from February 2020 to May 2020.
- 3.2.5 Considering the absence of noise sensitive receivers except SARDA in close proximity of the Project site. ET proposed and IEC agreed to perform the alternative noise monitoring at the farthest barge (MA) available "i.e. FTB-17 or equivalent barge subject to site condition" outside the site boundary with no construction works as shown in **Figure 3.2** below.
- 3.2.6 The noise monitoring stations are summarized in **Table 3.2** below.

NSR ID in Type of sensitive **Noise Monitoring Location** Measurement Station receiver(s) **EIA Report** Type Shek Kwu Chau Treatment M1* N_S1 Residential Façade Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1 Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & M2* N_S2 Residential Façade Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 2 Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & M3* N_S3 Residential Façade Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 3 The farthest barge outside the site MA boundary with no construction Free field works subject to site condition

Table 3.2 Noise Monitoring Location

Note (*): Temporary suspended due to denied access by SARDA from Feb 2020 to May 2020.

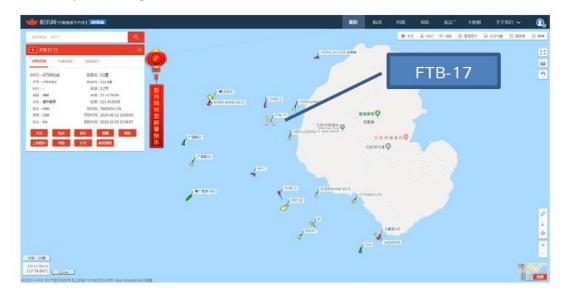


Figure 3.2 Proposed alternative noise monitoring location at barge FTB-17 at Shek Kwu Chau

- 3.3 Action and Limit Levels
- 3.3.1 The Action/Limit Levels in line with the criteria of Practice Note for Professional Persons (ProPECC PN 2/93) "Noise from Construction Activities Non-statutory Controls" and Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Process issued by HKSAR Environmental Protection Department ["EPD"] under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance, Cap 499, S.16 is presented in **Table 3.3.**

Table 3.3 Action and Limit Levels for Noise per Updated EM&A Manual

Time Period	Action	Limit (dB(A))
0700-1900 hrs on normal	When one documented	75 dD(A)
weekdays	complaint is received	75 dB(A)

Notes: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit (CNP) issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed.

- 3.4 Monitoring Results and Observations
- 3.4.1 Impact monitoring for noise impact for daytime was conducted in the reporting period. The impact noise levels at Noise Monitoring Stations at SKC (i.e. M1/ N_S1 to M3/ N_S3) and alternative monitoring location (i.e. MA) are summarized in **Table 3.5**. Additional impact monitoring during restricted hours was conducted in the reporting period. The additional impact noise levels at Noise Monitoring Stations at SKC (i.e. M1/ N_S1 to M3/ N_S3) and alternative monitoring location (i.e. MA) are summarized in **Table 3.6** and **Table 3.7** respectively. Trending of the noise monitoring results is presented graphically in **Appendix D**.
- 3.4.2 Major construction activity, major noise source and extreme weather which might affect the results were recorded during the impact monitoring.
- 3.4.3 According to our field observations, the major noise source identified at the designated noise monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in **Table 3.4**. No

noticeable noise source was found near the monitoring station M1, M2 & M3 and sound of sea waves was found near the monitoring station MA.

Table 3.4 Summary of Field Observation

Monitoring Station	Major Noise Source
M1	Nil
M2	Nil
M3	Nil
MA	Sound of sea waves

3.4.4 No data from impact monitoring during daytime has exceeded the stipulated limit level at 75 dB(A).

Table 3.5 Summary of Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Daytime (0700 – 1900 hrs)

	Noise in dB(A)													
Location	Ra	inge of Leq 30	min	Ra	ange of L _{10 51}	min	Ra	nge of L _{90 5n}	nin					
	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun					
3.41			57.2 –			62.1 –			54.1 –					
M1	-	-	67.4	-	-	70.6	-	-	63.0					
140			59.0 –			59.3 –			55.5 –					
M2	-	-	68.0	-	-	71.6	-	-	64.3					
142			59.4 –			64.0 -			55.6 -					
M3	-	-	70.2	-	-	74.8	-	-	67.7					
MA	64.9 –	68.8 –		67.2 –	71.1 –		61.4 –	65.5 –						
MA	70.8	71.2	-	73.6	73.2	-	64.6	68.1						

- 3.4.5 Applicable mitigation measures for construction works are fully implemented as shown in **Appendix B**, where double-glazed windows and air conditioning system were also installed and confirmed operable for the NSRs (N_S1, N_S2 & N_S3).
- 3.4.6 During the noise monitoring event, frontline staff of ET have inquired the treatment centre users on any noise disturbance from the construction activities at evening and night time, where no complaint and adverse opinions was received.
- 3.4.7 Data from impact monitoring during evening time and night time were compared with the NCO criteria. Where site inspection and auditing on Contractor's record have shown that the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit (CNP) issued by the Noise Control Authority for construction works during restricted hours were followed. No inappropriate practice were spotted during evening time and night time construction works, thus the stipulated requirement on noise impact control during night time and evening time was achieved.

Table 3.6 Summary of the Additional Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Evening
Time (1900-2300 hrs)

				N	oise in dB	(A)				
Location	Ra	inge of Leq	5min	Ra	nge of L ₁₀	5min	Range of L _{90 5min}			
	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun	
M1			55.2 –			57.5 –			52.3 –	
IVI I	_	-	61.7	-	1	68.5	-	-	58.9	
M2			55.7 –			58.2 -			51.1 –	
N12	_	_	61.9	_	-	67.0	_	_	58.4	
M2			54.5 –			58.1 –			51.3 –	
M3	_	-	62.8	-	-	67.6	-	-	58.0	
MA	59.0 –	58.3 –		60.0 –	64.5 –		52.3 –	56.1 –		
MA	64.8	68.0	_	67.7	71.7	-	61.6	64.7	-	

Table 3.7 Summary of Additional Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Night Time $(2300-0700\ hrs)$

		Noise in dB(A)													
Location	Ra	inge of Leq	5min	Ra	nge of L ₁₀	5min	Range of L ₉₀ 5min								
	Apr May Jun		Jun	Apr	May	Jun	Apr	May	Jun						
М1			54.3 –			58.4 –			51.5 –						
M1	_	_	60.4	-	-	66.8	-	-	57.9						
MO			52.1 –			57.0 -			47.1 –						
M2	_	_	65.0	-	-	69.0	-	-	62.2						
1.42			55.1 –			57.9 –			49.8 –						
M3	_	_	62.0	-	-	66.6	-	-	59.6						
3.4.4	57.7 –	59.3 –		59.0 –	64.6 –		56.2 –	57.5 –							
MA	59.9	66.2	_	60.9	71.1	_	58.7	64.3	-						

4. WASTE

- 4.1 The waste generated from this Project includes inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials, and non-inert C&D materials. Non-inert C&D materials are made up of general refuse, vegetative wastes and recyclable wastes such as plastics and paper/cardboard packaging waste. Steel materials generated from the project are also grouped into non-inert C&D materials as the materials were not disposed of with other inert C&D materials.
- 4.2 As advised by the Contractor, for C&D waste, no metals were generated and collected by registered recycling collector. 0 tonnes of paper was generated on site and collected by registered recycling collector. No plastic waste was collected by registered recycling collector. 0 L of chemical waste was collected by licensed chemical waste collector. 45.5 m³ of other types of wastes (e.g. general refuse) were generated on site and disposed of at Landfill. 60,411.5 m³ of fill sand and 62,859.5 m³ of fill rock were imported during the reporting period.
- 4.3 5,277.82 m³ of dredged sediment in bulk quantity was dumped according to its dumping permit (EP/MD/20-125) during the reporting period.
- 4.4 Chemical waste generated from the cleaning of oil stain and leakage on deck of barges was stored in the chemical waste storage area on the barges.
- 4.5 With reference to relevant handling records and trip tickets of this Project, the quantities of different types of waste generated in the reporting period are summarised in **Table 4.1**. Details of cumulative waste management data are presented as a waste flow table in **Appendix E**.

Table 4.1 Quantities of Waste Generated from the Project

		Actual Qu	antities of In	ert C&D Mat	erials Genera	ted Montl	hly		Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
	T 1	Hard Rock and Large	D 1:		D: 1	In	mported F	ill		D /	Di di			Others,		
Reporting Month	Total Quantity Generated	Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Sand	Public Fill	Rock	Metals	Paper / cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemical Waste		e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)		
	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	((in ,000m ³)			(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000m ³)		
Apr 2020	0	0	0	0	0	12.78	0	10.1825	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195		
May 2020	0	0	0	0	0	16.1138	0	24.374	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195		
Jun 2020	0	0	0	0	0	31.5177	0	28.303	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065		

Notes:

- 1. Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- 2. Plastic refer to plastic bottles / containers, plastic sheets / foam from packaging materials.
- 3. Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5 m³ by volume.
- 4.6 Although there is not much waste generation in the reporting period from the Project, the Contractor is reminded to sort and store any solid and liquid waste on-site properly prior to disposal.

5. CORAL

5.1 Coral Monitoring Parameters

- 5.1.1 Ten (10) tagged coral colonies at each site of suggested control site and indirect impact site are being monitored weekly for the first month and followed by monthly monitoring for three months. The selected Control Site is located at Yuen Kong Chau of Soko Islands about 7 km away from the project area. After the hitting of super typhoon Mangkhut in mid-September 2018, the coral re-tagging activities at indirect impact site and control site were conducted in November and December 2018 respectively. Tagged coral colonies at the proposed recipient site are being monitored quarterly for one year and the last post-translocation coral monitoring was completed on 28 Mar 2019. The selected recipient site R3 is located the opposite side of the Project area at about 2 km away.
- 5.1.2 Monitoring recorded the following parameters (using the same methodology adopted during the pre-translocation survey); the size, presence, health conditions (percentage of mortality/bleaching) and percentage of sediment of each trans-located coral colony. The general environmental conditions including weather, sea, and tidal conditions of survey sites were monitored.
- 5.1.3 Health status of coral was assessed by the following criteria:
 Hard coral: Percentage of surface area exhibiting partial mortality and blanched/bleached area of each coral colony and degree of sedimentation.

5.2 Coral Monitoring Locations

Location of the ten tagged coral colonies at each of the proposed indirect impact site, control site, the recipient site R3 and REA transect at proposed indirect impact site are shown in **Figure 5.1**, **Figure 5.2** and **Figure 5.3** respectively:

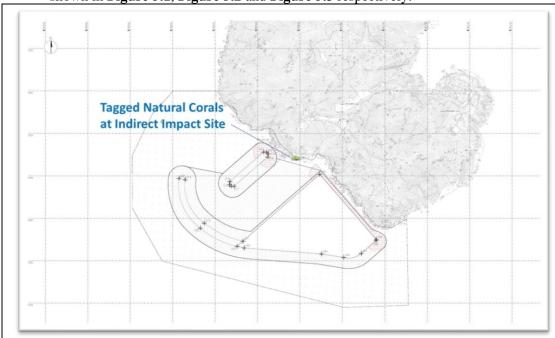


Figure 5.1 Tagged Natural Corals at Indirect Impact Site Near SKC for re-tagging after typhoon Mangkhut



Figure 5.2 Tagged Natural Corals at Control Site Near Yuen Kong Chau for retagging after typhoon Mangkhut



Figure 5.3 Tagged Translocation Corals at Recipient Site R3 near SKC

5.2.1 The GPS coordinates of the tagged coral colonies and retagged coral colonies at both indirect impact site, control site and recipient site R3 were shown in **Table 5.1**, **Table 5.2** and **Table 5.3** respectively.

Table 5.1 Tagged Natural Corals during Baseline and Re-tagged Natural Corals after Typhoon Manghkut at Control Site near Yuen Long Chau

Coral # note i	GPS	Coordinates
1	N22°09'45.96"	E113°54'57.81"
2R	N22°11'29.12"	E113°59'09.01"
3	N22°09'45.81"	E113°54'57.78"
4	N22°09'45.70"	E113°54'57.95"
5R	N22°11'29.10"	E113°59'09.18"
6	N22°09'45.75"	E113°54'58.02"
7R	N22°11'29.17"	E113°59'08.86"
7	N22°09'45.65"	E113°54'57.94"
8	N22°09'45.53"	E113°54'57.90"
9	N22°09'46.23"	E113°54'54.70"
10R	N22°11'29.18"	E113°59'08.91"

Notes:

Table 5.2 Re-tagged Natural Corals after Typhoon Manghkut at Indirect Impact Site near SKC

Coral # note i	GPS Coordinates						
11R	N22°11'29.14"	E113°59'08.92"					
12R	N22°11'29.12"	E113°59'09.01"					
13R	N22°11'29.11"	E113°59'09.07"					
14R	N22°11'29.13"	E113°59'09.12"					
15R	N22°11'29.10"	E113°59'09.18"					
16R	N22°11'29.07"	E113°59'09.23"					
17R	N22°11'29.17"	E113°59'08.86"					
18R	N22°11'29.14"	E113°59'08.94"					
19R	N22°11'29.20"	E113°59'08.81"					
20R	N22°11'29.18"	E113°59'08.91"					

Notes:

Table 5.3 GPS Coordinates of Recipient Site R3

Site	GPS Coordinates						
R3	N22°11'43.69"	E113°28.99"					

5.3 Action and Limit Levels

5.3.1 Monitoring result was reviewed and compared against the below Action Level and Limit Level (AL/LL) as set with the below **Table 5.4** and **Table 5.5**.

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #**R**.

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #**R**.

Table 5.4 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Phase Coral Monitoring

Parameter	Action Level	Limit Level
	If during Impact Monitoring	If during Impact Monitoring a
	a 15% increase in the	25% increase in the
	percentage of partial	percentage of partial
	mortality on the corals	mortality on the corals occurs
	occurs at more than 20% of	at more than 20% of the
Mortality	the tagged indirect impact	tagged indirect impact site
	site coral colonies that is not	coral colonies that is not
	recorded on the tagged	recorded on the tagged corals
	corals at the control site,	at the control site, then the
	then the Action Level is	Limit Level is exceeded.
	exceeded.	

Table 5.5 Action and Limit Levels for Post-Translocation Coral Monitoring

Parameter	Action Level	Limit Level
Mortality	If during Post-Translocation Monitoring a 15% increase in the percentage of partial mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the translocated coral colonies that is not recorded on the original corals in the recipient site, then the Action Level is exceeded.	If during Post-Translocation Monitoring a 25% increase in the percentage of partial mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the translocated coral colonies that is not recorded on the original corals in the recipient site, then the Limit Level is exceeded.

5.4 Monitoring Results and Observations

- 5.4.1 Ten (10) hard coral colonies were monitored at each site of Control and Indirect Impact sites as suggested in the Construction Phase Monitoring Plan. The general health conditions (size, mortality, bleaching and sediment) were recorded and summarized in **Table 5.7** and **Table 5.8**. Photos of each tagged coral colonies were taken during the monitoring activities and shown in **Appendix F.**
- 5.4.2 The 6th quarterly coral monitoring during construction phase at both Indirect Impact Site and Control Site was conducted on 26 Jun 2020 and the weather condition was summarized in **Table 5.6**.

Table 5.6 Weather Condition for the 6^{th} Quarterly Coral Monitoring during Construction Phase at both Indirect Impact Site and Control Site

Date	Condition	Average Underwater Visibility
26 Jun 2020	Southwest wind force 4Sunny period	Less than 0.5m

Table 5.7 Sizes, Condition, Mortality, Bleaching and Sediment of 10 Natural Coral Colonies at Control Site of 6th Quarterly Coral Monitoring (26 Jun 2020) during 22nd to 24th Months Construction Phase Monitoring

Coral #		Size (cm) – Max.	G W	Mortality (%)		Bleachir	ng (%)	Sediment (%)		
	Species	Diameter	Condition	Baseline (26 Jun 2018 & 3 Dec 2018)	26 Jun 2020	Baseline (26 Jun 2018 & 3 Dec 2018)	26 Jun 2020	Baseline (26 Jun 2018 & 3 Dec 2018)	26 Jun 2020	
1	Goniopora stutchburyi	25	Fair	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2R	Goniopora stutchburyi	10	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Psammocora superficialis	18	Fair	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Turbinaria peltata	13	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5R	Goniopora stutchburyi	18	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	Cyphastrea serailia	43	Fair	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7R	Coscinaraea sp.	15	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Goniopora stutchburyi	21	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	Goniopora stutchburyi	11	Fair	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10R	Goniopora stutchburyi	20	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Notes:

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as ##R.

Table 5.8 Sizes, Condition, Mortality, Bleaching and Sediment of 10 Natural Coral Colonies at Indirect Impact Site of 6th Quarterly Coral Monitoring (26 Jun 2020) during 22nd to 24th Months Construction Phase Monitoring

Coral #	Species	Size (cm) – Max.	Condition	Mortality (%)		Bleaching (%)		Sediment (%)	
		Diameter		Baseline (23 Nov 2018)	26 Jun 2020	Baseline (23 Nov 2018)	26 Jun 2020	Baseline (23 Nov 2018)	26 Jun 2020
11R	Cyphastrea serailia	48	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
12R	Favites chinensis	27	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
13R	Turbinaria peltata	21	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
14R	Favites chinensis	8	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
15R	Goniopora stutchburyi	11	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
16R	Psammocora superficialis	27	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
17R	Favites chinensis	15	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
18R	Psammocora superficialis	39	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
19R	Psammocora superficialis	42	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0
20R	Psammocora superficialis	29	Good	0	0	0	0	0	0

Notes:

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as ##R.

- 5.4.3 The re-tagging activity had been done at both Indirect Impact Site and Control Site on November 2018 and December 2018 respectively. A total of 20 tagged coral colonies (10 at control site and 10 at indirect impact site including the re-tagged coral colonies) were monitored. Similar to the baseline results performed in June, November and December 2018 and the results of the previous five quarterly coral monitoring during construction phase, the health condition of all tagged and re-tagged coral colonies at Indirect Impact Site and Control site were good in general. No increased mortality was recorded during the survey in June 2020.
- 5.4.4 No sediment, bleaching or increased mortality in the general condition of coral colonies were observed during the 6th quarterly coral monitoring period. No deterioration of the coral community was observed in the ecological monitoring results when compared with the baseline ecological monitoring results. There is no AL/LL exceedance during the monitoring period.

MARINE MAMMAL

6.1 Survey Methods

6.1.1 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey

For the vessel-based marine mammal surveys, the monitoring team adopted the standard line-transect method (Buckland et al. 2001) as same as that adopted during the EIA study and pre-construction phase monitoring to allow fair comparison of marine mammal monitoring results.

Eight transect lines are set at Southeast Lantau survey area, including Shek Kwu Chau, waters between Shek Kwu Chau and the Soko Islands, inshore waters of Lantau Island (e.g. Pui O Wan) as well as southwest corner of Cheung Chau as shown in Figure 6.1 below:

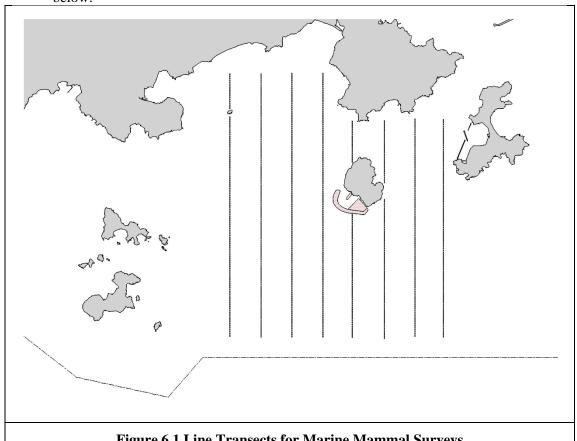
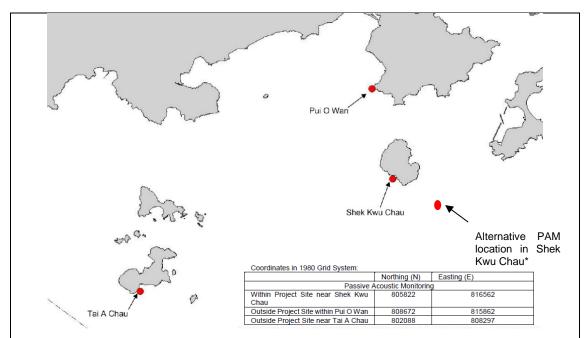


Figure 6.1 Line Transects for Marine Mammal Surveys

In comparison to the baseline monitoring results, results from the analyzed construction phase monitoring data would allow the detection of any changes of their usage of habitat, in response to the scheduled construction works.

6.1.2 Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM)

The PAM aims to study the usage of an area by Finless Porpoise by using an array of automated static porpoise detectors (e.g. C-POD) which would be deployed at different locations to detect the unique ultra-high frequency sounds produced by Finless Porpoise. During the construction period, the PAM survey will be conducted including placement of two passive porpoise detectors outside the Project Area as control site (i.e. within Pui O Wan and to the south of Tai A Chau) and one porpoise detector within the Project Area (i.e. near Shek Kwu Chau) as shown in **Figure 6.2** below.



Note*: The alternative PAM device adjacent to the Project site was deployed from 5 Mar to 11 Apr 2019, which contained a full 37 days acoustic monitoring data set. After the confirmation of loss of the original PAM within the Project site, this data set was proposed to replace that of the original one, as consulted with AFCD accordingly.

Figure 6.2 Locations of Passive Acoustic Monitoring

These three detectors will be deployed on-site to carry out 24-hours monitoring for a period listed as **Table 6.1** below during the construction phase.

Table 6.1 PAM Deployment Period

Season	Months	Deployment Period
Peak Season	December, January, February,	At least 30 days during the peak
	March, April or May	months of porpoise occurrence
	-	in South Lantau waters

- 6.1.2.1 The automated static porpoise detectors shall detect the presence and number of finless porpoise and Chinese White Dolphins respectively over the deployment period, with the false signal such as boat sonar and sediment transport noise distinguished and filtered out. The detectors shall be deployed and retrieved by professional dive team on the seabed of the three selected location shown in **Figure 6.2**. During each deployment, the C-POD unit serial numbers as well as the time and date of deployments shall be recorded. Information including the GPS positions and water depth at each of the deployment locations shall also be obtained.
- 6.1.2.2 The diel patterns (i.e. 24-hour activity pattern) of finless porpoise occurrence among the three sites at Shek Kwu Chau, Tai A Chau and Pui O Wan shall be analyzed. Peaks and troughs of finless porpoise occurrence per hour of day would be identified and compared with the results obtained from pre-construction monitoring.
- 6.1.3 Land-based Theodolite Tracking

The Land-based Theodolite Tracking study would use the same station as in the AFCD monitoring study(same as the baseline monitoring location), which is situated

at the southwest side of Shek Kwu Chau (GPS position: 22°11.47' N and 113°59.33' E) as shown in below **Figure 6.3**. The station was selected based on its height above sea level (at least 20 metres), close proximity to shore, and relatively unobstructed views of the entire Project Area to the southwest of Shek Kwu Chau. The height of the Shek Kwu Chau Station established by the HKCRP team is 74.6 m high at mean low water, and only a few hundred metres to the IWMF reclamation site, which is ideal for the purpose for the present behavioural and movement monitoring of finless porpoises as well during construction phase considering there as an un-obstructed vantage point at a height above the Project Site.

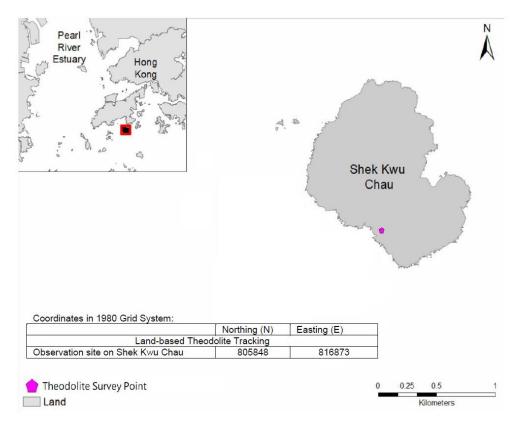


Figure 6.3 Locations of Land-based Theodolite Tracking

6.1.3.1 During the construction phase, Land-based Theodolite Tracking will be carried out for approximately six hours of tracking for each day of field work for a period listed as **Table 6.2** below, preferably at the initial stage of the construction period (i.e. December 2018 to May 2019).

Table 6.2 Land-based Theodolite Tracking Survey Period

Season	Months	Survey Period
Peak Season	December, January, February,	30 days during the peak months
	March, April or May	of porpoise occurrence in South
		Lantau waters

6.1.3.2 The monitoring period for land-based theodolite tracking will be proposed to be overlapped with the PAM. The monitoring team consists of one experienced theodolite operator and at least two field observers for assistance. To conduct theodolite tracking, the observers will search systematically for Finless Porpoise using the unaided eye and 7 x 50 handheld binoculars on each survey day throughout the study area. When an individual or group of porpoises is located, a theodolite tracking session will be initiated and focal follow methods will be used to track the

porpoise(s). Behavioural state data (i.e. resting, milling, travelling, feeding and socializing) shall also be recorded every 5 minutes for the focal individual or group. Positions of porpoises and boats shall be measured using a digital theodolite connected to a laptop computer. This tracking survey will be conducted during the peak season between December 2018 and May 2019 for 30 surveys spanning across 15-16 weeks during the peak season to provide good temporal coverage during the initial stage of the construction period.

6.2 Specific Mitigation Measures

6.2.1 Monitored exclusion zones

During the installation/re-installation/relocation process of floating type silt curtains, in order to avoid the accidental entrance and entrapment of marine mammals within the silt curtains, a monitored exclusion zone of 250 m radius from silt curtain should be implemented and monitored by competent Marine Mammal Observers (MMOs). Marine Mammal Exclusion Zone (MMEZ) would also be implemented for precautionary purpose for DCM works.

6.2.2 Marine mammal watching plan

Upon the completion of silt curtain installation/re-installation/relocation, marine mammal watching plan would be implemented to observe the presence of any marine mammal around the localized silt curtain or being trapped by the localized silt curtain.

6.3 Results and Observations

6.3.1 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey

6.3.1.1 Five monthly surveys were conducted during the reporting period. As this is covering designated peak season (December – May) and non-peak season (June – November), two survey were completed in April and May 2020 separately while one survey was completed in June 2020. A total on effort (transects only) survey length of 202.6 km was completed, 167.1 km at Beaufort Sea State 2 or better (**Table 6.3**). Twenty sightings were recorded during the reporting period (**Table 6.4**).

Table 6.3 Summa	rv of	Vessel	-based	Line-transe	ct Survey	Effort
-----------------	-------	--------	--------	-------------	-----------	---------------

Date	Area*	Beaufort	Effort (km)	Season	Vessel	Effort Type**	
16 Apr 2020	SEL	1	30.0	SPRING	SMRUHK	P	
10 / Apr 2020	SEE	2	10.8	DI KING	SWIROTH	1	
		1	1.8				
28 4 mm 2020	SEL	2	3.0	SPRING	SMRUHK	P	
28 Apr 2020	SEL	3	13.5	SPRING			
		4	22.0				
16 May 2020	SEL	1	29.7	CDDING	CMDIHIIZ	ח	
16 May 2020		2	10.9	SPRING	SMRUHK	P	
27 Mars 2020	CEI	1	40.5	CDDING	CMDIHIIZ	D	
27 May 2020	SEL	2	0.7	SPRING	SMRUHK	P	
		0	1.1				
29 Jun 2020	SEL	1	36.8	SUMMER	SMRUHK	P	
		2	1.8				

^{*} As shown in **Figure. 6.1**

^{**} P (from AFCD) denotes the ON EFFORT survey on the transect line, not the adjoining passages

Table 6.4 Sightings recorded during Apr to Jun 2020 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey

Date	Species	Sighting No.	Time	Group Size	PSD	Behaviour	Lat.	Long.	Area	Effort	Season
	Finless Porpoise	51	10:31	2	50	Travelling	22.1737	1144.0027	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	52	10:40	5	77	Travelling	22.1806	114.0033	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	53	11:12	1	N/A	Unknown	22.1937	113.9962	SEL	OPP	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	54	11:15	1	72	Unknown	22.1851	113.9935	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	55	11:22	5	15	Surface Active	22.1817	113.9937	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	56	11:46	6	0	Multiple	22.1753	113.9835	SEL	ON	SPRING
16 Apr	Finless Porpoise	57	12:31	4	10	Unknown	22.1860	113.9733	SEL	ON	SPRING
2020	Finless Porpoise	58	12:34	1	79	Unknown	22.1788	113.9735	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	59	12:47	9	132	Surface Active	22.1751	113.9635	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	60	12:57	5	72	Surface Active	22.1841	113.9637	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	61	13:41	3	N/A	Travelling	22.1863	113.9536	SEL	OPP	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	62	13:50	1	79	Travelling	22.1830	113.9536	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	63	14:04	11	79	Surface Active	22.1744	113.9446	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	64	14:20	5	48	Others	22.1837	113.9443	SEL	ON	SPRING
28 Apr 2020	Finless Porpoise	65	10:14	5	0	Travelling	22.1768	114.0123	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	66	10:42	2	106	Unknown	22.18491	113.9440	SEL	ON	SPRING
27 May	Finless Porpoise	67	11:11	2	90	Travelling	22.19779	113.9541	SEL	ON	SPRING
2020	Finless Porpoise	68	11:24	2	27	Travelling	22.18595	113.9542	SEL	ON	SPRING
	Finless Porpoise	69	13:26	2	154	Others	22.17851	114.003	SEL	ON	SPRING
29 June 2020	Chinese White Dolphin	70	10:56	1	146	Feeding	22.2134	113.9638	SEL	ON	SUMMER

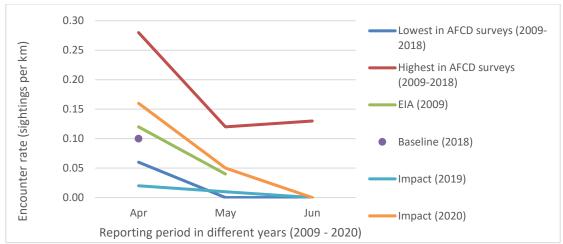


Figure 6.4 Plot of encounter rate during April to June in 2009 – 2020 from different surveys

- 6.3.1.2 A review of the long term AFCD marine mammal monitoring programme, the EIA and the pre-construction baseline monitoring report for this project was conducted. Both the EIA and the pre-construction baseline monitoring were conducted during the peak porpoise months Dec 2008 to May 2009 and Feb to April 2018, respectively. The AFCD long term monitoring data, EIA data, baseline monitoring in 2018 and impact monitoring in 2019 should be compared directly to Impact Survey results of the reporting periods.
- 6.3.1.3 A review of the Beaufort Sea state survey conditions between 2009 and 2018 (only data available from AFCD at time of writing; (AFCD 2018; 2017; 2016; 2015; 2014; 2013; 2012; 2011; 2010)) shows that survey conditions in April to June 2020 were within the % limits of previous AFCD surveys, similar to impact monitoring surveys conducted in 2019.
- 6.3.1.4 A review of all the porpoise sightings in the survey area for April to June between 2009-2018 indicates that there is more sightings usually recorded in April to June. Given the similar survey conditions and the encounter rate recorded for porpoise in the project area during the reporting period, the encounter rate for April to June 2020 was 0.16, 0.05, 0.00 km⁻¹ respectively (see **Figure 6.4**), it is noted that the encounter rate of impact survey is similar when compared to other years. It is noted that the reporting period was covering peak and non-peak season and that works at IWMF are increasing, both which may impact encounter rates. It is also noted that the impact survey focuses on a relatively small populations of highly mobile individuals and the survey area conducted for this monitoring is very small. For April to June 2020, as was similar to the case in 2019 impact monitoring conducted by ET and the encounter rates of impact surveys were lying within the range of encounter rate in AFCD surveys.
- 6.3.1.5 Data and records of the implemented mitigation measures, including construction vessel routing and speed control, marine mammal watching plan and avoidance of noisy work during the peak season, are collected form the Contractor and now under detail review. As surveys continue for this project, data shall be constantly reevaluated across survey months to discern trends and impacts, if any.
- 6.3.2 PAM and Land-based Theodolite Tracking
- 6.3.2.1 30 days of PAM surveys were started at 1 May 2019 and completed until the end of May 2019. Multiple PAM systems were deployed at three sites. The PAM system

located at the IWMF was lost, however, an alternative data set has been identified. The PAM systems at the two control sites Tai A Chau and Pui O were recovered on 3 August 2019. A summary of marine mammal detections shows that porpoise were recorded every day of deployment at each site, but at varying frequencies. The detailed theodolite result was presented in 17th Monthly EM&A report (November 2019) while detailed PAM result was presented in 18th Monthly EM&A report (December 2019).

- 6.3.2.2 For the baseline study, the DPM for each site was 11,160 (Shek Kwu Chau), 16,089 (Tai A Chau) and 3645 (Pui O Wan), totalling 30,894 DPM across all three sites, compared to DPMs of 4740 (Shek Kwu Chau), 7725 (Tai A Chau) and 23,986 (Pui O Wan), totalling 36,451 DPM, for the impact phase study. As the impact phase study was longer than the baseline study, it is not appropriate to directly compare total counts of DPM, however, the DPM rate (the average number of detections per day) for each site can be more directly compared. During the baseline study, Shek Kwu Chau averaged 338.2 DPM per day compared to 124.8 DPM per day, during the impact phase study. This showed a decrease in the daily average of porpoise detection at Shek Kwu Chau. During the baseline study, Tai A Chau averaged 487.6 DPM per day compared to 179.7 DPM per day, during the impact phase study. This showed a decrease in the daily average of porpoise detection at Tai A Chau. During the baseline study, Pui O Wan averaged 98.5 DPM per day compared to 557.8 DPM per day, during the impact phase study. This showed a significant increase in the daily average of porpoise detections at Pui O Wan (Table 6.5).
- 6.3.2.3 Overall, the PAM study showed that porpoise continue to consistently utilise the Shek Kwu Chau habitat immediately adjacent to the IWMF construction activities, although to a lesser degree than that prior to construction activities. In addition, the Pui O Wan site, which is 2.5 km away from the IWMF construction area, was also consistently utilised during the impact phase PAM study. A continued assessment of fine scale habitat use, particularly through PAM which yields large quantities of data, would allow a more comprehensive assessment of the EIA predictions.

Table 6.5 Summary Statistic Comparison of Baseline (2018) and Impact Phase (2019)
Passive Acoustic Monitoring

			Baseline data						
Site	Unit ID	Start	End	Days	DPD % Days	Total DPM	DPM /Day	% False Positive DPM	Time Lost %
Shek Kwu Chau	2891	2018/02/09	2018/03/13	32.11	100	11160	338.2	0.0	1.00
Tai A Chau	2868	2018/02/09	2018/03/13	32.5	100	16089	487.6	1.0	2.00
Pui O Wan	2891	2018/03/13	2018/04/17	34.85	97.3	3645	98.5	2.0	31.87
Total				99.01		30894	312.0		
			Impact Phase						
Site	Unit ID	Start	End	Days	DPD % Days	Total DPM	DPM /Day	% False Positive DPM	Time Lost %
Shek Kwu Chau	IWMF_BU_20190305_01	2019/03/05	2019/04/11	37.91	100	4740	124.8	0.0	0
Tai A Chau	IWMF_20190411_02	2019/04/11	2019/05/23	41.94	100	7725	179.7	0.0	0
Pui O Wan	IWMF_20190411_01	2019/04/11	2019/05/23	42.02	100	23986	557.8	0.0	0
Total				121.9		36451	299.1		

6.3.2.4 Theodolite surveys were completed in May 2019. In total, thirty four days of theodolite tracking were completed between February - May 2019, comprising 167 hours and 49 minutes of observation. No Chinese white dolphin was observed and only one finless was recorded. The finless porpoise encounter rate was calculated as 0.006 finless porpoise per hour, in all weather conditions.

- 6.3.2.5 A total of 2620 vessels of ten different types were observed and tracked within or in the proximity of the IWMF construction site. These comprised fishing boats (236), speed boats (29), container boats (155), government boats (22), high speed ferries (53), others (13) and IWMF-Related construction platforms (974), tug boats(240), transportation boats (363), construction boats (531 and approximately 8 buoys were present marking the site boundary. The detailed Land-based Theodolite Tracking Report was presented in 5th Quarterly EM&A report and 17th Monthly EM&A report.
- 6.3.2.6 The baseline theodolite tracking was conducted immediately prior to and during the site preparation activities of the site. The baseline data records a decrease in porpoise sightings as site preparation activities commenced and notes that the decrease was most likely due to the onset of site preparation activities. The impact theodolite tracking conducted for this study records a marked increase in the number of Project related vessels and platforms and, in agreement with baseline conclusions, shows a concomitant decrease in finless porpoise sightings.
- 6.3.2.7 Photo records of the marine mammal monitoring taken during the reporting period are presented in **Appendix G**.
- 6.3.3 Specific Mitigation Measures
- 6.3.3.1 Silt curtains were deployed for sand blanket laying works and DCM during the reporting period. At least two MMO were on duty for continuous monitoring of the Marine Mammal Exclusion Zone (MMEZ) for DCM works and installation/reinstallation/relocation process of silt curtains, and the marine mammal trapping checking and silt curtains inspection in accordance with the Detailed Monitoring Programme of Finless Porpoise and Marine Mammal Watching Plan respectively. Trainings for the MMO were provided by the ET prior to the aforementioned works, with a cumulative total of 98 individuals being trained and the training records kept by the ET. From the Marine Mammal Watching observation records and MMEZ monitoring log records, no Finless Porpoise or other marine mammals were observed within or around the MMEZ and silt curtains in the reporting month.

7. WHITE-BELLIED SEA EAGLE

7.1 WBSE Monitoring Parameters

- 7.1.1 The objective of the construction phase monitoring should be to verify the utilisation of the area by WBSE, their responses to construction disturbance, as well as the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures. Throughout the construction phase, field surveys should be conducted twice per month during their core breeding season (from December to May), and once per month outside their core breeding season (from June to November). The monitoring frequency should be increased to weekly during the incubation period of each year. In order to confirm their foraging ground near the construction site, it is necessary to conduct daily monitoring during the first week of nestling period in each year.
- 7.1.2 Since the location of the WBSE nest was located at the southwest of SKC within the hillside shrubland, it is impossible to observe the eggs during incubation period. Therefore, monitoring with increased frequency during incubation period could not be carried out. Daily monitoring will be carried out once any chick is recorded during the monitoring day.

7.2 Results and Observations

7.2.1 Five monitoring for monthly construction phase were conducted during the reporting period. Since there is no landing point along the western part of SKC, boat survey was used for the monitoring survey. In order to increase the chance of finding the WBSEs, monitoring survey was carried out either early in the morning or later in the afternoon. The weather conditions of monitoring survey were shown in **Table 7.1**.

Condition Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C) Date East wind force 4 17 April 2020 28 Sunny Southwest wind force 4 to 5 29 30 April 2020 Sunny South wind force 3 to 4 29 15 May 2020 Sunny Southwest wind force 3 29 May 2020 30 Sunny South wind force 4 26 June 2020 31 Sunny

Table 7.1 Weather Conditions during the WBSE Monitoring (Monthly)

- 7.2.2 Two WBSE adults were recorded near SKC island during the survey in April, May and June 2020. No abnormal behaviour of the adults were recorded during the reporting period.
- 7.2.3 Since the incubation period was finished in March 2020, the monthly construction phase monitoring was resumed in April, May and June 2020 in order to monitor the incubation period, utilization of the area by WBSE and their responses to construction disturbance. The nest will be inspected daily during the first week of nesting period when the chick was recorded according to the updated EM&A Manual.
- 7.2.4 No disturbances from anthropogenic activities on the island were recorded during the monitoring surveys. However, fishing boats moving close to the shore were recorded. Since the nest is about 160m away from the shore and it is not accessible, fishing boat activities did not show any direct disturbance to the WBSE nest.

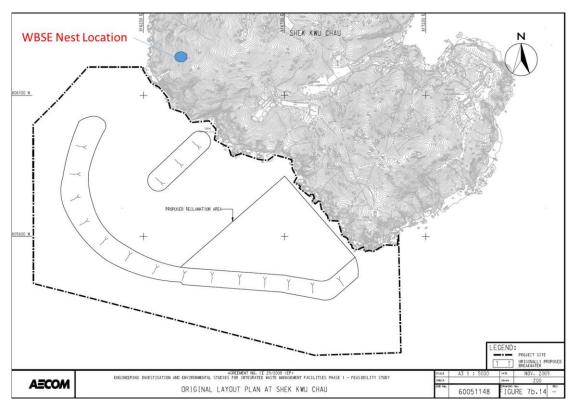


Figure 7.1 Location of WBSE Nest on SKC

- 7.2.5 No invasion of other fauna species was recorded and no sign of using the construction site as a foraging ground was recorded as well.
- 7.2.6 During the reporting period, no abnormal behaviour of the recorded adults was shown. All marine works during 22nd to 24th month construction period (i.e. April 2020 to June 2020) did not show any influence on the WBSE.
- 7.2.7 Photo records of the WBSE taken during the reporting period are presented in **Appendix H**.

8. SUMMARY OF MONITORING EXCEEDANCE, COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTIONS

- 8.1 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of the regular construction noise, coral and WBSE monitoring was recorded during the reporting period.
- 8.2 For general & regular DCM water monitoring, two (2) of the water quality monitoring results for Suspended Solid (SS) recorded during the reporting period had exceeded the relevant Action Level and one (1) of them had exceeded the relevant Limit Level. None of the water quality monitoring results for SS reported had exceeded the Action and Limit Level during April 2020, two (2) & one (1) of the water quality monitoring results for SS reported had exceeded the Action & Limit Level during May 2020 respectively and none of the water quality monitoring results for SS reported had exceeded the Action & Limit Level during June 2020.
- 8.3 Investigations carried out immediately for each of the exceedance cases during the reporting period had shown that these exceedances were unrelated to the Project, however, environmental deficiencies of the Contractor on the implementation of silt curtain deployment system were spotted.
- 8.4 Further investigation was made with the Contractor on the silt curtain design and checking procedure as stated in the deposited Silt Curtain Deployment Plan. Rectification actions regarding to the improper implementation of silt curtain system shall be carried out immediately.
- 8.5 The Contractor has been reminded that all measures recommended in the deposited Silt Curtain Deployment Plan shall be fully and properly implemented for the Project as per Clause 2.6A of the FEP.
- 8.6 No notification of summons and prosecution was received in the reporting period.
- 8.7 Statistics on complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are summarized in **Appendix I**.

9. EM&A SITE INSPECTION

- 9.1 Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures under the Contract. Site inspections were carried out at the Site Portions 1, 1A & 1B during the reporting period. Portions 1, 1A & 1B were the sites near SKC within the Site boundary.
- 9.2 Joint site inspection with IEC was carried out on a monthly basis.
- 9.3 Minor deficiencies were observed during weekly site inspection. Key observations during the site inspections are summarized below:
- Site tidiness were not maintained properly
- Prevention actions for oil/chemical spillage were not carried out properly
- Chemical waste was not stored properly
- Good housekeeping practice were not well-maintained
- Soil was accumulated on the edge of the barge
- General rubbish should only be disposed of designated area
- Dark smoke was observed from the exhaust of engine
- 9.4 The Contractor had rectified all of the observations identified during environmental site inspections in the reporting period.
- 9.5 According to the EIA Study Report, Environmental Permit, contract documents and Updated EM&A Manual, the mitigation measures detailed in the documents, except the silt curtain system, are implemented as much as practical during the reporting period. An updated Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS) is provided in **Appendix B**.

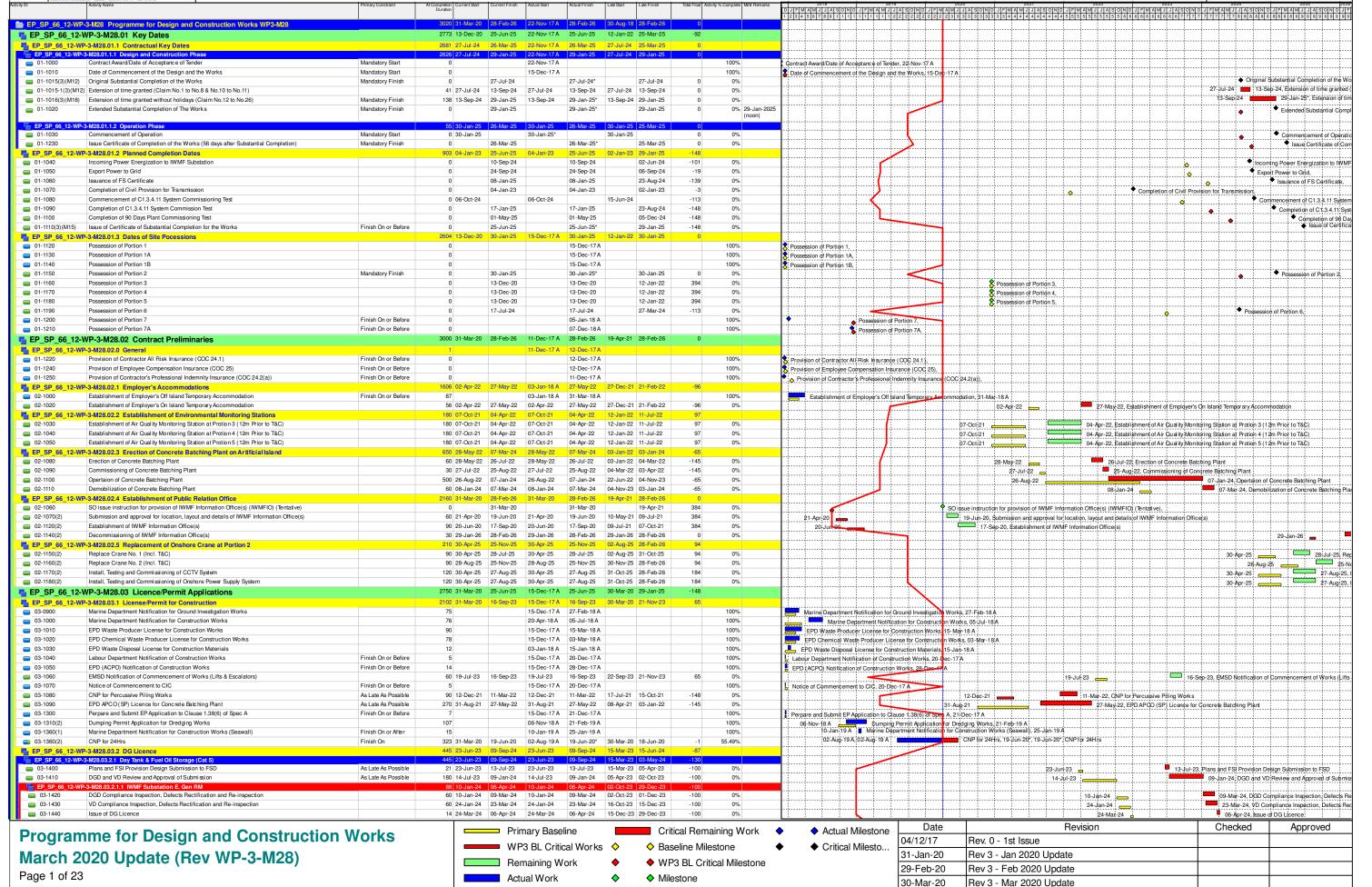
10. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 10.1 This 8th Quarterly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report summarizes the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 April 2020 to 30 June 2020 in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP-429/2012/A and FEP-01/429/2012/A.
- 10.2 Construction noise, water quality, construction waste, coral, marine mammal and White-Bellied Sea Eagle (WBSE) monitoring were carried out in the reporting period. No project-related exceedance of the Action and Limit Level was recorded during the reporting period, however, environmental deficiencies of the Contractor on the implementation of silt curtain deployment system were spotted.
- 10.3 Weekly environmental site inspections were conducted during the reporting period. Environmental deficiencies were observed during site inspection and were rectified.
- 10.4 According to the environmental site inspections performed in the reporting period, the Contractor was reminded to pay attention on on-site housekeeping, and the proper storage of the chemicals and construction waste.
- 10.5 According to the field observation by MMO during the reporting period, temporary silt plume floating was observed at close proximity of the outside of silt curtains, moving out from the sand laying working area. The Contractor has ceased the malpractice and no silt plume was observed at the working area within 30 minutes upon discovery. The Contractor is reminded to ensure the proper implementation of mitigation measures as specified in the Updated EM&A Manual and Silt Curtain Deployment Plan.
- 10.6 Regarding to the deployment of silt curtains as a principal water quality impact mitigation measures on various marine works, the Contractor has been reminded to follow strictly to the design and checking procedure as specified in the Silt Curtain Deployment Plan. The Contractor has been reminded to pay extra attention on the status of deployed silt curtain. The Contractor is reminded that all measures recommended in the deposited silt curtain deployment plan shall be fully and properly implemented for the Project as per EP condition 2.6 of the FEP.
- 10.7 As dredging works was conducted in the reporting month, the Contractor had been reminded to follow strictly to the design and checking procedure as specified in the Silt Curtain Deployment Plan for the dredging works. The Contractor had been reminded to follow the regulation on rate and means for dredging works as stipulated in FEP Clause 2.17 – 2.21 or the approved Supporting Document for Reviewing Dredging Rate and Filling Rate, whichever is applicable. The Contractor is reminded to follow Dumping At Sea Ordinance (DASO) for the storage, handling and disposal of dredged materials.
- 10.8 No environmental complaint was received in the reporting period.
- 10.9 No notification of summons or prosecution was received since commencement of the Contract.
- 10.10 The ET will keep track on the construction works to confirm compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures.

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix A	Master Programme	

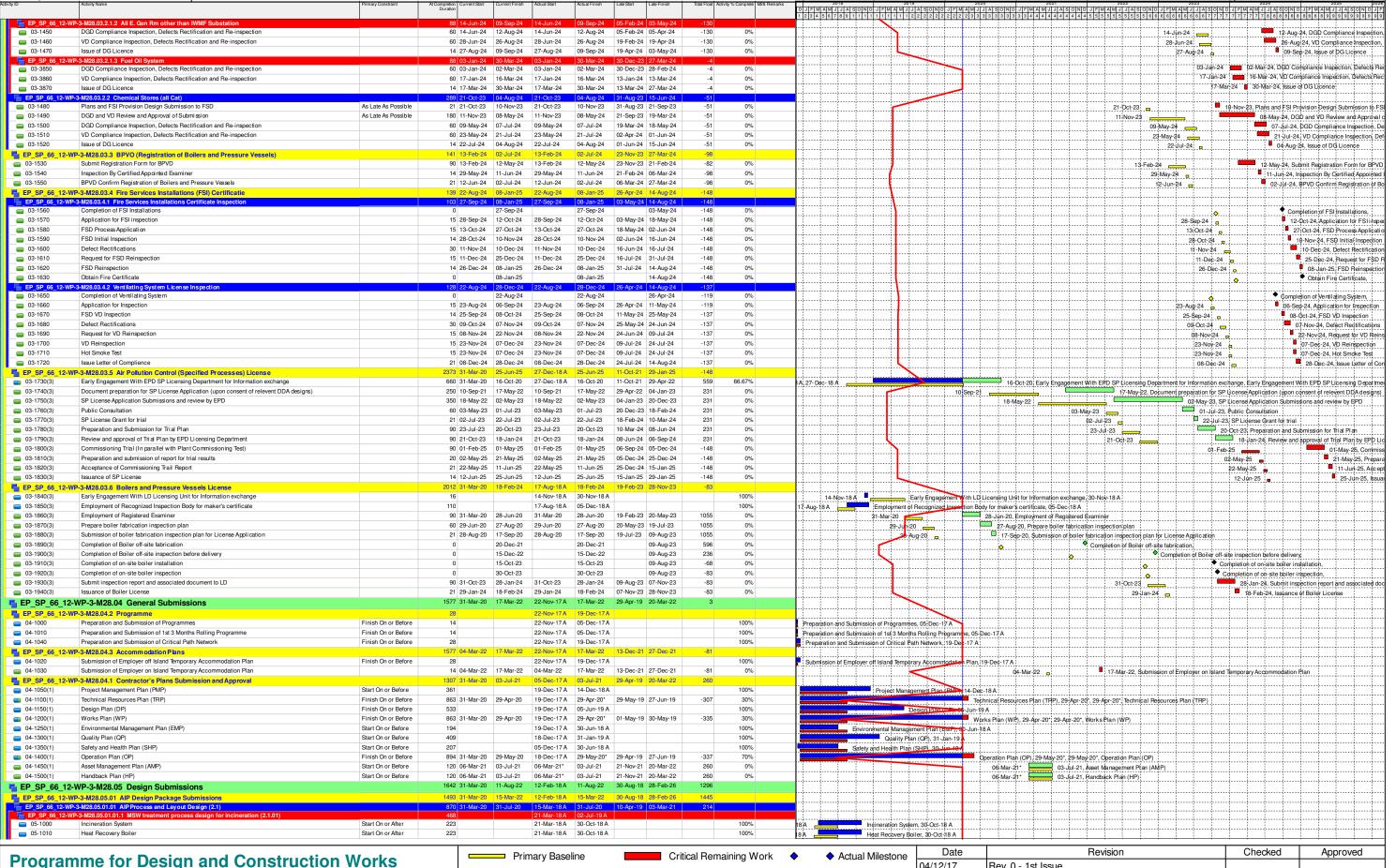














WP3 BL Critical Works ♦
Remaining Work ♦
Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

◆ Baseline Milestone

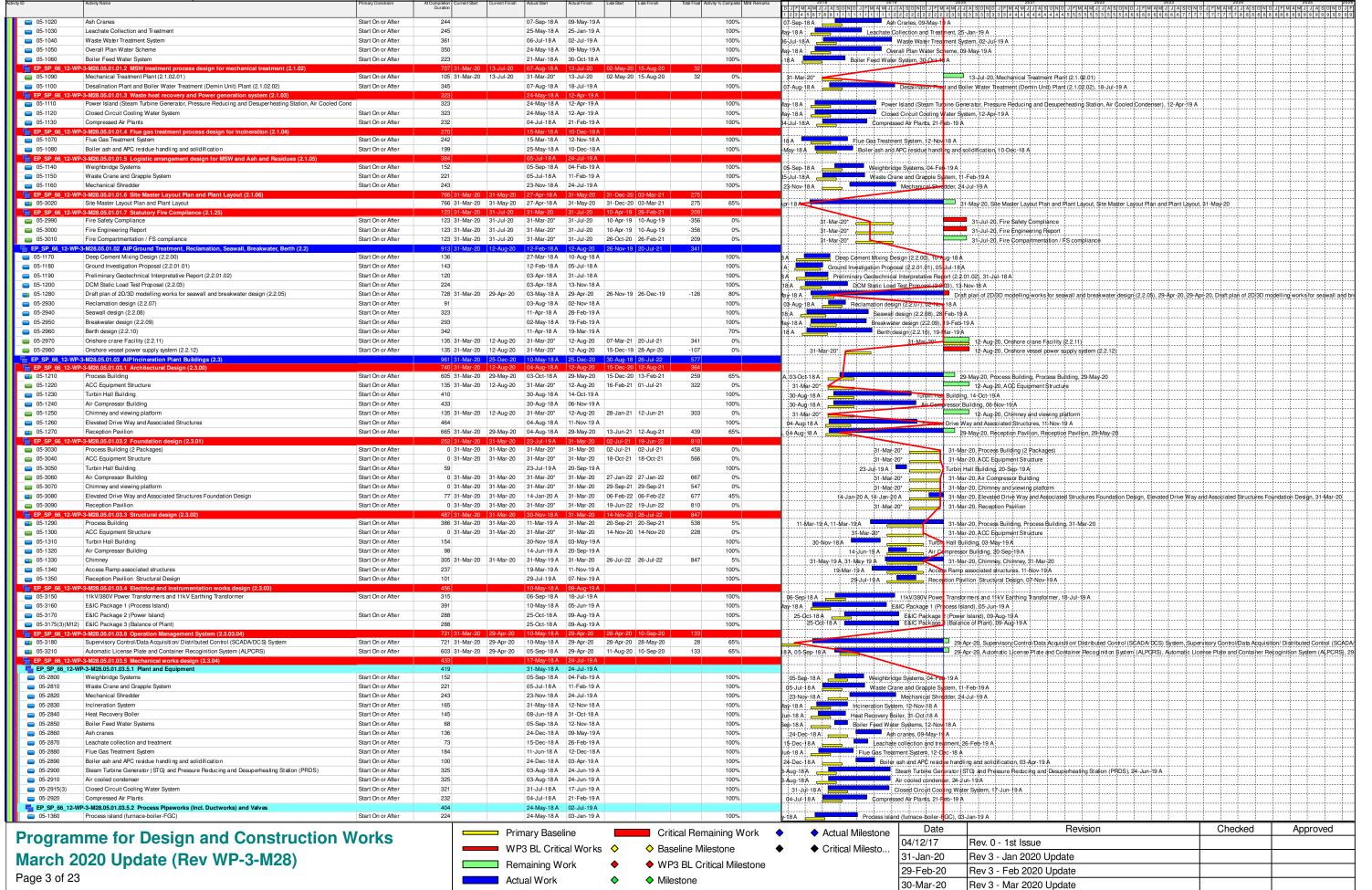
◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

◆ Milestone

◆ Actual Milestone
◆ Critical Milesto...

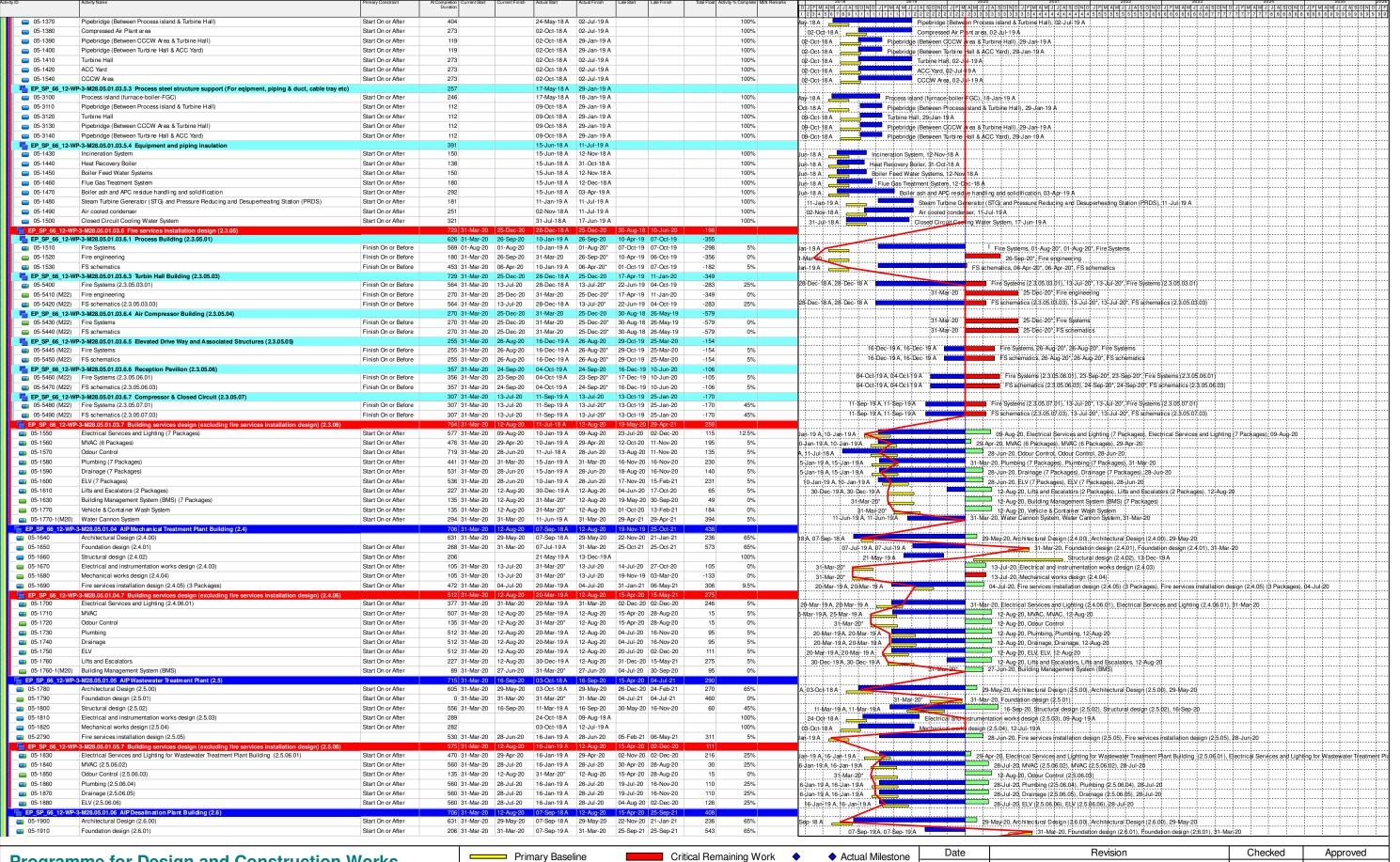












Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 4 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works ♦

Remaining Work

Actual Work

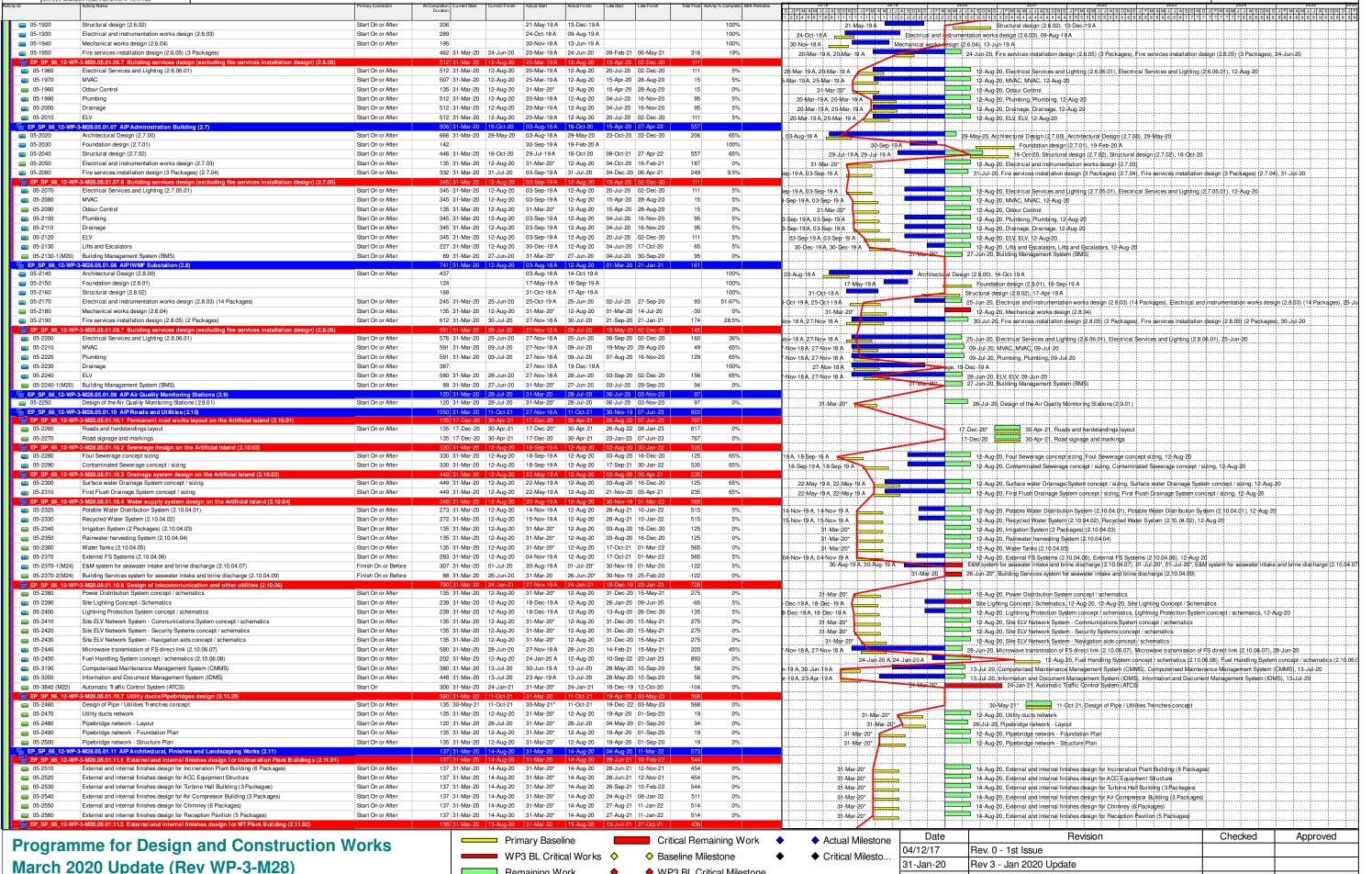
Actual Milestone
 Critical Milesto...



Page 5 of 23

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1





◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

Milestone

29-Feb-20

30-Mar-20

Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update

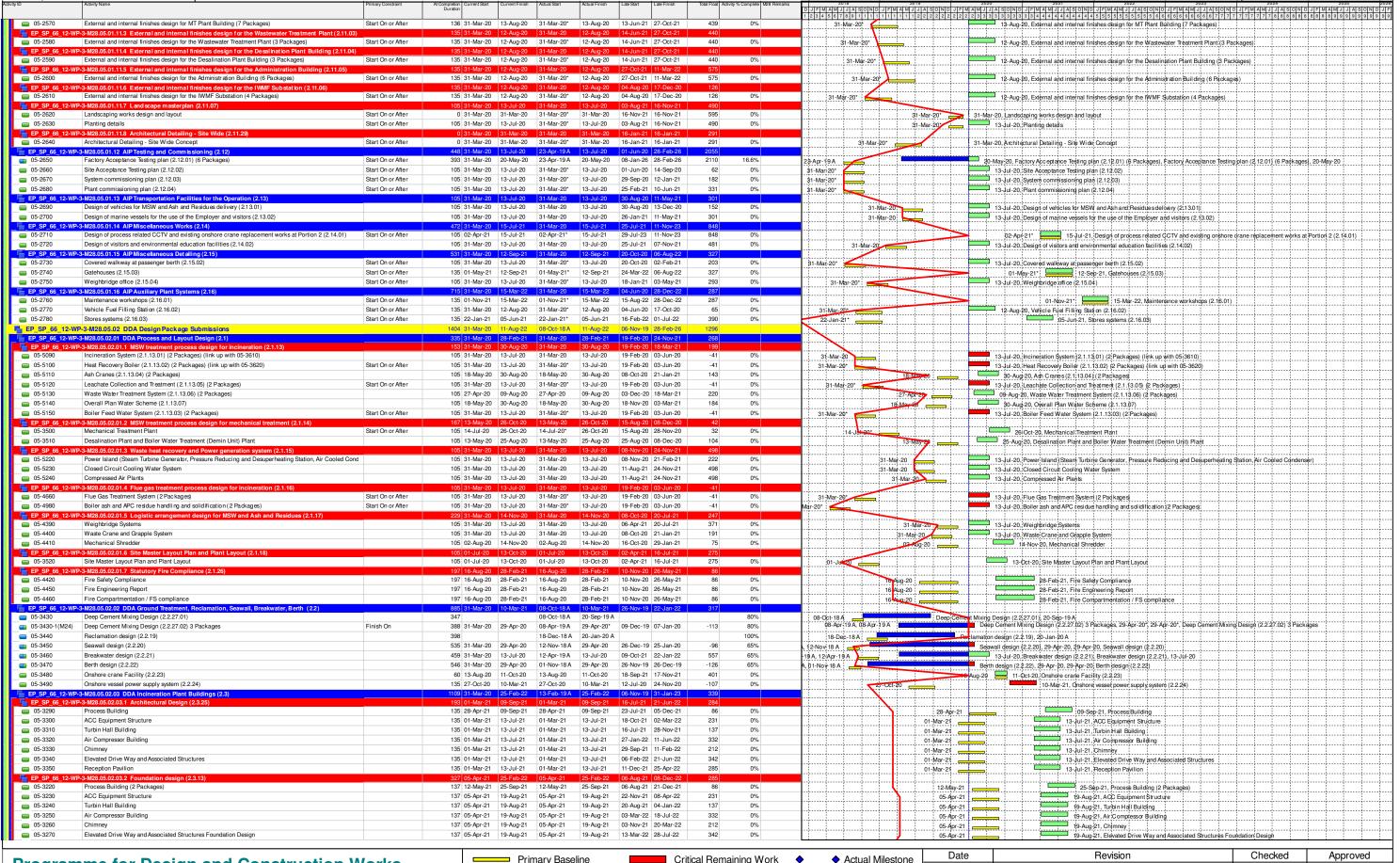
Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update

Remaining Work

Actual Work







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 6 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

◆ Baseline Milestone

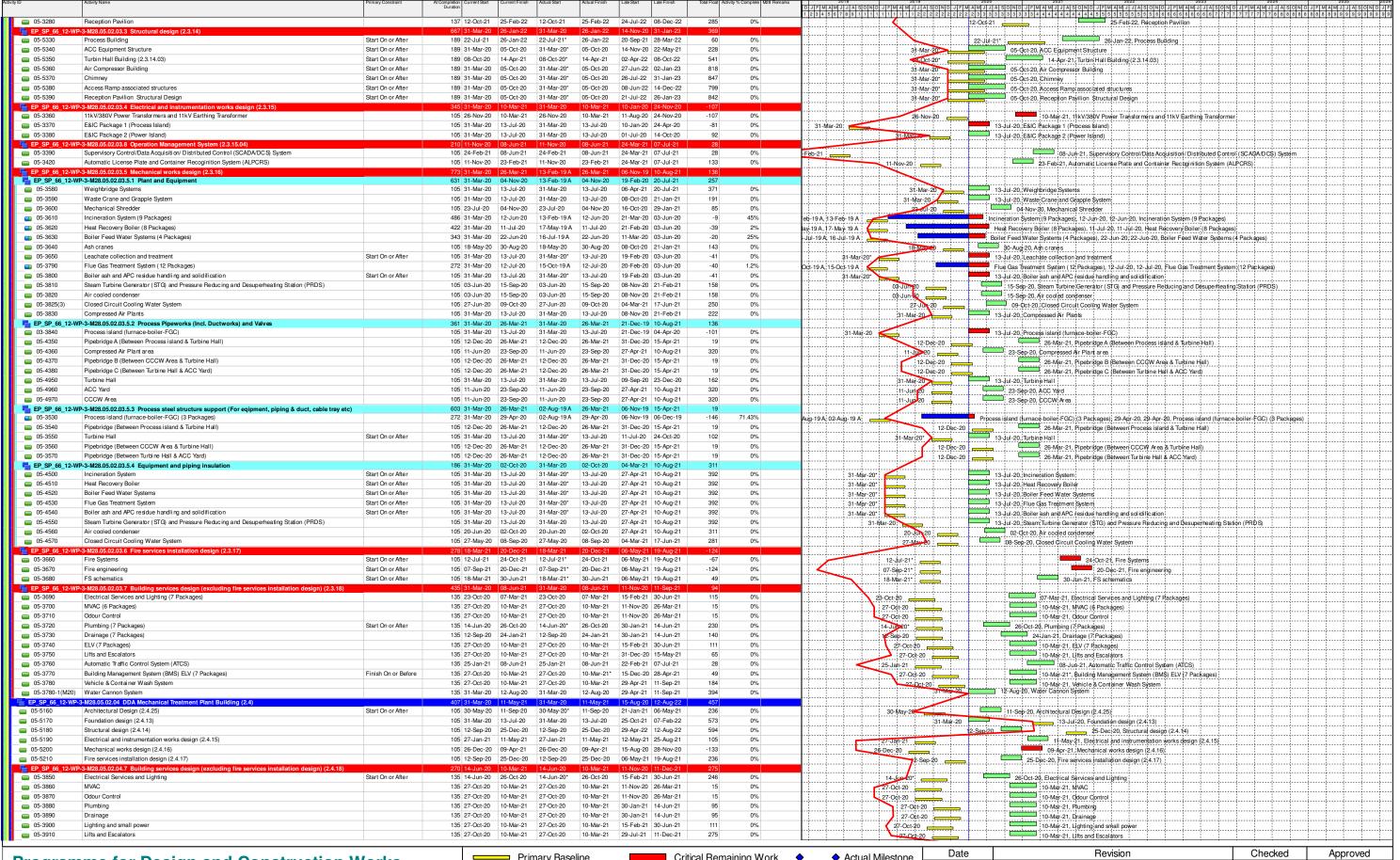
◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

◆ Milestone

◆ Critical Milesto...







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 7 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Baseline Milestone

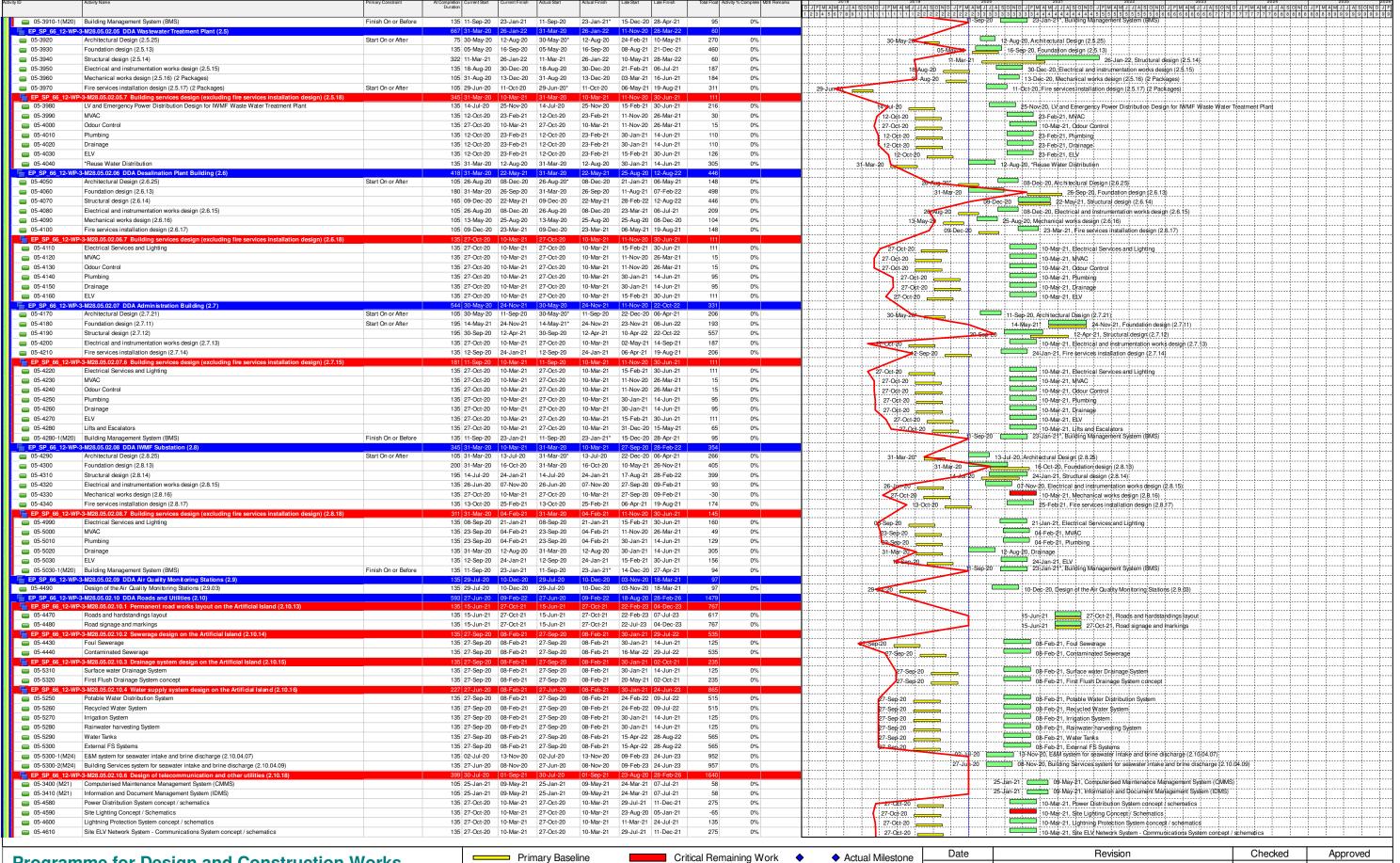
WP3 BL Critical Milestone

Milestone

◆ Actual Milestone
◆ Critical Milesto...







Programme for Design and Construction Works March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 8 of 23

■ WP3 BL Critical Works ♦ Remaining Work Actual Work

♦ Baseline Milestone ◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone Milestone

04/12/17 ◆ Critical Milesto.. 31-Jan-20 29-Feb-20

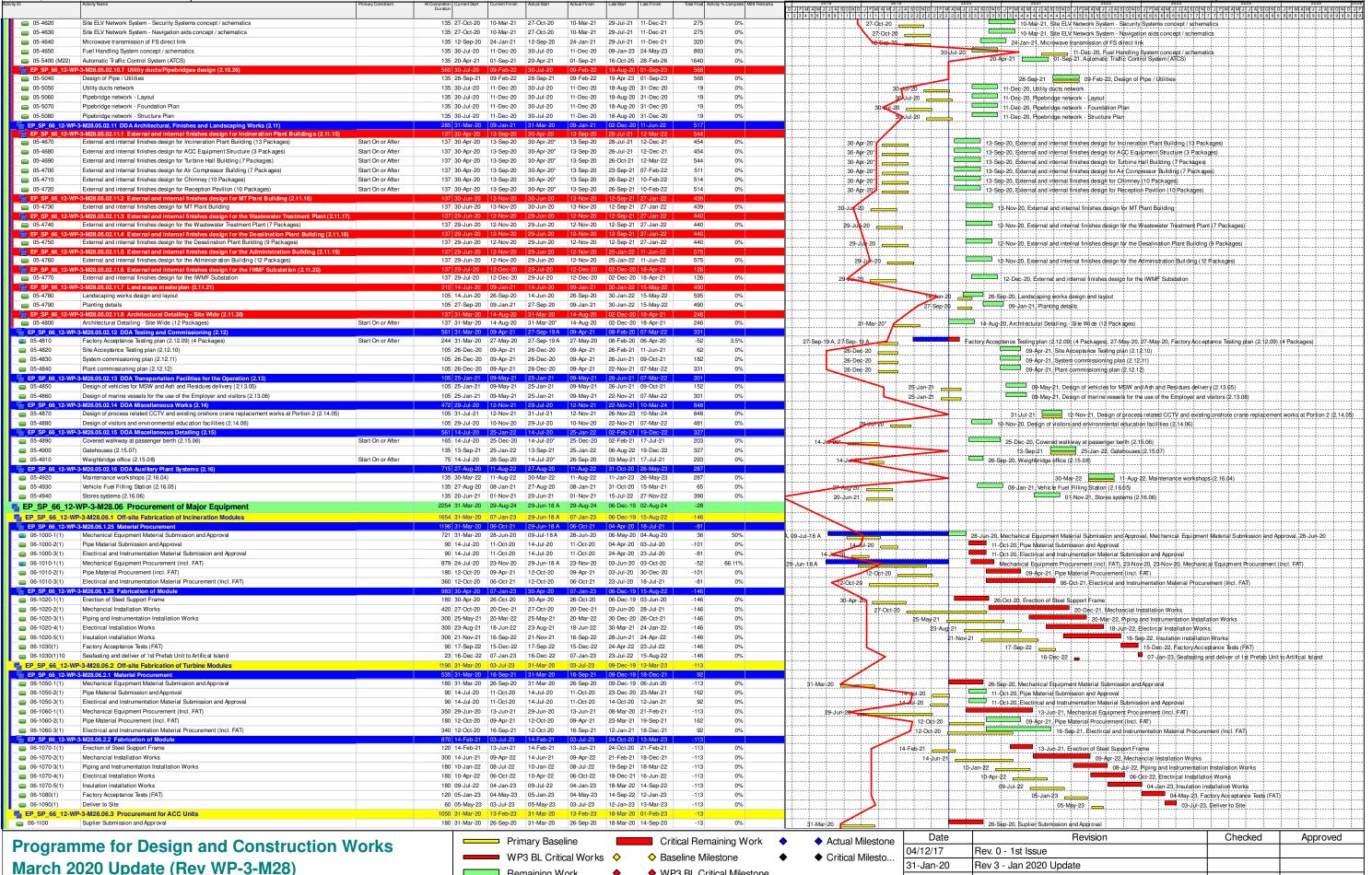
Rev. 0 - 1st Issue Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update 30-Mar-20



Page 9 of 23

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1





◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

Milestone

29-Feb-20

30-Mar-20

Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update

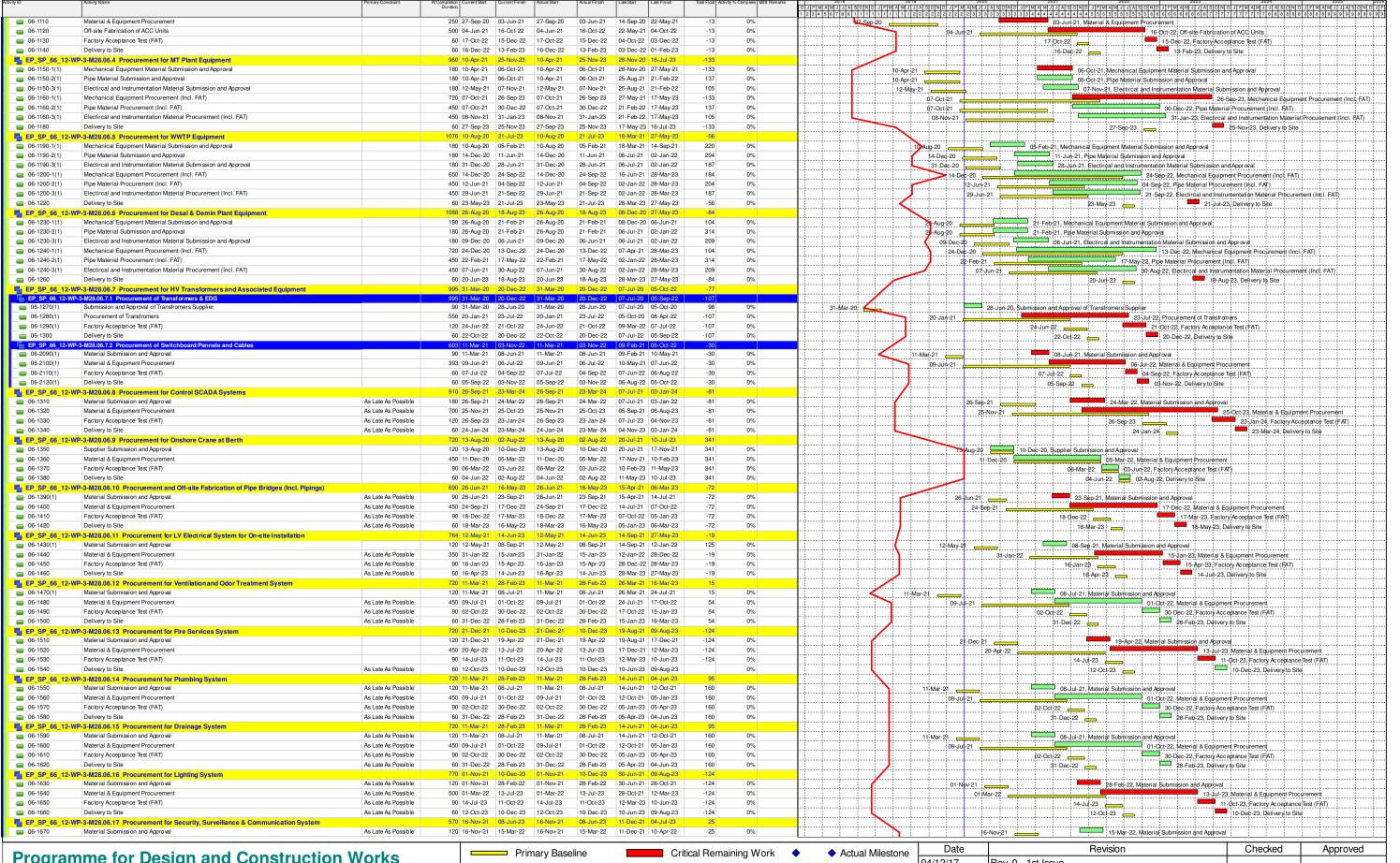
Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update

Remaining Work

Actual Work

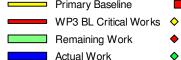


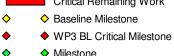




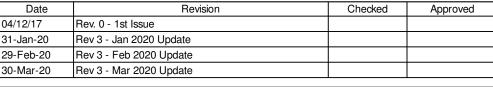
Programme for Design and Construction Works March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3 Page 10 of 23





◆ Critical Milesto..





March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 11 of 23

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

31-Jan-20

29-Feb-20

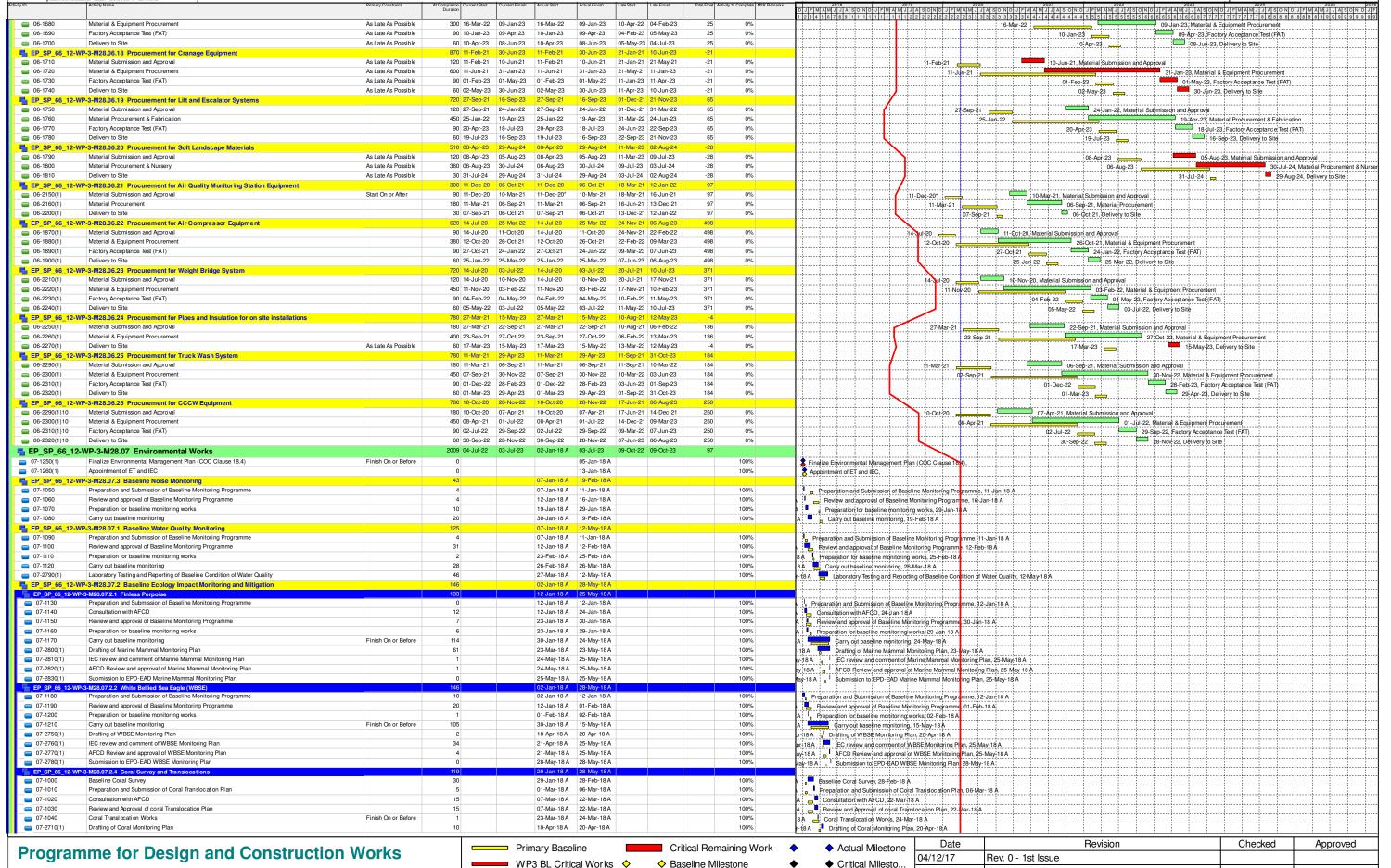
30-Mar-20

Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update

Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update

Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update





◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

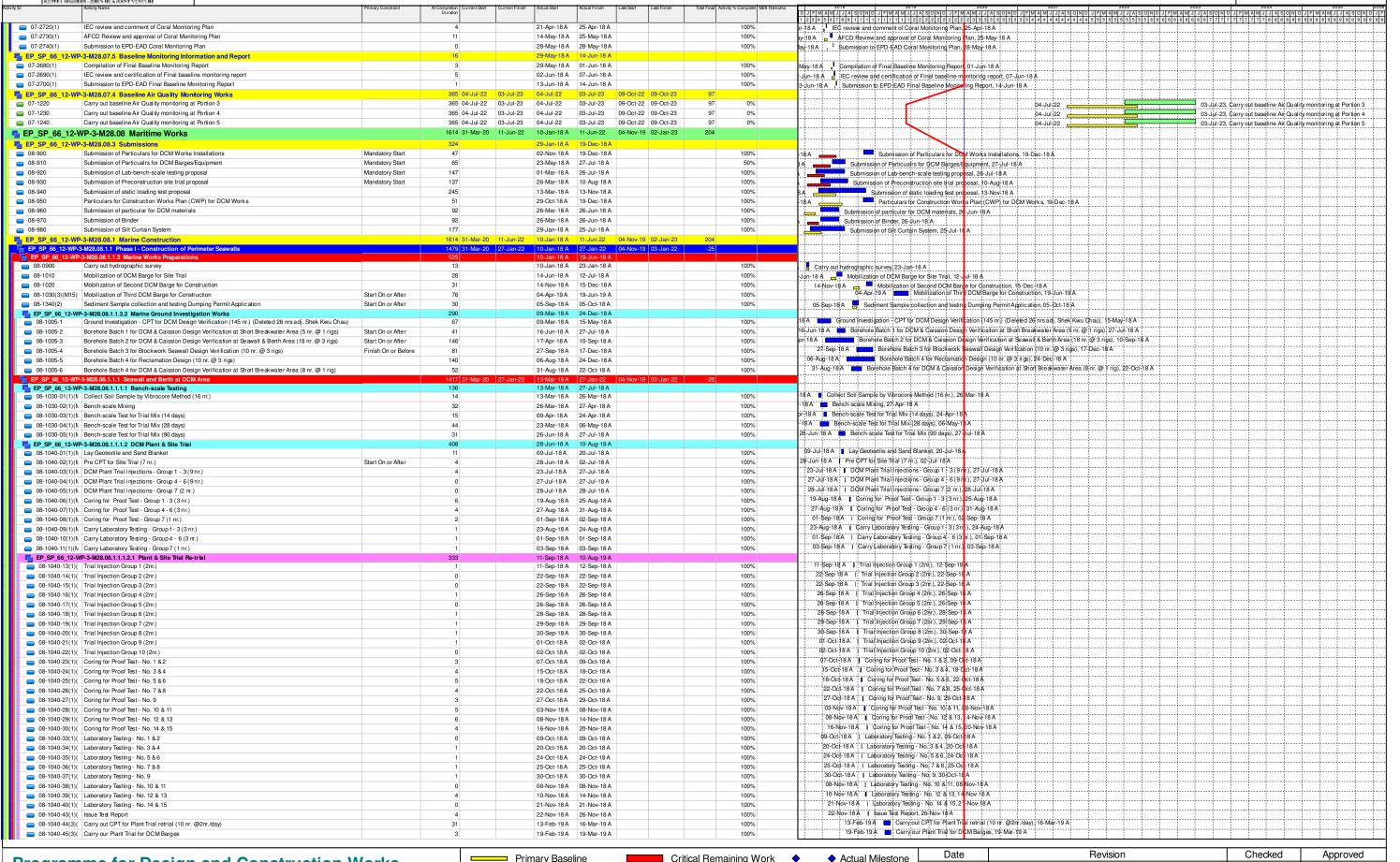
Milestone

Remaining Work

Actual Work



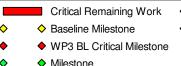


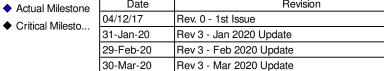


Programme for Design and Construction Works March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 12 of 23

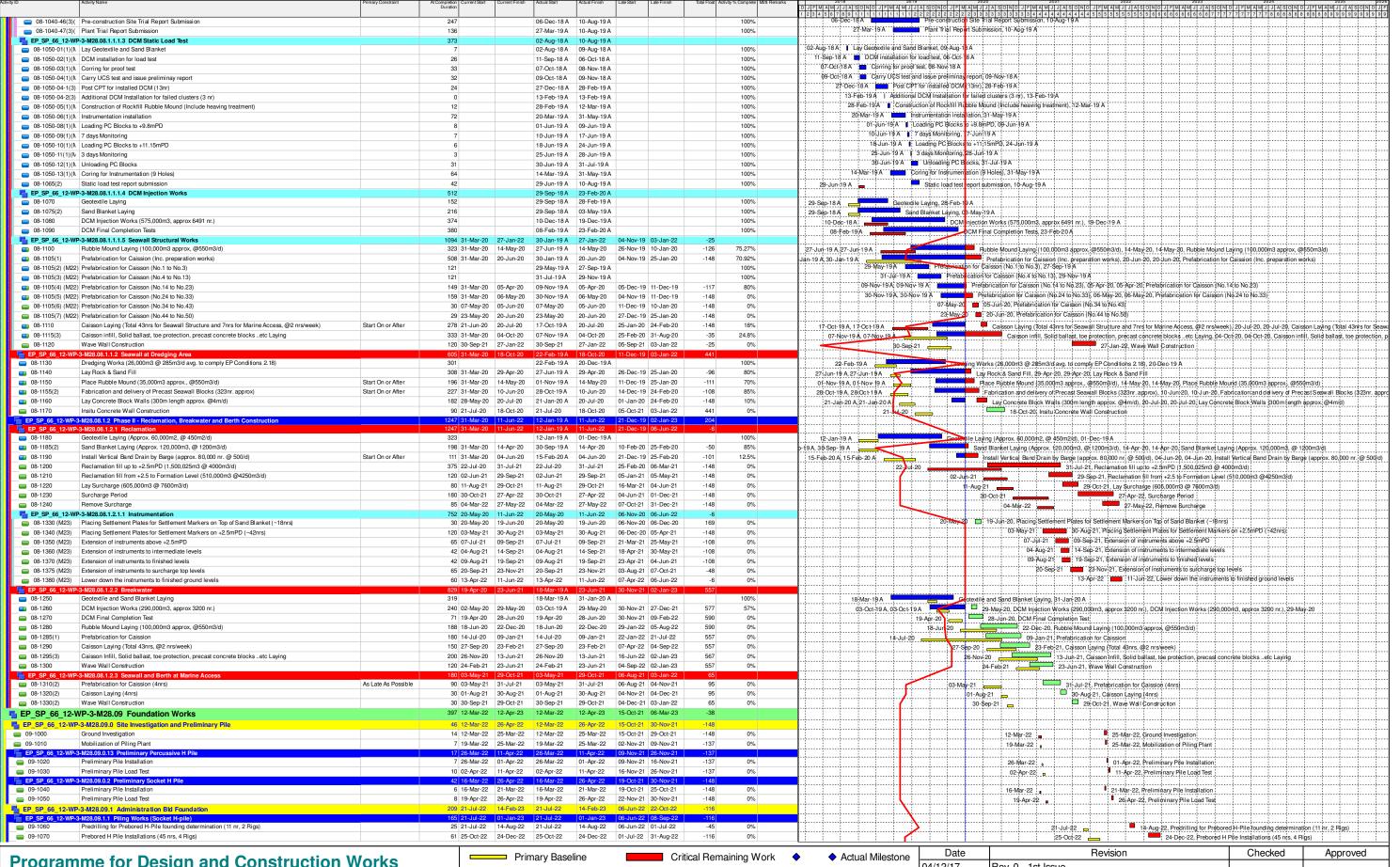
Primary Ba	aseline
WP3 BL C	ritical Work
Remaining	Work
Actual Wo	rk







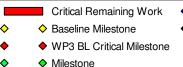




Programme for Design and Construction Works March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 13 of 23

	Primary Baseline	
	WP3 BL Critical Works	\Q
	Remaining Work	•
	Actual Work	\Q





I	Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
ľ	04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
ľ	31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
ľ	29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
ľ	30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		
ľ				





	Primary Constraint	At Completion Current Start Current Finish Actual Start Duration	Actual Finish Late Start Late Finish	Total Float Activity % Complete M28 Remarks	2018 20 D J F M A M J J J A I SIO N D J F M A M J	JIJ A SIOINID JIFIMIAIMIJIJIAISI	2021 2022 OINID JIFIMIAIMIJIJIAISIOINID JIFIMIAIMIJI	JIAISIOINID JI FIMIAIMI JI JI AI SIOINID	JI FIMI AIMI JI JI AI SIOINI DI JIFI	FI MI AI MI JI JI A
I-1080 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 25-Dec-22 01-Jan-23 25-Dec-22	01-Jan-23 31-Aug-22 08-Sep-22	-116 0%	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3	O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 01-Jan-23, Pile Load Test	7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 9 9 9 9
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.1.2 Pile Caps Con	struction	44 02-Jan-23 14-Feb-23 02-Jan-23		-116 0%	<u> </u>		25 Dec-22 a	101-Jan-23, Pile Load lest	(1nr)	
-1090 Excavation to Pile Cap For	nation	14 02-Jan-23 15-Jan-23 02-Jan-23	15-Jan-23 08-Sep-22 22-Sep-22	-116 0%			02-Jan-23 🍙	15-Jan-23, Excavation to		
-1100 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat	e (6 Welders@ 2nr/d)	14 09-Jan-23 22-Jan-23 09-Jan-23	22-Jan-23 15-Sep-22 29-Sep-22	-116 0%		ļļļļ	09-Jan-23 <u>-</u>	22-Jan-23, Pile Çut-off	& Capping Plate (6 Welders @ 2r	2nr/d)
-1110 Pile Caps Construction	and Translated Hall District Andrew	30 16-Jan-23 14-Feb-23 16-Jan-23	14-Feb-23 22-Sep-22 22-Oct-22	-116 0%		ļļļļļ	16-Jan-23 📥	14-Feb-23, Pile Caps 0	Construction	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2 Waste Bunk SP 66 12-WP-3-M28.09.2.4 Piling Works (203 12-Apr-22 31-Oct-22 12-Apr-22 161 12-Apr-22 19-Sep-22 12-Apr-22	31-Oct-22 27-Dec-21 06-Sep-22	-56 -56	 -				 	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.4.1 Piling Works (49 12-Apr-22 30-May-22 12-Apr-22	30-May-22 27-Dec-21 14-Feb-22	-106	_	 			r	
9-1120 Driven H Pile Installations (414 nrs, 6 Rigs @ 2nr/d)	41 12-Apr-22 22-May-22 12-Apr-22	22-May-22 27-Dec-21 06-Feb-22	-106 0%				2-May 22, Driven H Pile Installations (414	4 nrs, 6 Rigs @ 2nr/d)	
9-1130 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 23-May-22 30-May-22 23-May-22	30-May-22 06-Feb-22 14-Feb-22	-106 0%		ļļļļļ	23-May-22 g 30	30-May-22, Pile Load Test († nr)	ļļļļ	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.4.2 Piling Stage -1140 Driven H Pile Installations (49 23-May-22 10-Jul-22 23-May-22	10-Jul-22 17-Mar-22 05-May-22 02-Jul-22 17-Mar-22 27-Apr-22	-67 -67 0%	-				<u> </u>	
-1150 Pile Load Test (1nr)	414 nrs, 6 Higs @ 2nr/0)	41 23-May-22 02-Jul-22 23-May-22 8 03-Jul-22 10-Jul-22 03-Jul-22	02-Jul-22 17-Mar-22 27-Apr-22 10-Jul-22 27-Apr-22 05-May-22	-67 0% -67 0%		÷		02-Jul-22, Driven H Pile Installations (4 10-Jul-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)	14 nrs, 6 Rigs @ 2nr/d)	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.4.3 Piling Stage	e 3 (Module 3	49 02-Aug-22 19-Sep-22 02-Aug-22	19-Sep-22 07-Jun-22 26-Jul-22	-56	_	† 	03-301-22 0	10-qui-22, File Loau lest (1111)	:tttt	
1160 Driven H Pile Installations (41 02-Aug-22 11-Sep-22 02-Aug-22	11-Sep-22 07-Jun-22 18-Jul-22	-56 0%			02-Aug-22 📥	11-Sep-22, Driven H Pile Installation	ions (414 nrs, 6 Rigs @ 2nr/d)	
1170 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 12-Sep-22 19-Sep-22 12-Sep-22	19-Sep-22 18-Jul-22 26-Jul-22	-56 0%			12-Sép-22 ₀	■ 19-Sep-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)	<u>: </u>	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.5 Pile Cap Cons	The state of the s	154 31-May-22 31-Oct-22 31-May-22	31-Oct-22 14-Feb-22 06-Sep-22	-56		ļļļļļ			 	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.5.1 Pile Cap St -1180 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		14 31-May-22 11-Jun-22 31-May-22 14 31-May-22 13-Jun-22 31-May-22	13-Jun-22 14-Feb-22 28-Mar-22 13-Jun-22 14-Feb-22 28-Feb-22	-106 0%			31-May-22 _ 1	13-Juh-22, Ekcavation to Rile Cap Forma	Ation	
1190 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat		34 01-Jun-22 04-Jul-22 01-Jun-22	04-Jul-22 15-Feb-22 21-Mar-22	-106 0%				04-Jul-22, Pile Cut-off & Capping Plate		
1200 Pile Caps Construction		21 21-Jun-22 11-Jul-22 21-Jun-22	11-Jul-22 07-Mar-22 28-Mar-22	-106 0%				11-Jul-22, Pile Caps Construction	; 	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.5.2 Pile Cap St	age 2 (Module 2)	42 11-Jul-22 21-Aug-22 11-Jul-22	21-Aug-22 05-May-22 16-Jun-22	-67						
1210 Excavation to Pile Cap For		14 11-Jul-22 24-Jul-22 11-Jul-22	24-Jul-22 05-May-22 19-May-22	-67 0%				24-Jul-22 Excavation to Pile Cap For		[]
1220 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plate		34 12-Jul-22 14-Aug-22 12-Jul-22	14-Aug-22 06-May-22 09-Jun-22	-67 0%		<u> </u>		14-Aug-22, Pile Cut-off & Capping P	late	
Pile Caps Construction	are 2 (Medule 2)	21 01-Aug-22 21-Aug-22 01-Aug-22	21-Aug-22 26-May-22 16-Jun-22	-67 0%		ļļļļļ.	01-Aug-22 📠	21-Aug-22, Pile Caps Construction	·	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.2.5.3 Pile Cap Sta 1240 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		42 20-Sep-22 31-Oct-22 20-Sep-22 14 20-Sep-22 03-Oct-22 20-Sep-22	03-Oct-22 26-Jul-22 06-Sep-22 03-Oct-22 26-Jul-22 09-Aug-22	-56 0%		}	20-Sep-22 _	03-Oct-22, Excavation to Pile Ca	an Formation	
250 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat		34 21-Sep-22 24-Oct-22 21-Sep-22	24-Oct-22 27-Jul-22 30-Aug-22	-56 0%		 	20-Sep-22 21-Sep-22	24-Oct-22, Excavation to Pile Ca		
260 Pile Caps Construction		21 11-Oct-22 31-Oct-22 11-Oct-22	31-Oct-22 16-Aug-22 06-Sep-22	-56 0%			11-Oct-22 _	31-Oct-22, Pile Caps Construd		
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3 Boiler & Flu		331 12-Mar-22 05-Feb-23 12-Mar-22	05-Feb-23 06-Nov-21 24-Oct-22	-105	<u> </u>					1 1
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1 Boiler Buildin		331 12-Mar-22 05-Feb-23 12-Mar-22	05-Feb-23 06-Nov-21 24-Oct-22	-105					<u> </u>	
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.1 Piling Work		111 03-Jul-22 21-Oct-22 03-Jul-22	21-Oct-22 30-Apr-22 02-Sep-22	-50	<u> </u>		,			
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.1.1 Piling St 1270 Driven H Pile Installations (38 03-Jul-22 09-Aug-22 03-Jul-22 30 03-Jul-22 01-Aug-22 03-Jul-22	09-Aug-22 30-Apr-22 07-Jun-22 01-Aug-22 30-Apr-22 30-May-22	-64 -64 0%			03-Jul-22	01-Aug-22, Driven H Pile Installations	e (100 bre 6 Rice @ Por/d)	
1280 Pile Load Test (1nr)	······································	8 02-Aug-22 09-Aug-22 02-Aug-22	09-Aug-22 30-May-22 07-Jun-22	-64 0%		ttt		09-Aug-22, Pile Load Test (1rtr)	(100 jiis, 0 nigs @ 211/0)	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.1.2 Piling St		40 12-Sep-22 21-Oct-22 12-Sep-22	21-Oct-22 24-Jul-22 02-Sep-22	-50						
1290 Driven H Pile Installations (106 nrs, 6 Rigs @ 2nr/d)	32 12-Sep-22 13-Oct-22 12-Sep-22	13-Oct-22 24-Jul-22 25-Aug-22	-50 0%			12-Sep-22 📥	13-Oct-22, Driven H Pile Install		0
1300 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 14-Oct-22 21-Oct-22 14-Oct-22	21-Oct-22 25-Aug-22 02-Sep-22	-50 0%		44	14-Oct-22	21-Oct-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)	<u> </u>	
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.2 Piling Work SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.2.1 Piling St		279 12-Mar-22 15-Dec-22 12-Mar-22	15-Dec-22 06-Nov-21 02-Sep-22 07-Aug-22 06-Nov-21 13-Mar-22	-105 -148	_		,		·····	
	Pile founding determination (30 nr, 4 Rigs)	149 12-Mar-22 07-Aug-22 12-Mar-22 24 12-Mar-22 04-Apr-22 12-Mar-22	07-Aug-22 06-Nov-21 13-Mar-22 04-Apr-22 06-Nov-21 30-Nov-21	-126 0%		†	12-Mar-22	pr-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Rile four	hding determination (30 nr. 4 Bir	lins)
1320 Prebored H Pile Installation		95 27-Apr-22 30-Jul-22 27-Apr-22	30-Jul-22 30-Nov-21 05-Mar-22	-148 0%				30-Jul-22, Prebored H Pile Installation		9-1
1330 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 31-Jul-22 07-Aug-22 31-Jul-22	07-Aug-22 05-Mar-22 13-Mar-22	-148 0%				07-Aug-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)	J	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.2.2 Piling St		189 06-Apr-22 11-Oct-22 06-Apr-22	11-Oct-22 31-Jan-22 07-Jun-22	-127					<u> </u>	
	Pile founding determination (35 nr, 4 Rigs)	12 06-Apr-22 17-Apr-22 06-Apr-22	17-Apr-22 31-Jan-22 12-Feb-22	-65 0%	_ - -	 		Apr-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile fou		Rigs)
1350 Prebored H Pile Installation 1360 Pile Load Test (1nr)	S (OT RIS, TO MIGS)	65 31-Jul-22 03-Oct-22 31-Jul-22 8 04-Oct-22 11-Oct-22 04-Oct-22	03-Oct-22 26-Mar-22 30-May-22 11-Oct-22 30-May-22 07-Jun-22	-127 0% -127 0%			31-Jul-22	03-Oct-22, Prebored H Pile Insta 11-Oct-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)		
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.2.3 Piling St	age 3 (Module 3)	8 04-Oct-22 11-Oct-22 04-Oct-22 238 22-Apr-22 15-Dec-22 22-Apr-22	11-Oct-22 30-May-22 07-Jun-22 15-Dec-22 25-Feb-22 02-Sep-22	-127 0% -105	<u> </u>		04-Oct-22 n	- 11-Oct-22, Pile Load lest (1nr)	·····	
	Pile founding determination (35 nr, 4 Rigs)	12 22-Apr-22 03-May-22 22-Apr-22	03-May-22 25-Feb-22 09-Mar-22	-56 0%		† 	22-Apr-22 0 03-1	-May-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile fo	founding determination (35 hr. 4	4 Rigs)
1380 Prebored H Pile Installation	s (62 nrs, 10 Rigs)	65 04-Oct-22 07-Dec-22 04-Oct-22	07-Dec-22 21-Jun-22 25-Aug-22	-105 0%			04-Oct-22	:07-Dec-22, Prebored H Pile	e Installations;(62 nrs, 10 Rigs)	
1390 Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 08-Dec-22 15-Dec-22 08-Dec-22	15-Dec-22 25-Aug-22 02-Sep-22	-105 0%			08-Dec-22 _p	15-Dec-22, Pile Load Test	(1nr)	
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.9 Pile Caps C		182 08-Aug-22 05-Feb-23 08-Aug-22	05-Feb-23 13-Mar-22 24-Oct-22	-105	<u> </u>				·	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.9.1 Pile Cap 1400 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		51 08-Aug-22 27-Sep-22 08-Aug-22 14 08-Aug-22 21-Aug-22 08-Aug-22	27-Sep-22 13-Mar-22 03-May-22 21-Aug-22 13-Mar-22 27-Mar-22	-148 -148 0%			08-Aug-22 💂	21-Aug-22, Excavation to Pile Cap F	Formation	
1410 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plate		21 22-Aug-22 11-Sep-22 22-Aug-22	11-Sep-22 27-Mar-22 17-Apr-22	-148 0%			22-Aug-22 📥	11-Sep-22, Pile Cut-off & Capping		
1420 Pile Caps Construction		30 29-Aug-22 27-Sep-22 29-Aug-22	27-Sep-22 03-Apr-22 03-May-22	-148 0%			29-Aug-22	27-Sep-22, Pile Caps Construction		
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.9.2 Pile Cap	Stage 2 (Module 2)	52 12-Oct-22 02-Dec-22 12-Oct-22	02-Dec-22 07-Jun-22 29-Jul-22	-127					1	1 1
1430 Excavation to Pile Cap For		14 12-Oct-22 25-Oct-22 12-Oct-22	25-Oct-22 07-Jun-22 21-Jun-22	-127 0%			12-Oct-22 p	25-Oct-22, Excavation to Pile C	ap Formation	
-1440 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat		21 27-Oct-22 16-Nov-22 27-Oct-22	16-Nov-22 22-Jun-22 13-Jul-22	-127 0%		4	27-Oct-22 👝	16-Nov-22, Pile Cut-off & Cap		
Pile Caps Construction	Ohana O (Martinla O)	30 03-Nov-22 02-Dec-22 03-Nov-22 52 16-Dec-22 05-Feb-23 16-Dec-22		-127 0%		 	08-Nov-22 📥	02-Dec-22, Pile Caps Const	ruction	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.1.9.3 Pile Cap 1460 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		52 16-Dec-22 05-Feb-23 16-Dec-22 14 16-Dec-22 29-Dec-22 16-Dec-22	05-Feb-23 02-Sep-22 24-Oct-22 29-Dec-22 02-Sep-22 16-Sep-22	-105 -105 0%		+	16-Dec-22	29-Dec-22, Excavation to	Pile Can Formation	
1470 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat		21 31-Dec-22 29-Dec-22 16-Dec-22 21 31-Dec-22 20-Jan-23 31-Dec-22	29-Dec-22 02-Sep-22 16-Sep-22 20-Jan-23 17-Sep-22 08-Oct-22	-105 0%	- 	 	16-Dec-22 g	29-Dec-22, Excavation to		
480 Pile Caps Construction		30 07-Jan-23 05-Feb-23 07-Jan-23		-105 0%			07:Jan-23	05-Feb-23, Pile Caps C		
_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2 Flue Gas Treat		211 26-Mar-22 22-Oct-22 26-Mar-22		1						
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.4 Prebored H		176 26-Mar-22 17-Sep-22 26-Mar-22	17-Sep-22 21-Dec-21 19-Sep-22	1						
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.4.1 Piling St 1490 Predrilling for Prebored H-I	age 1 (Module 1) Pile founding determination (14 nr, 4 Rigs)	86 26-Mar-22 19-Jun-22 26-Mar-22 11 26-Mar-22 05-Apr-22 26-Mar-22	19-Jun-22 21-Dec-21 29-Mar-22 05-Apr-22 21-Dec-21 01-Jan-22	-83 -95 0%		 	26 Mar 22	pr-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile four	Inding dotormination (4.4 1.7	Dine)
500 Prebored H Pile Installation		46 27-Apr-22 11-Jun-22 27-Apr-22	11-Jun-22 01-Jan-22 16-Feb-22	-116 0%		 		pr-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile four 11-Jun-22, Prebored H Pile Installations (, A2)
1510 Pile Load Test (1nr)	- (·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8 12-Jun-22 19-Jun-22 12-Jun-22	19-Jun-22 21-Mar-22 29-Mar-22	-83 0%	-			19-Jun-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)		
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.4.2 Piling St	age 2 (Module 2)	108 18-Apr-22 03-Aug-22 18-Apr-22	03-Aug-22 12-Feb-22 24-Jun-22	-41						
520 Predrilling for Prebored H-I	File founding determination (14 nr, 4 Rigs)	4 18-Apr-22 21-Apr-22 18-Apr-22	21-Apr-22 12-Feb-22 16-Feb-22	-65 0%				Apr-22, Predrilling for Prebpred H-Pile for		Rigs)
1530 Prebored H Pile Installation	s (55 nrs, 12 Rigs)	45 12-Jun-22 26-Jul-22 12-Jun-22	26-Jul-22 16-Feb-22 02-Apr-22	-116 0%				26-Jul-22 Prebored H Pile Installation	ns (55 hrs, 12 Rigs)	
Pile Load Test (1nr)		8 27-Jul-22 03-Aug-22 27-Jul-22	03-Aug-22 16-Jun-22 24-Jun-22	-41 0%			27-Jul-22 _a	03-Aug-22, Pile Load Test (1nr)		
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.4.3 Piling St 1550 Predrilling for Prebored H-I	age 3 (Module 3) Pile founding determination (14 nr, 4 Rigs	137 04-May-22 17-Sep-22 04-May-22 11 04-May-22 14-May-22 04-May-22	17-Sep-22 09-Mar-22 19-Sep-22 14-May-22 09-Mar-22 20-Mar-22	1 -56 0%		 -	04 May 92	1-May-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile	founding determines - /44	4 Dies
560 Prebored H Pile Installation		45 27-Jul-22 09-Sep-22 27-Jul-22	09-Sep-22 02-Apr-22 17-May-22	-116 0%	- 	+		-1-May-22, Predrilling for Prebored H-Pile:		+ niys
570 Pile Load Test (1nr)	•7	8 10-Sep-22 17-Sep-22 10-Sep-22	17-Sep-22 11-Sep-22 19-Sep-22	1 0%		1-1-1-1-1-1	2/-Jul-42 10-Sep-22	17-Sep-22, Prebored H Prie Install		
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.5 Pile Caps C		125 20-Jun-22 22-Oct-22 20-Jun-22	22-Oct-22 29-Mar-22 24-Oct-22	1						
P_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.5.1 Pile Cap		35 20-Jun-22 24-Jul-22 20-Jun-22		-83						
Excavation to Pile Cap For		7 20-Jun-22 26-Jun-22 20-Jun-22	26-Jun-22 29-Mar-22 05-Apr-22	-83 0%				26-Jun-22, Excavation to Pile Cap Form		
590 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plat		21 27-Jun-22 17-Jul-22 27-Jun-22	17-Jul-22 05-Apr-22 26-Apr-22	-83 0%		 -		17-Jul-22, Pile Cut-off & Capping Plate	P	
Pile Caps Construction	Stage 2 (Madule 2)	21 04-Jul-22 24-Jul-22 04-Jul-22	24-Jul-22 12-Apr-22 03-May-22	-83 0% -41			04-Jul-22 👝	24-Jul-22, Pile Caps Construction	 	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.5.2 Pile Cap 1610 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		35 04-Aug-22 07-Sep-22 04-Aug-22 7 04-Aug-22 10-Aug-22 04-Aug-22	07-Sep-22 24-Jun-22 29-Jul-22 10-Aug-22 24-Jun-22 01-Jul-22	-41 -41 0%			04-Aug-22	10-Aug-22, Excavation to Pile Cap Fi	prmation	
1620 Pile Cut-off & Capping Plate		21 11-Aug-22 31-Aug-22 11-Aug-22	31-Aug-22 01-Jul-22 22-Jul-22	-41 0%				B1-Aug-22, Pile Cut-pff & Capping	Plate	
-1630 Pile Caps Construction		21 18-Aug-22 07-Sep-22 18-Aug-22	07-Sep-22 08-Jul-22 29-Jul-22	-41 0%		†	18-Aug-22	07-Sep-22, Pile Caps Construction	A	
	Stage 3 (Module 3)	35 18-Sep-22 22-Oct-22 18-Sep-22	22-Oct-22 19-Sep-22 24-Oct-22	1					;ttttt	
SP_66_12-WP-3-M28.09.3.2.5.3 Pile Cap 0-1640 Excavation to Pile Cap Form		7 18-Sep-22 24-Sep-22 18-Sep-22	24-Sep-22 19-Sep-22 26-Sep-22	1 0%			18-Sep-22 g	24-Sep-22, Excavation to Pile Ca	tp Formation	

Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 14 of 23

	Primary Baseline	
	WP3 BL Critical Works	\Diamond
	Remaining Work	\rightarrow
	Actual Work	\rightarrow

Critical Remaining Work

◆ Baseline Milestone

◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

◆ Milestone

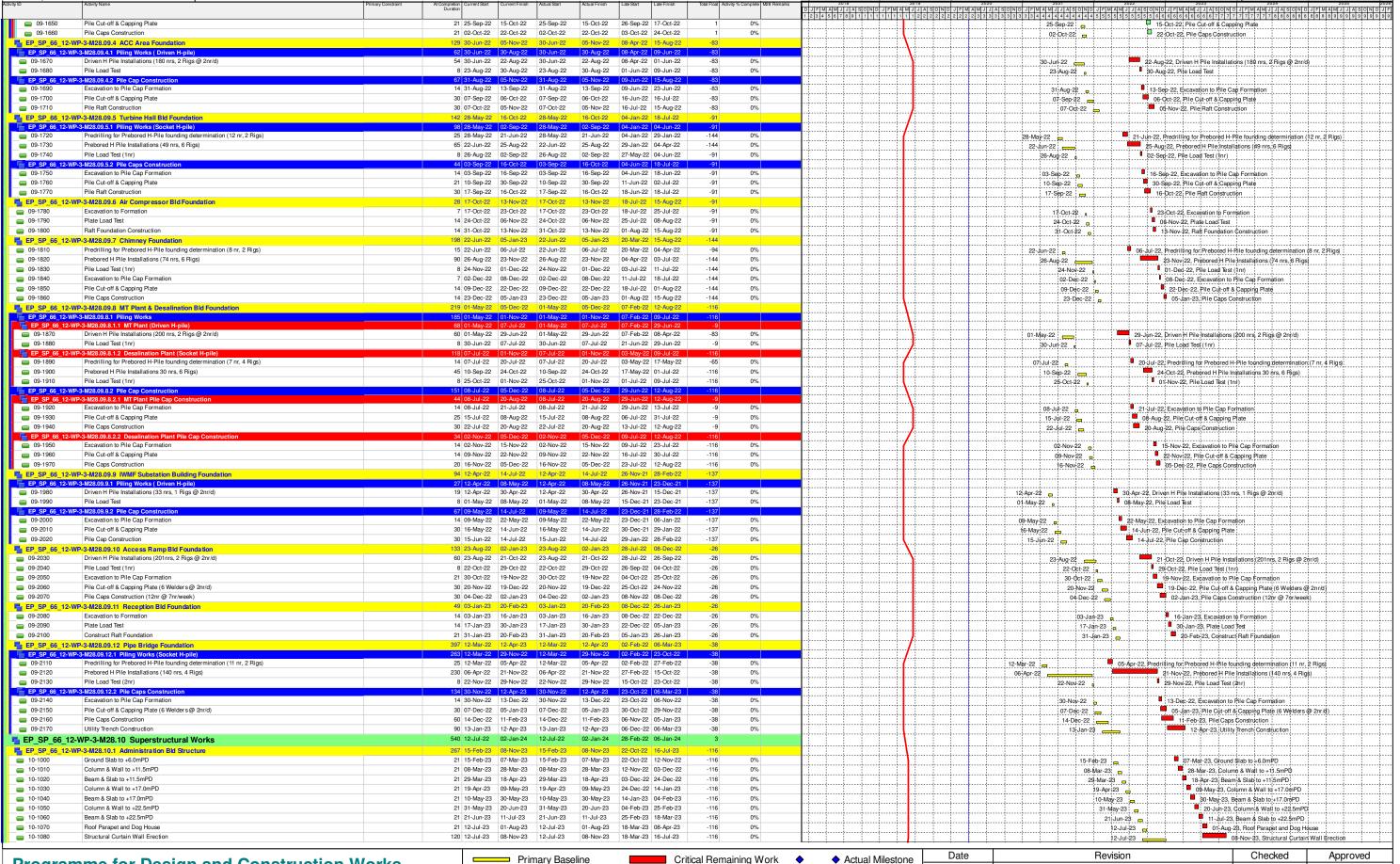
 ◆ Actual Milestone
 Date
 Revision
 Checked

 ◆ Critical Milesto...
 04/12/17
 Rev. 0 - 1st Issue
 31-Jan-20
 Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update

 29-Feb-20
 Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update
 30-Mar-20
 Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update







Programme for Design and Construction Works Mai

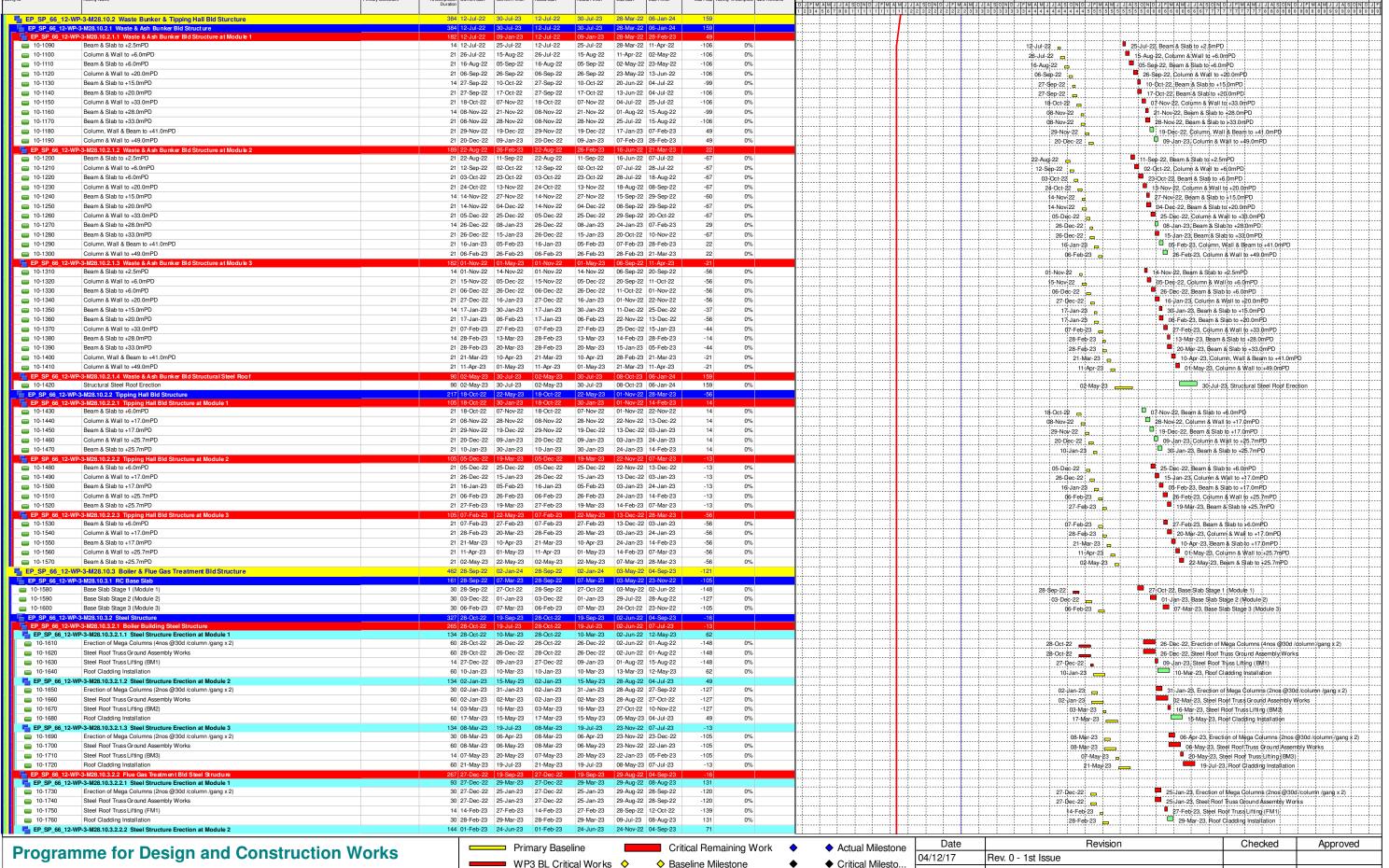
rogramme for besign and construction works	
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)	
Page 15 of 23	

Primary Baseline		Critical Remaining Work
WP3 BL Critical Works	\Q	Baseline Milestone
Remaining Work	\rightarrow	♦ WP3 BL Critical Milestone
Actual Work	۵	Milestone

◆ Actual Milestone	Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
	04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
◆ Offical Milesto	31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
	29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
	30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		







March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 16 of 23

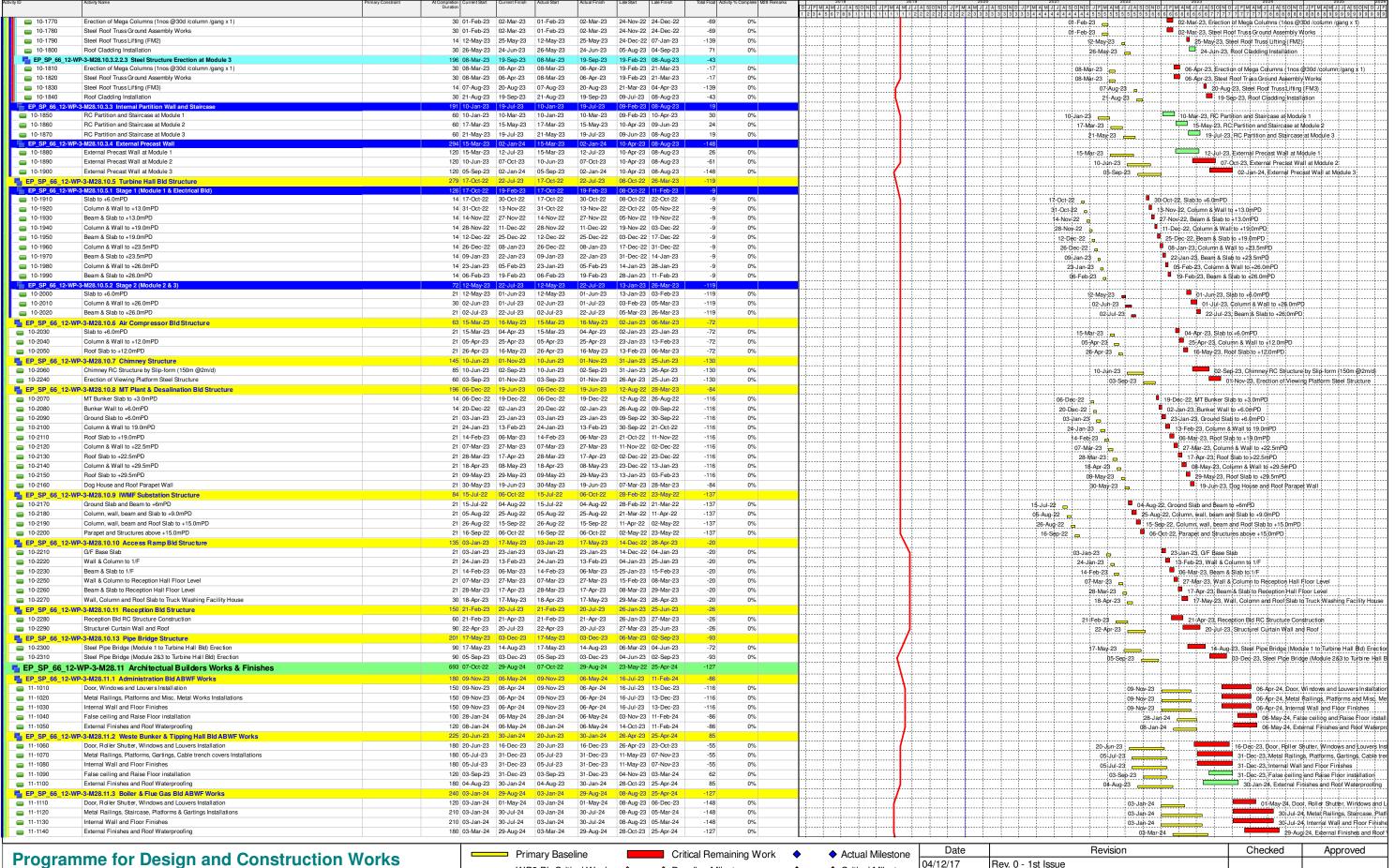
Primary Baseline			С
WP3 BL Critical Works	\Diamond	\Q	В
Remaining Work	•	•	W
Actual Work	♦	♦	М

		Critical Remaining Work	(
>	♦	Baseline Milestone	4
•	\	WP3 BL Critical Milestone	
^	^	Milestone	

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 17 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works ♦

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Baseline Milestone

WP3 BL Critical Milestone

Milestone

◆ Critical Milesto...

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		
	·		



March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)

Page 18 of 23

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12
Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

31-Jan-20

29-Feb-20

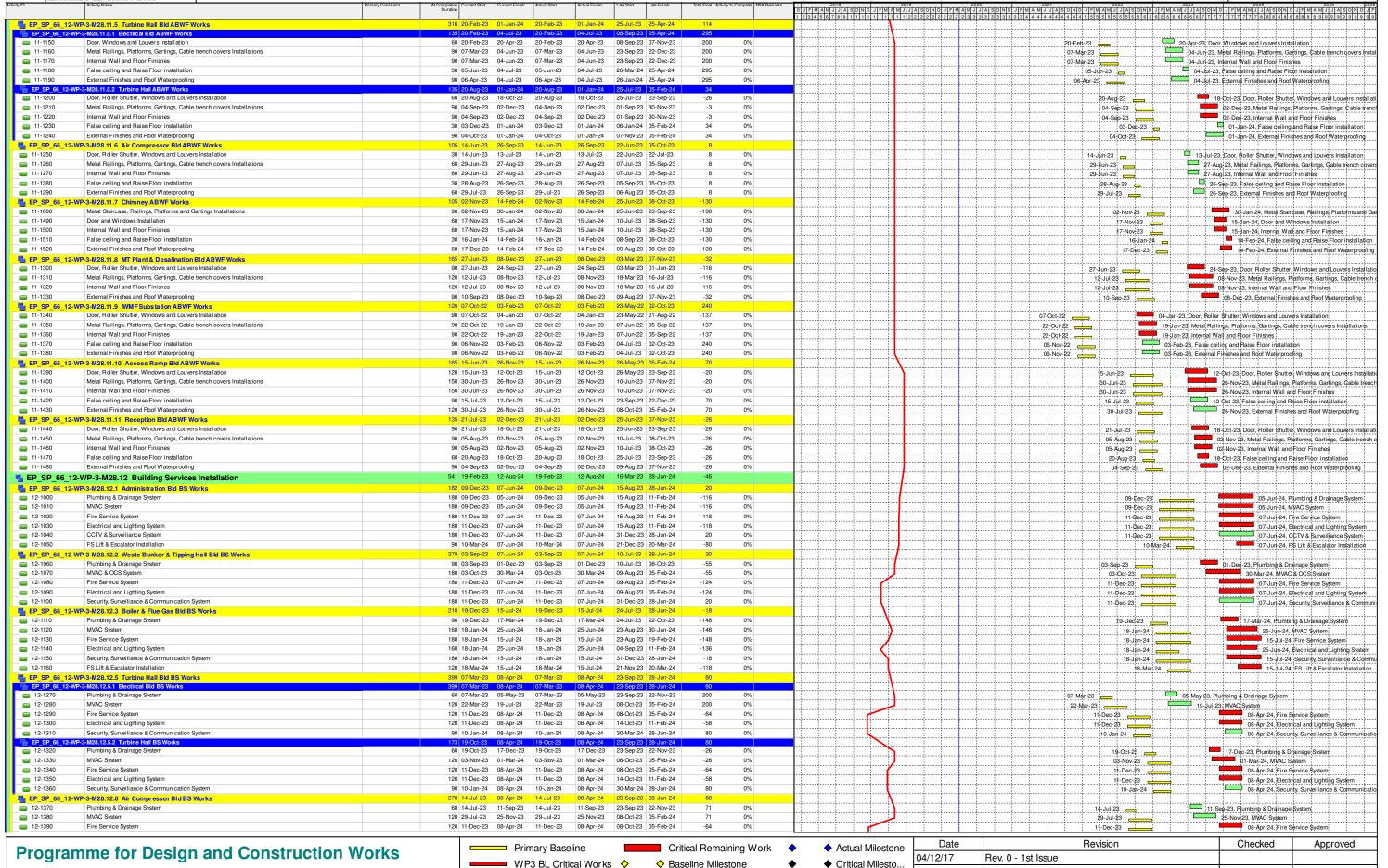
30-Mar-20

Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update

Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update

Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update





◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

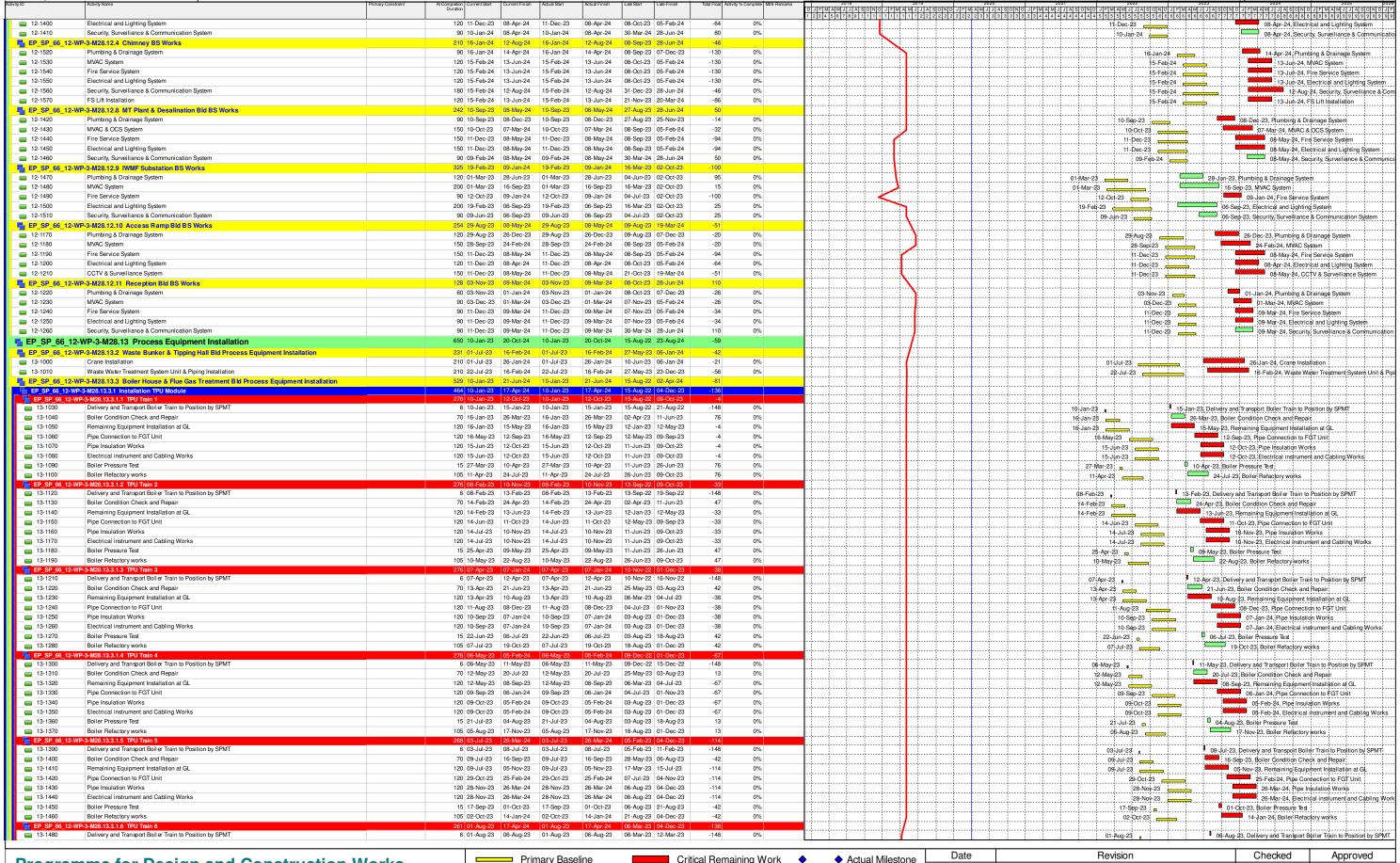
Milestone

Remaining Work

Actual Work







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 19 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Baseline Milestone

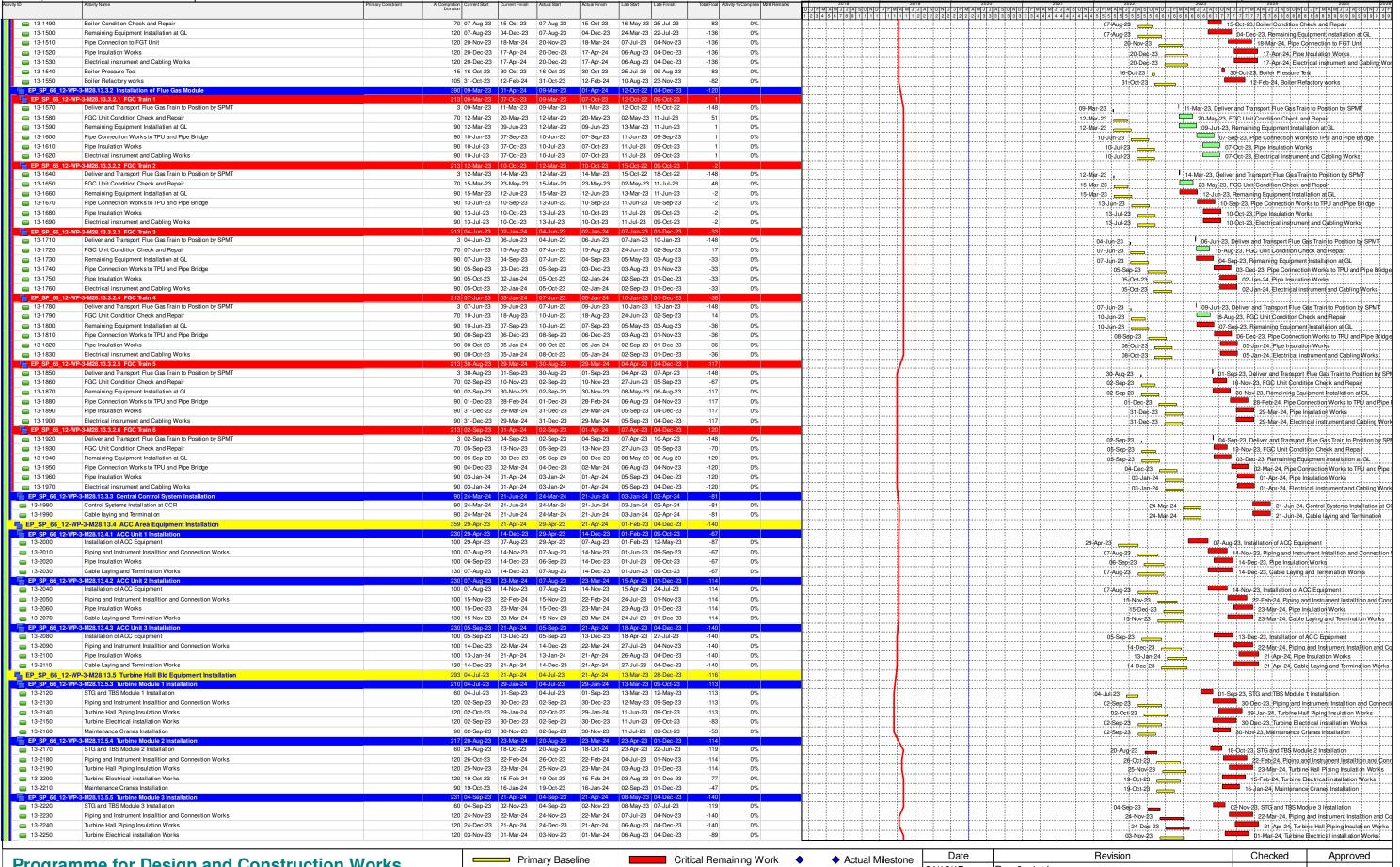
WP3 BL Critical Milestone

Milestone

◆ Critical Milesto...







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 20 of 23

WP3 BL Critical Works ♦
Remaining Work ♦
Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

◆ Baseline Milestone

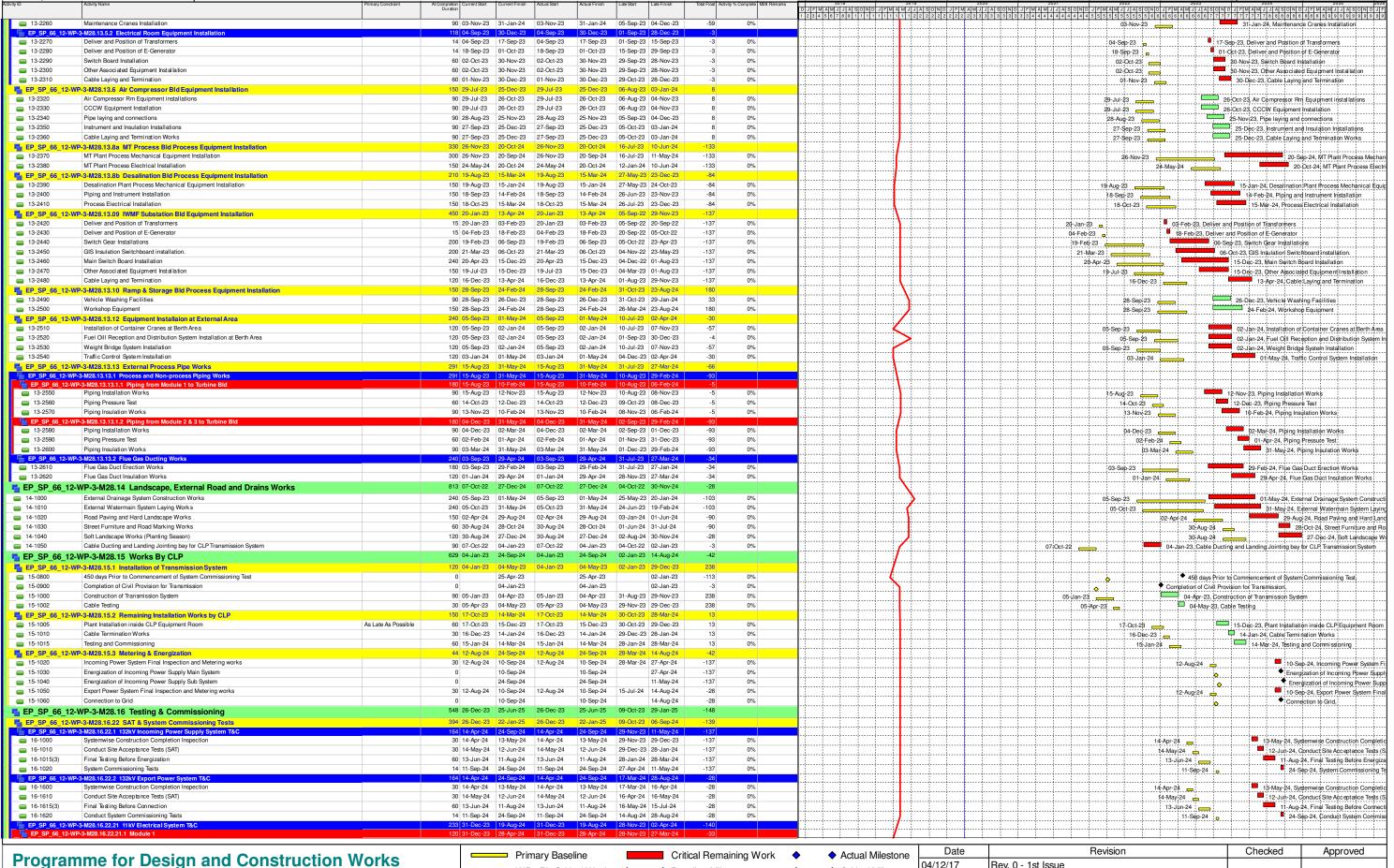
◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

◆ Milestone

Actual MilestoneCritical Milesto...







March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 21 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Baseline Milestone

WP3 BL Critical Milestone

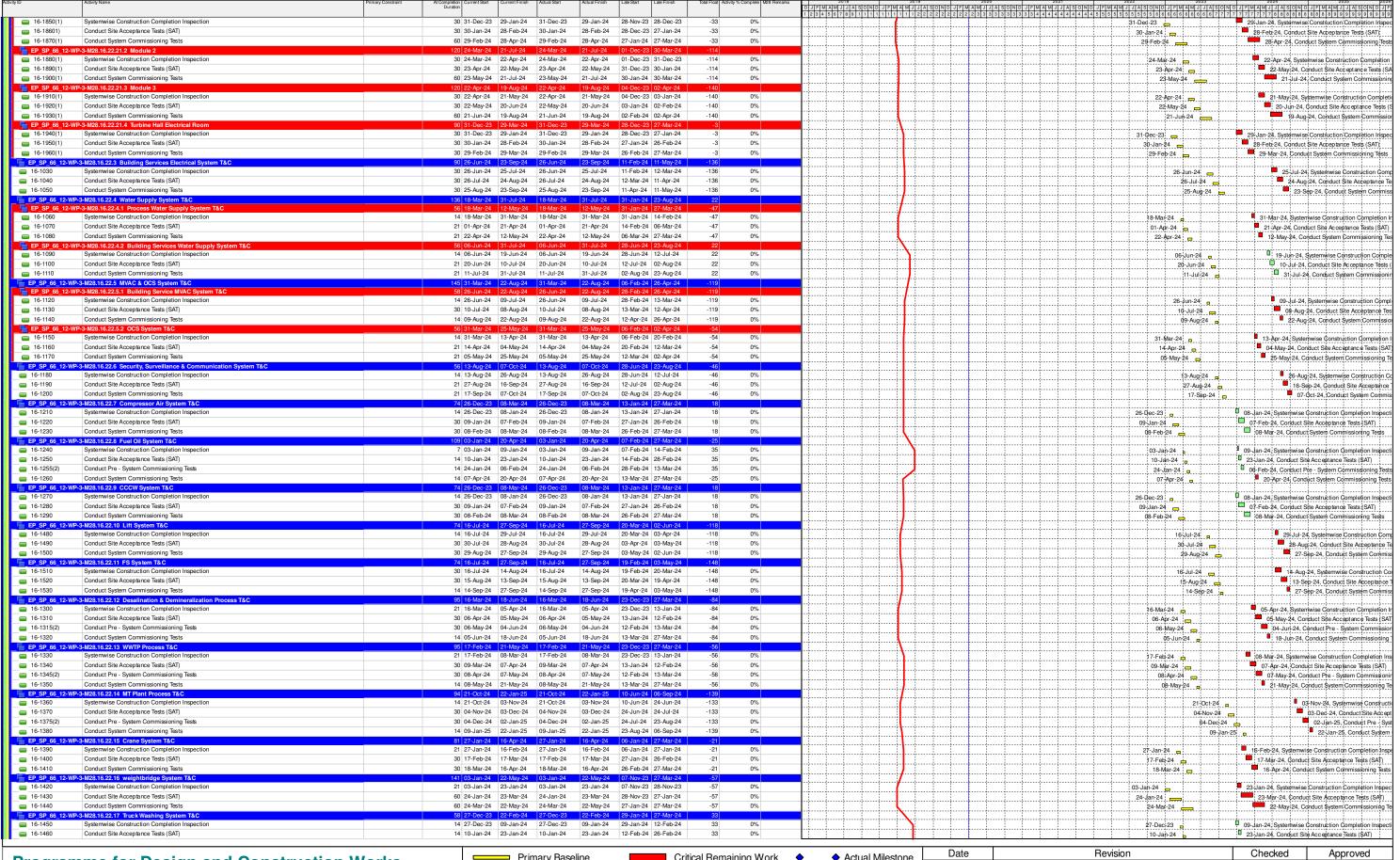
Milestone

◆ Actual Milestone
◆ Critical Milesto...

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		







Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 22 of 23

Primary Baseline

WP3 BL Critical Works ♦

Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

◆ Baseline Milestone

◆ WP3 BL Critical Milestone

◆ Milestone

Actual MilestoneCritical Milesto...





y ID	Activity Name	Primary Constraint	At Completion Current Start Cu	rrent Finish Actual Start	Actual Finish	Late Start Late Finish	Total Float	Activity % Complete M28	8 Remarks	2018	ALCOMID TELE	2019	2020	A COND TE	MI AI MI II II AI CI OI	NID HEIMAIM II HAISIOINID HEIMAIA	U I A SIOINI DI UELE	2024 ALAIMI II II ALAIAI	NID HEIMIAIN	2025 21
			Duraiur						1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 1	8 8 8 8 8 8 9	9999999
16-1470	Conduct System Commissioning Tests		30 24-Jan-24 22	-Feb-24 24-Jan-	24 22-Feb-24	26-Feb-24 27-Mar-24	1 33	0%				, J				24-Jan-24	1 7	22-Feb 24, Condu	uct \$ystem Con	nmissioning Tests
EP_SP_66_12-V	NP-3-M28.16.22.18 Control SCADA Systems T&C		74 22-Jun-24 03	-Sep-24 22-Jun-	24 03-Sep-24	02-Apr-24 15-Jun-24	-81				1 1									
16-1780	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection		14 22-Jun-24 05	-Jul-24 22-Jun-	24 05-Jul-24	02-Apr-24 16-Apr-24	-81	0%	[1]							22-Juh-24	6	95-Jul-2	24, Systemwise	e Construction Cor
16-1790	Conduct Site Acceptance Tests (SAT)		30 06-Jul-24 04	-Aug-24 06-Jul-2	4 04-Aug-24	16-Apr-24 16-May-24	1 -81	0%						1 1		06-Jul-2	4	■ 04-Au	ug-24, Conduct	t Site Acceptance
16-1800	Conduct System Commissioning Tests		30 05-Aug-24 03	-Sep-24 05-Aug-	24 03-Sep-24	16-May-24 15-Jun-24	-81	0%	[7]							05-Aug	24	— 03-	Sep-24, Condu	uct System Commi
EP_SP_66_12-V	NP-3-M28.16.22.19 Incineration Processing T&C		354 30-Jan-24 17	-Jan-25 30-Jan-	24 17-Jan-25	09-Oct-23 23-Aug-24	-148								J			.11		
EP_SP_66_12-	WP-3-M28.16.22.19.2 Module 1 (Train 1 & 2)		348 30-Jan-24 11	-Jan-25 30-Jan-:	24 11-Jan-25	09-Oct-23 17-Aug-24					1				1 1 1					
16-1540	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection		120 30-Jan-24 28	-May-24 30-Jan-	24 28-May-24	09-Oct-23 06-Feb-24	-113	0%	L			LLL			.1	30-Jan-24		28-May-24	, Systemwise C	Construction Comp
16-1550	Conduct Site Acceptance Tests (SAT)		120 20-Mar-24 17	-Jul-24 20-Mar-	24 17-Jul-24	28-Nov-23 27-Mar-24	-113	0%		1 1	1 1			1 1	1 1 1	20-Mar-24	<u> </u>	17-Jul-	-24, Conduct S	Site Acceptance Tes
16-1660	Start-up Incineration Trains of Module		80 18-Jul-24 05	-Oct-24 18-Jul-2	4 05-Oct-24	27-Mar-24 15-Jun-24	-113	0%								18-Jul-24		0	J5-Oct-24, Star	rt-up Incineration T
16-1670	Module Function and Operation Test		60 06-Oct-24 04	-Dec-24 06-Oct-2	24 04-Dec-24	15-Jun-24 14-Aug-24	-113	0%	[7]			1				06-0	Oct-24	_	04-Dec-24	1, Module Function
16-1680	72 Hrs Test		3 09-Jan-25 11	-Jan-25 09-Jan-2	25 11-Jan-25	14-Aug-24 17-Aug-24	-148	0%				1					09-Jan-25		11-Jan-?	25, 72 Hrs Test
EP_SP_66_12-	WP-3-M28.16.22.19.3 Module 2 (Train 3 & 4)		297 24-Mar-24 14	-Jan-25 24-Mar-	24 14-Jan-25	01-Dec-23 20-Aug-24	-148					1			1					-1
16-1560	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection		90 24-Mar-24 21	-Jun-24 24-Mar-	24 21-Jun-24	01-Dec-23 29-Feb-24	-114	0%								24-Mar-24		21-Jun-2	24, Systemwise	Construction Com
16-1570	Conduct Site Acceptance Tests (SAT)		90 23-Apr-24 21	-Jul-24 23-Apr-2	24 21-Jul-24	31-Dec-23 30-Mar-24	-114	0%								23-Apr-24	<u> </u>	21-Jul	-24, Conduct S	Site Acceptance Tes
16-1720	Start-up Incineration Trains of Module		80 22-Jul-24 09	-Oct-24 22-Jul-2	4 09-Oct-24	30-Mar-24 18-Jun-24	-114	0%									-24		09-Oct-24, Star	rt-up Incineration T
16-1730	Module Function and Operation Test		60 10-Oct-24 08	-Dec-24 10-Oct-2	24 08-Dec-24	18-Jun-24 17-Aug-24	-114	0%	1-1			7			1		10-Oct-24	_	08-Dec-24	4. Module Function
16-1740	72 Hrs Test		3 12-Jan-25 14	-Jan-25 12-Jan-2	25 14-Jan-25	17-Aug-24 20-Aug-24	-148	0%				7			1		12-Jan-25		14-Jan-	-25, 72 Hrs Test
EP SP 66 12-	WP-3-M28.16.22.19.4 Module 3 (Train 5 & 6)	'	271 22-Apr-24 17	-Jan-25 22-Apr-2	24 17-Jan-25	04-Dec-23 23-Aug-24	-148					1			1			1		
16-1580	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection		90 22-Apr-24 20	-Jul-24 22-Apr-2	24 20-Jul-24	04-Dec-23 03-Mar-24	-140	0%								22-Apr-24	<u> </u>	20-Jul	-24, Systemwis	se Construction Co
16-1590	Conduct Site Acceptance Tests (SAT)		90 22-May-24 19	-Aug-24 22-May-	24 19-Aug-24	03-Jan-24 02-Apr-24	-140	0%	1-1							22-May-24		19-A	Aug-24, Condur	ct Site Acceptance
16-1750	Start-up Incineration Trains of Module		80 20-Aug-24 07	-Nov-24 20-Aug-	24 07-Nov-24	02-Apr-24 21-Jun-24	-140	0%	1-1			1			1 1 1 1 1	20-Au	g-24		07-Nov-24, S	Start-up Incineratio
16-1760	Module Function and Operation Test		60 08-Nov-24 06	-Jan-25 08-Nov-	24 06-Jan-25	21-Jun-24 20-Aug-24	-140	0%				1			111		08-Nov-24	T	06-Jan-?	25, Module Function
16-1770	72 Hrs Test		3 15-Jan-25 17	-Jan-25 15-Jan-2	25 17-Jan-25	20-Aug-24 23-Aug-24	-148	0%				1-1					15 Jan-25	ļ		-25, 72 Hrs Test
EP SP 66 12-V	NP-3-M28.16.22.20 Civil and Builder Works Completion Inspections		240 02-May-24 27	-Dec-24 02-May-	24 27-Dec-24	25-Apr-24 06-Sep-24	-113					i / ii			1			1		
16-1860	Building Internal Finishes Inspections		120 31-Jul-24 27	-Nov-24 31-Jul-2	4 27-Nov-24	25-Apr-24 23-Aug-24	-97	0%				7			1	31-Jul-	24:		27-Nov-24.	, Building Internal F
16-1870	Building External Finishes Inspections and Water Test		120 30-Aug-24 27	-Dec-24 30-Aug-	24 27-Dec-24	25-Apr-24 23-Aug-24	-127	0%							1	30-Au	J-24		27-Dec-2	24, Building Externa
16-1880	Windows, Louvers, Doors and Roller Shutters inspections		120 02-May-24 29	-Aug-24 02-May-	24 29-Aug-24	25-Apr-24 23-Aug-24	-7	0%	1.5						1	02-May-24		29-/	Aug 24, Windo	ows, Louvers, Doors
16-1890	External Road and Paving Inspections		60 30-Aug-24 28	-Oct-24 30-Aug-	24 28-Oct-24	08-Jul-24 06-Sep-24	-53	0%							7		30-Aug-24		28-Oct-24. Ex	xternal Road and P
16-1900	External Drainage System Inspections		90 02-May-24 30	-Jul-24 02-May-	24 30-Jul-24	25-May-24 23-Aug-24	1 23	0%				5				02-May		30-Ju/	ıl-24 External [Drainage \$ystem Ir
	WP-3-M28.16.21 Plant Commissioning Test of Facility		159 18-Jan-25 25	-Jun-25 18-Jan-	25 25-Jun-25	23-Aug-24 29-Jan-25	-148								7			1		
16-1820	Preparation for Plant Commissioning Test		14 18-Jan-25 31	-Jan-25 18-Jan-2	25 31-Jan-25	-		0%				/					18-Jan-25	1	31-Jar	n-25, Preparation fo
16-1825	Plant Commissioning Test		90 01-Feb-25 01	-May-25 01-Feb-	25 01-May-25	06-Sep-24 05-Dec-24		0%				!- †					01-Feb-25	<u> </u>		01-May-25. Plant
16-1830	Final Inspections		26 02-May-25 27	-May-25 02-May-	25 27-May-25	05-Dec-24 31-Dec-24		0%				 - -			+		02-May-2	- F		27-May-25, Fina
	Submission of Plant Commissioning Test Report		, .	-Jun-25 28-May-	25 04-Jun-25	31-Dec-24 08-Jan-25		0%				 			·†			ay-25		04-Jun-25, Sub
16-1840																				

Programme for Design and Construction Works
March 2020 Update (Rev WP-3-M28)
Page 23 of 23

	Primary Baseline		Critical Remaining Work	♦
	WP3 BL Critical Works	\Diamond	Baseline Milestone	•
	Remaining Work	\rightarrow	 WP3 BL Critical Milestone 	
	Actual Work	\Q	Milestone	

Actual Milestone	Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
	04/12/17	Rev. 0 - 1st Issue		
▼ Critical ivillesio	31-Jan-20	Rev 3 - Jan 2020 Update		
	29-Feb-20	Rev 3 - Feb 2020 Update		
	30-Mar-20	Rev 3 - Mar 2020 Update		

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12	
Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase	1

Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture

Appendix B Summary of Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation

Appendix B

Table B.1 Implementation Schedule for Air Quality Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

				Imp	lementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	s C O		Dec	Legislation on Status and and Remarks
S3b.8.1	Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation & Good Site Practices Use of regular watering, with complete coverage, to reduce dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and unpaved roads, particularly during dry weather. Use of frequent watering for particularly dusty construction areas and areas close to ASRs. Side enclosure and covering of any aggregate or dusty material storage piles to reduce emissions. Where this is not practicable owing to frequent usage, watering shall be applied to aggregate fines. Open stockpiles shall be avoided or covered. Where possible, prevent placing dusty material storage piles near ASRs. Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations. Establishment and use of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site. Provision of wind shield and dust extraction units or similar dust mitigation measures at the loading	During the construction period	Contractor					Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			lmp	lementa	tion St	ages*	Relevant	Implementati	
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	s C O		Dec Legislatio and Guideline		on Status and Remarks	
	points, and use of water sprinklers at the loading area where dust generation is likely during the loading process of loose material, particularly in dry seasons/ periods. Imposition of speed controls for vehicles on unpaved site roads. Ten kilometers per hour is the recommended limit. Where possible, routing of vehicles and positioning of construction plant should be at the maximum possible distance from ASRs Instigation of an environmental monitoring and auditing program to monitor the construction process in order to enforce controls and modify method of work if dusty conditions arise.									
S3b.6.3	Odour Removal by Deodorizers Deodorizers with 95% odour removal efficiency would be installed for the air ventilated from the mechanical treatment plant before discharge to the atmosphere	Waste reception halls, the waste storage area,	IWMF Operator	V		✓		EIAO-TM	N/A	
S3b.8.2	Air Pollution Control and Stack Monitoring • Air pollution control and stack monitoring system will be installed for the IWMF to ensure that the emissions from the IWMF stack will meet the proposed target emission limits.	IWMF stack emissions / During design & operation phase	IWMF Operator	V		√		EIAO-TM, Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP-	N/A	

				lmp	lementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	 Voluntary Enhancement Measures in Flue Gas Cleaning and Emission Monitoring: Two-stage bag filter system with reagent recirculation; In addition to SCR, provide SNCR for removal of NOx; tighten emission limit for half-hourly and daily NOx to 160 mg/m³ and 80 mg/m³ respectively; Well-mixed feed waste: to minimize the fluctuation of pollutant loading on the flue gas treatment system; Two more AQMSs would be set up at South Lantau and Shek Kwu Chau respectively; Limit levels will be set under the IWMF DBO contract to require that waste feed shall cease if any of the air pollutant has exceeded 95% of the emission concentration limit as stipulated in the Special Process license; and Each incineration chamber shall be fitted with auxiliary burners to ensure complete burn out of the combustion gases. 							429/2012)	
-	Treated Fly Ash and Air Pollution Control Residues: During testing and commissioning, the Contractor shall sample and test every container of treated fly ash and air	IWMF stack emissions / During design & operation	IWMF Operator	~		✓		Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental	N/A

	Environmental Protection Measures /			Imp	lementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit. If a test result confirms that any one of the samples does not conform to the limits and the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every container of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria for the next six months. • During the first six months of operation, if the requirements in (a) could be fully conformed with, the Contractor shall sample and test every shipload of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit. The Contractor shall take two samples from each shipload for testing and the Contractor shall not dispose of any of that shipload of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues until the test	phase	Agent					Guidelines Permit (EP- 429/2012)	and Remarks
	Contractor shall take two samples from each shipload for testing and the Contractor shall not dispose of any of that shipload of treated fly ash and air								

				Imp	lement	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	the two samples does not conform to								
	the limits and the criteria, the								
	Contractor shall be required to sample								
	and test every shipload of treated fly								
	ash and air pollution control residues								
	for conformance to the Incineration								
	Residue Pollution Control Limits and								
	leachability criteria for the next six								
	months. The Contractor shall make								
	due allowance in the Design and the								
	Operation for the time to sample and								
	test treated fly ash and air pollution								
	control residues before disposal.								
	 Provided that there is no non- 								
	conformance to the Incineration								
	Residue Pollution Control Limits and								
	leachability criteria shown in Table 2								
	of the Environmental Permit								
	throughout a continuous sixmonth								
	period in the Operation Period, the								
	testing frequency shall be reduced to								
	monthly interval.Two samples from								
	one shipload of treated fly ash and air								
	pollution control residues shall be								
	collected and tested for conformance								
	to the Incineration Residue Pollution								
	Control Limits and leachability criteria.								
	The Contractor shall not dispose of								
	any of the treated fly ash and air								
	pollution control residues in the								
	shipload which the samples are taken								
	until the test results confirm that the								
	samples conform to the limits and the								

				Imp	lement	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	criteria. If the test result confirm that any one of the samples does not conform to the limits and the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every shipload of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit for the next six months.								
	 During testing and commissioning, the Contractor shall sample and test every container of bottom ash for conformance to the leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit. If a test result confirms that any one of the samples does not conform to the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every container of bottom ash for conformance to the leachability criteria for the next six months. During the first six months of operation, if the requirements in (d) could be fully conformed with, the Contractor shall sample and test one shipload of bottom ash each month for conformance to the leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the 	IWMF stack emissions / During design & operation phase	IWMF Operator					Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	N/A

	Environmental Protection Measures /			Imp	lement	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	Contractor shall take two samples								
	from the shipload for testing and the								
	Contractor shall not dispose of any of								
	that shipload of bottom ash until the								
	test results confirm that the two								
	samples conform to the criteria. If a								
	test result confirms that any one of								
	the two samples does not conform to								
	the criteria, the Contractor shall be								
	required to sample and test each								
	shipload of bottom ash for								
	conformance to the leachability								
	criteria for the next six months. The								
	Contractor shall make due allowance								
	in the Design and the Operation for								
	the time to sample and test bottom								
	ash before disposal.								
	Provided that there is no non-								
	conformance to the leachability								
	criteria shown in Table 2 of the								
	Environmental Permit throughout a								
	continuous six month period in the								
	Operation Period, the Contractor								
	shall be allowed to take two samples								
	from any one shipload of bottom ash								
	once every six months for								
	conformance to the leachability criteria. The Contractor shall not								
	dispose of any of the bottom ash in								
	the shipload which the samples are								
	taken until the test results confirm								
	that the samples conform to the								
	criteria. If the test result confirm that								

	English and a Book of the Manager A			Imp	lementa	ation St	ages*	Relevant	Implementati
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	on Status and Remarks
	any one of the samples does not conform to the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test one shipload of bottom ash each month for conformance to the leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit for the next six months as stipulated above.								

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Table B.2 Implementation Schedule for Noise Impact Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

	Environmental Boots dies Manage			Imple	ementatio	n Stages	Relevant	Implementatio
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	n Status and Remarks
S4b.8	Good site practices to limit noise emissions a source and use of quiet plant and working methods, whenever practicable.	Construction	EPD and its contractors		√		EIAO-TM	Implemented
S4b.6 & S4b.8	All the ventilation fans installed in the below will be provided with silencers or acoustics treatment. (i) Stack of the incinerator (ii) Ventilation systems within the IWMF Enclosure and discharge silencer or other acoustic treatment equipment should be installed in the air-cooled chillers Other than provision of silencer or other acoustic treatment equipment for the stack of the incinerator and ventilation system, the detailed design should incorporate the following good practice in order to minimize the nuisance on the neighboring NSRs. (i) The exhaust of the ventilation system and any opening of the building should be located facing away from any NSRs; and (ii) Louver or other acoustic treatment equipment could also be applied to the exhaust of the ventilation system.	Within IWMF area / Construction Period	EPD and its contractors	>			EIAO-TM	N/A

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

-	Voluntary Enhancement Measure	IWMF site	Design team,	✓	✓	11 5	Implemented
	Provision of air-conditioner and double glazed windows to nearby NSR at Shek Kwu Chau (i.e. SARDA) as precautionary measures.		contractor, IWMF operator			Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.3 Implementation Schedule for Water Quality Measures for the Artificial Island near SKC

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation																						
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks																						
S5b.8.1.1	Drainage and Construction Site Runoff The site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion. These practices include the following items:	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	N/A																						
	At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented to the commencement of construction.																														
	Boundaries of earthworks should be surrounded by dykes or embankments for flood protection, as necessary.																														
	Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand/silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the TM-DSS. The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which states that the retention time for silt/sand traps should be 5 minutes under maximum flow conditions. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps shall be undertaken by the contractor																														

				Impler	nenta	tion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	piles must be discharged into silt removal facilities.								
	 Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site runoff and drainage into excavations. Drainage water pumped out from excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities. 								
	 During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by a tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable. Other measures that need to be implemented before, during and after rainstorms are summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94. 								
	Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce potential for increased siltation and contamination of runoff.								
	Earthwork final surfaces should be well compacted and subsequent permanent work or surface protection should be immediately performed.								
	Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.								
S5b.8.1.2	General Construction Activities Construction solid waste should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering to the nearby watercourses and public drainage	Work site / During the constr uction period	Contractor		√			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	system. Rubbish and litter from construction sites should also be collected to prevent spreading of rubbish and litter from the site area.								
S5b.8.1.3	There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge license for discharge of effluent from the construction site under the WPCO. The discharge quality must meet the requirements specified in the discharge license. All the run-off and wastewater generated from the works areas should be treated so that it satisfies all the standards listed in the TM-DSS. The beneficial uses of the treated effluent for other on-site activities such as dust suppression and general cleaning etc., can minimize water consumption and reduce the effluent discharge volume. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring should be carried out in accordance with the relevant WPCO license which is under the ambit of regional office of EPD.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		•			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Discharge License was issued on 22/08/2019.
S5b.8.1.4	Accidental Spillage Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Implemented

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*	* Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S5b.8.1.5	Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within the areas which appropriately equipped to control these discharges.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.
S5b.8.1.6	Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be sited on sealed areas in order to prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to the nearby watercourses. All waste oils and fuels should be collected in designated tanks prior to disposal.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.
S5b.8.1.7	Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows:	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.
	 Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport. Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents. Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the 								

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*		Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	storage area.								
S5b.8.1.8	Sewage Effluent Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor would be responsible.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	N/A
S5b.8.1.9	 Reclamation and Construction of Breakwaters The proposed dredging and reclamation should be commenced in phases. The breakwaters and seawalls should be constructed and the reclamation should be started within the enclosed breakwaters after the completion of the breakwater. Silt curtain should be applied around caissons / blockwork during the filling of the cell to prevent the loss of fine in the filling material. The maximum production rate for dredging for the anti-scouring protection layer shall not exceed the permitted maximum daily dredging rate and carried out within its respective distance from the nearest nontranslocatable coral community by the dredging contractor as specified in S.2.18 of the Further Environmental Permit (no.:FEP-01/429/2012/A). It is recommended to employ closed grab with small capacity of 2 m³ to control the dredging rate. Any gap that may need to be provided for 	Work site / During the marine construction period	Contractor					EIAO-TM; WPCO, Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012) Further Environmental Permit No. FEP- 01/429/2012/A	Implemented
	marine access will be located at the middle of the North Western seawall, away from the identified coral communities and will be shielded by silt curtains systems to control								

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	sediment plume dispersion.								
	 The silt curtain system at marine access opening should be closed as soon as the barges passes through the marine access opening in order to minimize the period of curtain opening. Filling should only be carried out behind the silt curtain when the silt curtain is completely closed. 								
	 To enhance the effectiveness of the silt curtain at the marine access, the northern breakwater would be built before the commencement of the reclamation to reduce the current velocity towards the marine access opening. 								
	The silt curtain system at marine access opening should be regularly checked and maintained to ensure proper functioning.								
	Where public fill is proposed for filling below +2.5mPD, the fine content in the public fill will be controlled to 25% which is in line with the CEDD's General Specification;								
	 The filling for reclamation should be carried out behind the seawall. The filling material should only consist of public fill, rock and sand. The filling composition and filling rates at each filling area should follow those delineated in Table 1 of the FEP- 01/429/2012/. The filling above high watermark is not restricted; 								
	No dredging should be carried out within 16m to the nearest non-translocatable coral community;								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	Daily site audit including full-time on-site monitoring by the ET is recommended during the dredging for anti-scouring protection layer for checking the compliance with the permitted no. of grab;								
	 Closed grab dredger should be used to minimize the loss of sediment during the raising of the loaded grabs through the water column; 								
	Frame-type silt curtains should be deployed around the dredging operations;								
	 Floating-type silt curtains should be used to surround the circular cell during the sheetpiling work; 								
	 The descent speed of grabs should be controlled to minimize the seabed impact speed; 								
	 Barges should be loaded carefully to avoid splashing of material; 								
	 All barges used for the transport of dredged materials should be fitted with tight bottom seals in order to prevent leakage of material during loading and transport; 								
	No concurrence works between laying of submarine cables and dredging/reclamation works within the same location is allowed. For works close to each other, the construction program should be arranged so that the dredging/reclamation works within area bounded by the breakwaters and the laying of cables would not operate within a								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	distance of 80m from each other to avoid any accumulative impact on the environment (in case if such tight schedule is necessary).								
	 All barges should be filled to a level which ensures that material does not spill over during loading and transport to the disposal site and that adequate freeboard is maintained to ensure that the decks are not washed by wave action. 								
	No DCM works should be carried out within 100m to the nearest non-translocatable coral colony / colonies.								
	Silt curtains should be employed to enclose DCM field trial and any full scale DCM work to minimize the potential impacts on water aspect.								
	 A sand blanket is to be placed on top of the marine deposit using tremie pipes prior to the DCM ground treatment to avoid seabed sediment disturbance. 								
S5b.8.2.3	Operational Phase Discharges A pipeline drainage system will serve the development area collecting surface runoff from paved areas, roof, etc. Sustainable drainage principle would be adopted in the drainage system design to minimize peak surface runoff, maximize permeable surface and maximize beneficial use of rainwater.	Within IWMF site / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator	✓		✓		WPCO	N/A
S5b.8.2.4	Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system of any potentially contaminated areas (such as truck parking area and maintenance workshop) and	Within IWMF site / During the operational	IWMF Operator	✓		✓		WPCO; WDO	N/A

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	regularly cleaned to prevent the release of oil products into the storm water drainage system in case of accidental spillages. Accidental spillage should be cleaned up as soon as practicable and all waste oils and fuels should be collected and handled in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance.	phase							
S5b.8.2.5	Refuse Entrapment Collection and removal of floating refuse should be performed at regular intervals for keeping the water within the Project site boundary and the neighboring water free from rubbish.	Within the Project site / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator			✓		WPCO	N/A
S5b.8.2.6	Transportation of bottom ash, fly ash and APC residues to WENT Landfill for disposal Covered container should be used in the shipping of the incineration waste to limit the contact between the incineration waste and the marine water. A comprehensive emergency response plan for any accidental spillage should be submitted by the operation contractor to the EPD for agreement before the operation of the facilities. Salvage and cleanup action to recover the spilled incineration waste containers following the spillage should be carried out according to the emergency response plan to mitigate the environmental impact in case of spillage.	Transportat ion of Incineration Ash / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator			V			N/A

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Table B.4 Implementation Schedule for Waste Management Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
6b.5.1.2	Adverse environmental impacts in relation to waste management are not expected, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities would include: Obtain relevant waste disposal permits from appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and subsidiary Regulations and the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 28); Provide staff training for proper waste management and chemical handling procedures; Provide sufficient waste disposal points and regular waste collection; Provide appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Carry out regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Separate chemical wastes for special handling and disposed of to licensed facility for treatment; and Employ licensed waste collector to collect waste.	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor		✓			WDO; LDO; ETWB TCW No. 19/2005; EIAO-TM	

				Imple	ementa	tion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
6b.5.1.3	Waste Reduction Measures Good management and control can prevent the generation of a significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include: Design foundation works that could minimize the amount of excavated material to be generated. Provide training to workers on the importance of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycling; Sort out demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/recyclable portions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.); Segregate and store different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; Encourage the collection of aluminum cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force; Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and	Work Site/ During Design & Construction Period	Contractor						Implemented; N/A for foundation and demolition items

				ı	Imple	mentatio	on Stages		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	on	Des	С	O Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	 Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste to be generated and to avoid unnecessary generation of waste. 								
6b.5.1.7	Dredged Sediment – Application of Dumping Permit The project proponent should agree in advance with MFC of CEDD on the site allocation. The project proponent or contractor for the dredging works shall then apply for the site allocations of marine sediment disposal based on the prior agreement with MFC/CEDD. The project proponent or contractor should also be responsible for the application of all necessary permits from relevant authorities, including the dumping permit as required under DASO from EPD, for the disposal of dredged sediment prior to the commencement of the dredging works.	Seawall and Reclamation site / Construction Period	EPD and it contractor	ts	✓	✓		DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented
6b.5.1.8	Dredged Sediment – Sediment Quality Report The project proponent or contractor will need to satisfy the appropriate authorities that the quality of the marine sediment to be dredged has been identified according to the requirements of ETWB TCW 34/2002. This should be completed well before the dredging works and would include at least the submission of a formal Sediment Quality Report under Tier I of ETWB TCW No. 34/2002 to DEP for approval. Subject to advice from DEP, it is possible that further marine SI in accordance with ETWB TCW 34/2002	Seawall and Reclamation site / Construction Period	EPD and in contractor	ts	✓			DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented

				Imple	mentat	ion St	tages*	Logislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec		Status and Remarks
	might be necessary for the application of dumping permit under DASO. In such case, a sediment sampling and testing proposal shall be submitted to and approved by DEP before the additional marine SI works.								
6b.5.1.9	Dredged Sediment – Sediment Transportation The barge transporting the sediments to the designated disposal sites should be equipped with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage and should not be filled to a level that would cause overflow of materials or laden water during loading or transportation. In addition, monitoring of the barge loading shall be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels shall be equipped with automatic selfmonitoring devices as specified by the DEP.	Seawall and Reclamation site / Construction Period	EPD and its contractor		✓			DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented
6b.5.1.10	Construction and Demolition Materials In order to minimize the impact resulting from collection and transportation of C&D materials for off-site disposal, the excavated material arising from site formation and foundation works should be reused on-site as backfilling material and for landscaping works as far as practicable. Other mitigation requirements are listed below: • A Waste Management Plan (WMP), which becomes part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), should be prepared in accordance with ETWB TCW No.19/2005;	Work Site/ During Design & Construction Period	Contractor	✓	~			ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Implemented

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages'	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	 A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be adopted for easy tracking; and 								
	 In order to monitor the disposal of C&D materials at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a trip- ticket system should be adopted (refer to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004). 								
6b.5.1.11 - 6b.5.1.12	The Contactor should prepare and implement an EMP in accordance with ETWB TCW No.19/2005, which describes the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery, recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from construction activities. Such a management plan should incorporate site specific factors, such as the designation of areas for segregation and temporary storage of reusable and recyclable materials. The EMP should be submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor All surplus C&D materials arising from or in connection with construction works should become the property of the Contractor when it is removed unless otherwise stated. The Contractor would be responsible for devising a system to work for on-site sorting of C&D materials and promptly removing all sorted and process materials arising from the construction activities to minimize temporary stockpiling on-site. The system should be	Work Site/ During Design & Construction Period	Contractor		•			ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Implemented

				Imple	mentat	tion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	included in the EMP identifying the source of generation, estimated quantity, arrangement for on-site sorting, collection, temporary storage areas and frequency of collection by recycling Contractors or frequency of removal off-site.								
6b.5.1.13	Chemical Wastes Should chemical wastes be produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible corrosive). The Contractor should employ a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor		*			Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.
6b.5.1.14	General Refuse General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D materials. A licensed waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D materials. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material.	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor		✓			and Municipal	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.

				Imple	ementation	Stages'		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
6b.5.1.16	Biogas Generation	Reclamation	Designer and/or	✓	✓		EPD/TR8/97	N/A
6b.5.1.33	The Contractor shall review the data and analysis results, and the data from further Site Investigation, if any. Subject to the review findings, the following gas protection measures may be considered if necessary:	site (if dredging at the reclamation site is not required) / Design & Construction	contractor					
	- gas monitoring after reclamation;	Period						
	- passive ventilation;							
	- gas impermeable membrane;							
	- ventilation with "at risk" rooms;							
	- protection of utilities or below ground services;							
	- precautions during construction works;							
	- precautions prior to entry of belowground services							
6b.5.2.1	Good Site Practices It is recommended that the following good operational practices should be adopted to minimise waste management impacts: • Obtain the necessary waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and Waste Disposal (Chemical	IWMF Site/During Operation Period	IWMF Operator				Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.354); Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation; ETWB TCW No. 1/2004	N/A

			Imple	mentat	tion S	tages*		Implementation Status and Remarks
Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the								
,								
A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental								
wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to								
Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures;								
Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility:								
Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems,								
Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for								
Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust								
during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and								
Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,								
	Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system	Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Measures / Mitigation Measures Waste) (General) Regulation; Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site; Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated,	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation /

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	the disposal sites).								
6b.5.2.2	 Waste Reduction Measures Good management and control can prevent the generation of significant amounts of waste. It is recommended that the following good operational practices should be adopted to ensure waste reduction: Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; Encourage collection of aluminum cans, plastic bottles and packaging material (e.g. carton boxes) and office paper by individual collectors. Separate labelled bins should be provided to help segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force; and Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be reused as far as practicable. 		IWMF Operator			✓			Implemented
6b.5.2.3	Storage, Handling, Treatment, Collection and Disposal of Incineration By-Products The following measures are recommended for the storage, handling and collection of the incineration by-products: • Ash should be stored in storage silos; • Ash should be handled and conveyed in closed systems fully	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			√		Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits	N/A

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	segregatedfrom the ambient environment;								
	 Ash should be wetted with water to control fugitive dust, where necessary; 								
	All fly ash and APC residues should be treated, e.g. by cement solidification or chemical stabilization, for compliance with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria prior to disposal;								
	 The ash should be transported in covered trucks or containers to the designated landfill site. 								
	The Contractor should provide EPD with chemical analysis results of the bottom ash, and treated fly ash and APC residues to confirm that the ash/residue can comply with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits before disposal.								
6b.6.3.1	 Fuel Oil Tank Construction and Test The fuel tank to be installed should be of specified durability. Double skin tanks are preferred. Underground fuel storage tank should be placed within a concrete pit. 	Fuel Oil Storage Tank/ During Design, Construction and Operation Periods	IWMF Contractor	1	√	√			N/A
	The concrete pit shall be accessible								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	to allow regular tank integrity tests to be carried out at regular intervals.								
	 Tank integrity tests should be conducted by an independent qualified surveyor or structural engineer. 								
	 Any potential problems identified in the test should be rectified as soon as possible. 								
6b.6.3.1	 Fuel Oil Pipeline Construction and Test Installation of aboveground fuel oil pipelines is preferable; if underground pipelines are unavoidable, concrete lined trenches should be constructed to contain the pipelines. Double skin pipelines are preferred. Distance between the fuel oil refuelling points and the fuel oil storage tank shall be minimized. Integrity tests for the pipelines should be conducted by an independent qualified surveyor or structural engineer at regular intervals. Any potential problems identified in the test should be rectified as soon as possible. 	Fuel Oil Pipelines/ During Design, Construction and Operation Periods	IWMF Contractor	•	✓	~			N/A
6b.6.3.1	Fuel Oil Leakage Detection Installation of leak detection device at storage tank and pipelines.	Fuel Oil Storage Tank and Pipelines/	IWMF Contractor	V	√	√			N/A

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	 Installation and use of pressure gauges (e.g. at the two ends of a filling line) in fuel filling, which allows unexpected pressure drop or difference and sign of leakage to be detected. 	During Design, Construction and Operation Periods							
6b.6.3.1	 Storage Tank Refuelling Storage tank refuelling (from road tanker) should only be conducted by authorized staff of the oil company using the company's standard procedures. 	Fuel Oil Refuelling Point/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			✓			N/A
6b.6.3.1	Fuel Oil Spillage Response An Oil Spill Response Plan should be prepared by the operator to document the appropriate response procedures for oil spillage incidents in detail. General procedures to be taken in case of fuel oil spillage are presented below. • Training	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			√			N/A
	- Training on oil spill response actions should be given to relevant staff. The training shall cover the followings:								
	 Tools & resources to combat oil spillage and fire, e.g. locations of oil spill handling equipment and fire fighting equipment; General methods to deal with oil spillage and fire incidents; Procedures for emergency drills in the event of oil spills and fire; and 								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	➤Regular drills shall be carried out.								
	Communication								
	-Establish communication channel with the Fire Services Department (FSD) and EPD to report any oil spillage incident so that necessary assistance from relevant department can be quickly sought.								
	Response Procedures								
	 -Any fuel oil spillage within the IWMF site should be immediately reported to the Plant Manager with necessary details including location, source, possible cause and extent of the spillage. 								
	 -Plant Manager should immediately attend to the spillage and initiate any appropriate action to confine and clean up the spillage. The response procedures shall include the following: >Identify and isolate the source of spillage as soon as possible. >Contain the oil spillage and avoid infiltration into soil/ groundwater and discharge to storm water channels. >Remove the oil spillage. 								
	Clean up the contaminated area.								
	If the oil spillage occurs during storage tank refuelling, the refueling operation should immediately be								

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	stopped. Recovered contaminated fuel oil and the associated material to remove the spilled oil should be considered as chemical waste. The handling and disposal procedures for chemical wastes are discussed in the following paragraphs.								
6b.6.3.2	 Chemicals and Chemical Wastes Handling & Storage Chemicals and chemical wastes should only be stored in suitable containers in purpose-built areas. The storage of chemical wastes should comply with the requirements of the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. The storage areas for chemicals and chemical wastes shall have an impermeable floor or surface. The impermeable floor/ surface shall possess the following properties: Not liable to chemically react with the materials and their containers to be stored. Able to withstand normal loading and physical damage caused by container handling 	Chemicals and Chemical Wastes Storage Area / During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			V			N/A
	 The integrity and condition of the impermeable floor or surface should 								

				Imple	mentat	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	be inspected at regular intervals to ensure that it is satisfactorily maintained								
	For liquid chemicals and chemical wastes storage, the storage area should be bunded to contain at least 110% of the storage capacity of the largest containers or 20% of the total quantity of the chemicals/chemical wastes stored, whichever is the greater.								
	Storage containers shall be checked at regular intervals for their structural integrity and to ensure that the caps or fill points are tightly closed.								
	Chemical handling shall be conducted by trained workers under supervision.								
6b.6.3.2	Chemicals and Chemical Wastes Spillage Response A Chemicals and/ or Chemical Wastes Spillage Response Plan shall be prepared by the operator to document in detail the appropriate response procedures for chemicals or chemical wastes spillage incidents. General procedures to be undertaken in case of chemicals/ chemical waste spillages are presented below.	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			√			N/A
	• Training								
	- Training on spill response actions								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	should be given to relevant staff. The training shall cover the followings:								
	Tools & resources to handle spillage, e.g. locations of spill handling equipment;								
	General methods to deal with spillage; and								
	Procedures for emergency drills in the event of spills.								
	Communication								
	 Establish communication channel with FSD and EPD to report the spillage incident so that necessary assistance from relevant department can be quickly sought. 								
	Response Procedures								
	 Any spillage within the IWMF site should be reported to the Plant Manager. 								
	 Plant Manager shall attend to the spillage and initiate any appropriate actions needed to confine and clean up the spillage. The response procedures shall include the followings: 								
	Identify and isolate the source of spillage as soon as possible;								
	Contain the spillage and avoid infiltration into soil/								

				Imple	mentati	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	groundwater and discharge to storm water channels (in case the spillage occurs at locations out of the designated storage areas);								
	Remove the spillage; the removal method/ procedures documented in the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) of the chemicals spilled should be observed;								
	Clean up the contaminated area (in case the spillage								
	The waste arising from the cleanup operation should be considered as chemical wastes.								
6b.6.3.3	Preventive Measures for Incineration By- products Handling The recommended measures listed below can minimize the potential contamination to the surrounding environment due to the incineration by-products:	Storage, Handling & Collection of Incineration Ash at IWMF/ During Operation	IWMF Operator			√			N/A
	 Ash should be stored in storage silos; Ash should be handled and conveyed in closed systems fully 	Period							
	 Ash should be wetted with water to control fugitive dust, where necessary; 								
	All fly ash and APC residues should be treated, e.g. by cement solidification or chemical								

				Imple	menta	tion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	stabilization, for compliance with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria prior to disposal;								
	 The ash should be transported in covered trucks or containers to the designated landfill site. 								
6b.6.3.4 - 6b.6.3.6	Incident Record After any spillage, an incident report should be prepared by the Plant Manager. The incident report should contain details of the incident including the cause of the incident, the material spilled and estimated spillage amount, and also the response actions undertaken. The incident record should be kept carefully and able to be retrieved when necessary. The incident report should provide sufficient details for the evaluation of any environmental impacts due to the spillage and assessment of the effectiveness of measures taken. In case any spillage or accidents results in significant land contamination, EPD should be informed immediately and the IWMF operator should be responsible for the cleanup of the affected area. The responses procedures described in Section 6b.6.3.1 and Section 6b.6.3.2 of EIA report should be followed accordingly together with the land contamination assessment and remediation guidelines	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			✓		Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-based Remediation Goals for Contaminated Land Management and the Guidance Note for Contaminated Land and Remediation.	N/A

				Imple	menta	ion S	tages*		Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	stipulated in the Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-based Remediation Goals for Contaminated Land Management and the Guidance Note for Contaminated Land and Remediation.								

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.5 Implementation Schedule for Ecological Quality Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

Table B.5	Implementation Schedule for Ecological Qua	anty measures to	or the IWIMF at the art	ificiai	isiand	near a	SKC		
				Impl	ement	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
7b.8.2.1	 Measures to avoid direct loss of intertidal habitat The site boundary has been proposed to avoid direct contact with the intertidal natural rocky shore of Shek Kwu Chau. It avoids direct loss of intertidal communities and the existing natural rocky shore habitat, where Reef Egret and White-bellied Sea Eagle have been recorded within and in the vicinity of this habitat. 	IWMF site	Design team	•				EIAO-TM	N/A
7b.8.2.2	Measures to minimise loss of coastal subtidal habitat Extensive coral colonies were recorded at the coastal hard bottom habitat at Shek Kwu Chau. To avoid and minimise the extensive direct impact on the coral colonies, the proposed reclamation area has been moved further offshore to minimise loss of subtial habitat near shore.	IWMF site	Design team	✓				EIAO-TM	N/A
7b.8.2.3	 Zero Discharge Scheme The design scheme of the Project has avoided discharge of wastewater into the marine environment. mechanical treatment plant, or for onsite washdown and landscape. 	IWMF site	Design team, IWMF operator	√		√		WPCO	N/A
7b.8.2.4	Measures to avoid loss of plant species of conservation importance Landing portal construction works would not cause direct lost to the recorded individual of protected plant species,	Cheung Sha landing portal	Design team, Contractor	✓	√		✓	EIAO-TM	N/A

				Imple	ement	ation	Stages*	 Relevant Legislation and Guidelines 	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec		Status and Remarks
	 Aquilaria sinensis, at the coastal shrubland habitat at Cheung Sha. As a precautionary measure, the plant should be tagged with eye-catching tape and fenced off prior to works, in order to avoid any damage by workers. 								
7b.8.3.1- 7b.8.3.15	Measures to minimise water quality impact Measures for water quality as recommended in Section 5b of the EIA Report should be implemented.	Work site	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	\	✓	✓	✓	EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented
7b.8.3.16 - 7b.8.3.30	Measures to minimise disturbance on Finless Porpoise Minimisation of Habitat Loss for Finless Porpoise • Substantial revision has been made on the layout plan and form of the breakwater, in order to minimise the potential loss of important habitat for Finless Porpoise. The revision has greatly reduced the size of the embayment area, as well as the Project footprint. As a result, the size of habitat loss for Finless Porpoise has reduced from the original ~50 ha, down to ~31 ha. Avoidance of peak season for finless porpoise occurrence	IWMF site,	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	•	~	V		EIAO-TM, Supporting Document for Application for Variation of the Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	Implemented for avoidance of construction works that may produce underwater acoustic disturbance, Vessel Travel Route implementation, training of staff, MMEZ and marine mammal watching works during deployment of silt curtain; N/A for others
	To minimise potential acoustic disturbance from construction activities								

				Imple	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	on Finless Porpoise, construction works that may produce underwater acoustic disturbance should be scheduled outside the months with peak Finless Porpoise occurrence (December to May), including:								
	 sheet piling works for construction of cofferdam surrounding the reclamation area (Phase 1); sheet piling works for construction of the shorter section of breakwater (Phase 1); sheet piling works for construction of the remaining section of breakwater (Phase 3); bored piling works for berth area (Phase 3); and submarine cable installation works between Shek Kwu Chau and Cheung Sha. 								
	Such works should be restricted within June to November. This approach would not only avoid the peak season for Finless Porpoise occurrence, the magnitude of impacts arise from acoustic disturbance would also be minimised.								
	Submarine cable installation works								
	Since the DCM ground treatment and the installation of precast seawalls and								

				Imple	<u>eme</u> nta	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	breakwaters should generate no underwater								
	acoustic disturbance to Finless Porpoise, no								
	specific mitigation measures are required.								
	Opt for quieter construction methods and plants								
	Considering the sensitivity of marine								
	mammals to underwater acoustic								
	disturbance, instead of the previously								
	proposed conventional breakwater and								
	reclamation peripheral structure, which								
	requires noisy piling works, the current circular cells structure for breakwater								
	and reclamation peripheral structure is								
	proposed. A quieter sheet piling method								
	using vibratory hammer or hydraulic impact								
	hammer, should be adopted for the								
	installation of circular cells for cellular								
	cofferdam and northern breakwater during Phase 1, and southern								
	breakwater Phase 3;								
	Non-percussive bore piling method would								
	be adopted for the installation of tubular								
	piles for the berth construction during								
	Phase 3.								
	Monitored exclusion zones								
	During the installation/re-								
	installation/relocation process of floating type								
	silt curtains, in order to avoid the accidental								
	entrance and entrapment of marine								

				Imple	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	mammals within the silt curtains, a							24140111100	
	monitored exclusion zone of 250 m radius								
	from silt curtain should be implemented.								
	The exclusion zone should be closely								
	monitored by an experienced marine								
	mammal observer at least 30 minutes								
	before the start of installation/re-								
	installation/relocation process. If a marine								
	mammal is noted within the exclusion								
	zone, all marine works should stop								
	immediately and remain idle for 30 minutes,								
	or until the exclusion zone is free from								
	marine mammals.								
	The experienced marine mammal observer								
	should be well trained to detect marine								
	mammals. Binoculars should be used to								
	search the exclusion zone from an								
	elevated platform with unobstructed visibility.								
	The observer should also be independent								
	from the project proponent and has the								
	power to call-off construction activities.								
	 In addition, as marine mammals cannot 								
	be effectively monitored within the								
	proposed monitored exclusion zone at								
	night, or during adverse weather								
	conditions (i.e. Beaufort 5 or above,								
	visibility of 300 meters or below), marine								
	works should be avoided under weather								
	conditions with low visibility.								

				Imple	<u>emen</u> ta	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	Marine mammal watching plan								
	Upon the completion of the installation/re-installation/relocation of floating type silt curtain, all marine works would be conducted within a fully enclosed environment within the silt curtain, hence exclusion zone monitoring would no longer be required. Subsequently, a marine mammal watching plan should be implemented.								
	The plan should include regular inspection of silt curtains, and visual inspection of the waters surrounded by the curtains. Special attention should be paid to Phase 2 (reclamation) where the floating type still curtain would be opened occasionally for vessel access, leaving a temporary 50 m opening. An action plan should be devised to cope with any unpredicted incidents such as the case when marine mammals are found within the waters surrounded by the silt curtains.								
	Small openings at silt curtains								
	The openings for vessel access at the silt curtains should be as small as possible to minimise the risk of accidental entrance.								
	Adoption of regular travel route								

				Imple	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	During construction and operation, captains								
	of all vessels should adopt regular travel								
	route, in order to minimize the chance of								
	vessel collision with marine mammals, which may otherwise result in damage to								
	health or mortality. The regular travel								
	route should avoid areas with high								
	sighting density of Finless Porpoise as much								
	as possible.								
	Vessel speed limit								
	The frequent vessel traffic in the vicinity								
	of works area may increase the chance of								
	mammal mammals being killed or								
	seriously injured by vessel collision. A								
	speed limit of ten knots should be strictly enforced within areas with high density of								
	Finless Porpoise.								
	Passive acoustic monitoring and land-based								
	theodolite monitoring surveys should be								
	adopted to verify the predicted impacts								
	and effectiveness of the proposed								
	mitigation measures.								
	Training of Staff								
	Staff, including captains of vessels,								
	should be aware of the guidelines for safe								
	vessel operations in the presence of								
	cetaceans during construction and								

				Impl	emen	tation	Stages*	Legislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec		Status and Remarks
	operation phases. Adequate trainings should be provided								
7b.8.3.31 - 7b.8.3.34	Measures to minimise impact on corals Coral translocation	IWMF site	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	✓	√	✓	✓	EIAO-TM	Implemented, tagged coral found missing after hitting by typhoons
	 Coral communities within and in proximity to the proposed dredging sites would be disturbed by the Project due to the dredging operations. In order to minimise direct loss of coral communities, translocation of corals that are attached to movable rocks with diameter less than 50 cm are recommended. In order to avoid disturbance to corals during the spawning period, the spawning season of corals (June to August) should be avoided; and that translocation should be carried out during the winter season (November- March). 								Re-tagging of 10 coral colonies at indirect impact site and control site were conducted in November and December 2018 respectively.
	The REA survey results suggest that the 198 directly affected coral colonies were attached to movable rocks (less than 50 cm in diameter). It is technically feasible to translocate them to avoid direct loss.								
	Prior to coral translocation, a more detailed baseline survey, including event / action plan for coral monitoring should be submitted upon approval of this Project, prior to commencement of								

					Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementat Agent	ion	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	construction works. Advice from relevant governmental departments (i.e. AFCD) and professionals would be sought after, in order to identify a desirable location for the relocation of coral communities. Post-translocation monitoring on the translocated corals should also be considered.									
	Coral monitoring programme									
	 A coral monitoring programme is recommended to assess any adverse and unacceptable impacts to the coral communities at the coasts of Shek Kwu Chau during construction of the Project. 									
	Phasing of Works									
	To minimize environmental impacts, the proposed phasing of construction works has been carefully designed to reduce the amount of concurrent works, hence minimize SS elevation and the associated impacts on corals.									
7b.8.3.35 - 7b.8.3.41	Specific measures to minimize disturbance on breeding White-bellied Sea Eagle Avoidance of noisy works during the	IWMF site, marine traffic route		am, WMF	√	√	✓	√	EIAO-TM	Implemented
	breeding season of White-bellied Sea Eagle									
	 To minimize potential noise disturbance 									

				Imple	<u>emen</u> ta	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	from construction activities on WBSE, noisy construction works should be scheduled								
	outside their breeding season (December to May) to minimise potential degradation in								
	breeding ground quality and breeding								
	activities, including:								
	- sheet piling works for construction								
	of cofferdam surrounding the								
	reclamation area (Phase 1); - sheet piling works for construction of								
	the shorter section of breakwater								
	(Phase 1);								
	 sheet piling works for construction of the remaining section of breakwater 								
	(Phase 3); and								
	 bored piling works for berth area (Phase 								
	3).								
	Opt for quieter construction methods and plants								
	To minimise potential construction noise								
	disturbance on WBSE, quieter construction								
	methods and plants should be adopted. The recommended noise mitigation measures in								
	the Noise chapter (Section 4b.8 of the								
	EIA Report) should be implemented to								
	minimise potential noise disturbance to								
	acceptable levels.								
	Restriction on vessel access near the nest of								
	White-bellied Sea Eagle								

				Imple	<u>ement</u>	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	 During construction and operation, in order to minimize disturbance on the existing WBSE nest, a pre-defined practical route to restrict vessel access near the nest should be adopted to keep vessels and boats as far away from the nest as possible. White-bellied Sea Eagle monitoring programme A WBSE monitoring programme is recommended to assess any adverse and unacceptable impacts to the breeding activities of WBSE during construction and operation of the Project. Monitoring surveys for WBSE would include preconstruction phase (twice per month for duration of three months during their breeding season -between December and May, immediately before the commencement of works), construction phase, and operation phase (two years after the completion of construction works). 								
	 Surveys should be conducted twice per month during their breeding season (from December to May); and once per month outside breeding season (June to November). More details on monitoring for WBSE are presented in the EM&A Manual. 								

				Impl	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	Staff, including captains of all vessels during construction and operation phases, should be aware of the ecological importance of WBSE. Awareness should be raised among staff to minimise any intentional or unintentional disturbance to the nest. Minimisation of Glare Disturbance To minimise glare disturbance on WBSE, which may cause disorientation of birds by interfering with their magnetic compass, and disruption in behavioural patterns such as reproduction, fat storage and foraging pattern, any unnecessary outdoor lighting should be avoided, and in-ward and down-ward							Guidelines	TO THE STATE OF TH
-	pointing of lights should be adopted. Construction of Seawall/Breakwaters To widen the open channel between the Artificial Island and Shek Kwu Chau. To design the precast concrete seawall with environmental friendly features.	IWMF site	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	-	*			Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	N/A
7b.8.3.42	Opt for Quieter Construction Methods and Plants • Quieter construction methods and plants	Work site	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	-	√	✓	✓	EIAO-TM	Implemented

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing		Impl	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref			Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	should be used to minimise disturbance to the nearby terrestrial habitat and the associated wildlife.								
7b.8.3.43	Measures to minimize impacts from artificial lighting Unnecessary lighting should be avoided, and shielding of lights should be provided to minimize disturbance from light pollution on fauna groups.	IWMF site	Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	√	✓	✓		EIAO-TM	Implemented
7b.8.3.44 - 7b.8.3.45	 Measures to minimize accidental spillage Regular maintenance of vessels, vehicles and equipment that may cause leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within pre-designated areas, which are appropriately equipped to control the associated discharges. Oils, fuels and chemicals should be contained in suitable containers, and only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be sited on sealed areas in order to prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to the nearby watercourses. All waste oils and fuels should be collected in designated tanks prior to disposal. 	Work site	Contractor, IWMF operator		•	~		EIAO-TM	Implemented
7b.8.3.46	Measures to minimise sewage effluent Temporary sanitary facilities, such as	Work site	Contractor		√			EIAO-TM	N/A

		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imple	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce.								
7b.8.3.47	 Measures to minimise drainage and construction runoff Potential ecological impacts resulted from potential degradation of water quality due to unmitigated surface runoff could be minimised via the detailed mitigation measures in Section 5b.8 of the EIA Report. The following presents some of the mitigation measures: On-site drainage system with implemented sedimentation control facilities. Channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct storm water to silt removal facilities. Provision of embankment at boundaries of earthworks for flood protection. Water pumped out from foundation piles must be discharged into silt removal facilities. During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable. Exposed soil surface should be minimized to reduce siltation and runoff. Earthwork final surfaces should be 	Work site	Contractor		•			EIAO-TM	N/A

		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imple	ement	ation (Stages*	l egislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	well compacted. Subsequent permanent surface protection should be immediately performed. - Open stockpiles of construction materials, and construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.								
7b.8.3.48	Measures to minimise impacts from general construction activities	Work site	Contractor		√			EIAO-TM	Implemented
	To avoid the entering of construction solid waste into the nearby habitats, construction solid waste should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering to the nearby habitats. It is recommended to clean the construction sites on a regular basis.								
7b.8.3.49	Pest Control Good waste management practices should be adopted at the IWMF in order to minimise the risk of introduction of pest to the island:	IWMF site	IWMF operator			√			N/A
	 Transportation of wastes in enclosed containers Waste storage area should be well maintained and cleaned Waste should only be disposed of at designated areas Timely removal of the newly arrived waste Removal of items that are capable of 								

		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imple	ementa	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	retaining water - Rapid clean up of any waste spillages - Maintenance of a tidy and clean site environment - Regular application of pest control - Education of staff the importance of site cleanliness								
7b.8.3.50	Control of Marine Habitat Quality during Operation Phase	IWMF site	IWMF operator			✓		EIAO-TM; WPCO	N/A
	Depending on the seabed condition of the approach channel for marine vessels during operation phase of the IWMF, maintenance dredging may be required to ensure safe access. In order to avoid degradation in water quality due to elevation in SS and dispersion of sediment plume due to dredging works, it is recommended that any future maintenance dredging works should not be carried out within 100 m from the shore, similar to that of the dredging for anti-scouring protection layer during construction phase. All maintenance dredging works should be carried out with the implementation of silt curtain to control the dispersion of SS. The production rate should comply with the permit dredging rate and number of grab per hour.								
7b.8.4.1 - 7b.8.4.8	Compensation of loss of important habitat of Finless Porpoise	Waters between Shek Kwu Chau and Soko Islands	Project Proponent	✓		✓		EIAO-TM	N/A

		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imple	<u>emen</u> ta	ation \$	Stages*	Legislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	Designation of Marine Park								
	 The Project Proponent has made a firm commitment to seek to designate a marine park of approximately 700 ha in the waters between Soko Islands and Shek Kwu Chau, in accordance with the statutory process stipulated in the Marine Parks Ordinance, as a compensation measure for the habitat loss arising from the construction of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC. The Project Proponent shall seek to complete the designation by 2018 to tie in with the operation of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC. 								
	A further study should be carried out to review relevant previous studies and collate available information on the ecological characters of the proposed area for marine park designation; and review available survey data for Finless Porpoise, water quality, fisheries, marine traffic and planned development projects in the vicinity. Based on the findings, ecological profiles of the proposed area for marine park designation should be established, and the extent and location of the proposed marine park be determined. The adequacy of enhancement measures should also be reviewed.								

		Location / Timing	_		Imple	ementa	ation	Stages*	Legislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures		Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks	
	 In addition, a management plan for the proposed marine park should be proposed, covering information on the responsible departments for operation and management (O&M) of the marine park, as well as the O&M duties of each of the departments involved. Consultation with relevant government departments and stakeholders should be conducted under the study. The study should be submitted to Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) for approval before the commencement of construction works. The Project Proponent should provide assistance to AFCD during the process of the marine park designation. 									
7b.8.5.1 - 7b.8.5.4	Additional Enhancement or Precautionary Measures Deployment of Artificial Reefs • Deployment of artificial reefs (ARs) is an enhancement measure for the marine habitats. ARs are proposed to be deployed within the proposed marine park under this Project. The exact location, dimension and type of ARs to be deployed are to be further investigated along with the further study of the proposed marine park under this Project. The proposed ARs would be deployed at the same time as the complete		the park this	Project Proponent	✓		✓		EIAO-TM	N/A

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	designation of marine park.								
	Release of Fish Fry at Artificial Reefs and Marine Park								
	 Release of fish fry at the proposed ARs, as well as the proposed marine park under this study, should enhance the fish resources in the nearby waters, and subsequently food sources for Finless Porpoise. The proposed ARs with various micro-habitats would have the potential to provide shelter and nursery ground for the released fish fry. The frequency and quantity of fry to be released should be agreed by AFCD. 								

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.6 Implementation Schedule for Fisheries Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

		1	_		Imple	ementa	ation	Stages*	Legislation	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implemer Agei		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
8b.8.1.2	Measure to minimize loss of and disturbance on fisheries resources	IWMF site	Design contractor	team,	✓	✓		√	EIAO-TM	N/A
	 Alteration to the phasing of works, construction method, and layout plan of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC has been made. The total fishing ground to be permanently lost due to the project has been significantly reduced from ~50 ha to ~31 ha. By adopting the current circular cells instead of the conventional seawall construction method, SS elevation would be greatly reduced, minimizing adverse impact on the health of fisheries resources. 									
8b.8.1.3	Measure to minimize impingement and entrainment	IWMF site	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	✓	✓	✓		EIAO-TM	N/A
	 Provision of a screen at the water intake point for desalination plant would be essential to minimize the risk of impingement and entrainment of fisheries resources (including fish, larvae and egg) through the intake point. 									

		Location / Timing		Implementation Agent		Imple	ement	ation	Stages*	* Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures					Des	C O Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks		
8b.8.1.4- 8b.8.1.6	 Measures to control water quality No wastewater effluent, anti-fouling agent, heavy metals and other contaminants would be released during operation phase of the Project. Mitigation measures recommended in the water quality impact assessment during construction and operation would serve to protect fisheries resources from indirect impacts resulted from the Project 	Work site	e, VMF	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	•	√	•	\	EIAO-TM	Implemented
8b.8.1.7 - 8b.8.1.8	Additional Enhancement / Precautionary Measures Artificial Reefs (ARs) are proposed to be deployed within the proposed marine park under this Project as an enhancement measure for the marine habitats. This enhancement feature would bring positive impacts to the previously identified important spawning and nursery ground for fisheries resources. Release of Fish Fry at Artificial Reefs Release of fish fry has been proposed under this Project. The proposed deployment of ARs within the proposed marine park would provide shelter and nursery ground for the released fish fry. The frequency and quantity of fry to be released should be agreed by AFCD.	Within proposed marine in the w between Islands Shek Chau		Project Pro	ponent	✓		✓		EIAO-TM	N/A

^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.7 Implementation Schedule for Landscape and Visual Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures		Implementation Agent	Impl	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref		Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MLVC- 01	Grass-hydroseeded bare soil surface and stock pile area	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		√				N/A
S10b.10 MLVC-02	Landscape Design 1) Early planting using fast grow trees and tall shrubs at strategic locations within site as buffer to block view corridors to the site from the VSRs, and to locally screen haul roads, excavation works and site preparation works.	Work site / During design & construction phases	Contractor	✓ ·	•				N/A
	Use of tree species of dense tree crown to serve as visual barrier.								
	3) Hard and soft landscape treatment (e.g. trees and shrubs) of open areas within development to provide a background for the outdoor containers from open view, shade and shelter, and a green appearance from surrounding viewpoints.								
	 Planting strip along the periphery of the project site. 								
	5) Selected tree species suitable for the coastal condition.								

	Environmental Protection		Implementation	Imple	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Agent	Des	С		Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks	
S10b.10 MLVC-03	Adoption of Natural Features of the Existing Shoreline 1) Use of boulders in different sizes and with the similar textures of the existing rocky shores for the construction of breakwater and artificial shoreline in order to blend into the existing natural shoreline. 2) Use of cellular cofferdam together with the natural boulders to form a curvature shoreline for the reclamation area to echo with the natural shoreline of SKC.	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		•				N/A
S10b.10 MLVC-04	Greening Design (Rooftop & Vertical Greening) 1) Implementation of rooftop and vertical greening (vertical building envelope) along the periphery of each building block to increase the amenity value of the work, moderate temperature extremes and enhance building energy performance. The greening appearance of the building shall enhance its visual harmony with the natural surroundings as well as reduce the apparent visual mass of the structure. 2) Sufficient space between concrete	Work site / During design & construction phases	Contractor	V	✓				N/A
	enclosure and stack to minimize heat transfer.								
	3) Introduction of landscape decks at the stack to further enhance the overall natural and green concept unique for this site.								

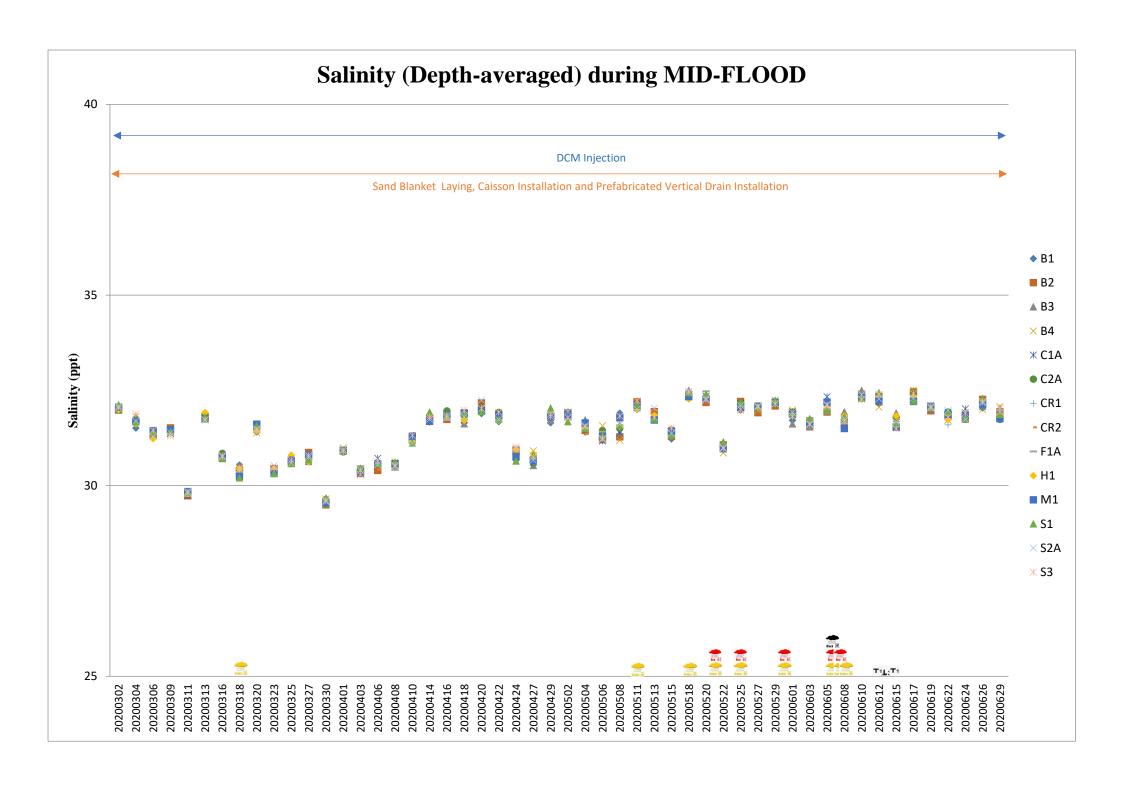
	Environmental Protection		Implementation Agent	Imple	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation				
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks				
S10b.10 MVC-01	Visual Mitigation and Aesthetic Design	Structures in IWMF / During design & constructio	Contractor	✓	✓				N/A				
WVC-UT	Use of natural materials with recessive color to minimize the bulkiness of the building.												
	 Adoption of innovative aesthetic design to the chimney to minimize or visually mitigate the massing of the chimney so as to reduce its visual impact to the surroundings. 	n phases											
	 Color of the chimney in a gradual changing manner to match with the color of the sky. 												
	 Provision of observation deck for public enjoyment at the top of the chimney to diminish the feeling of chimney. 												
	5) Provision of sky gardens between the two stacks to allow additional greening for enhancing the aesthetic quality. Maintenance access (elevator and staircase) from the ground floor to the sky gardens will be provided to allow maintenance of the sky gardens.												
	 Integration of the visitor's walkway with different material façade design of incinerator plant to enhance the aesthetic quality. 												
S10b.10 MVC-02	Control of the security floodlight for construction areas at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding receiver.	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓				Implemented				

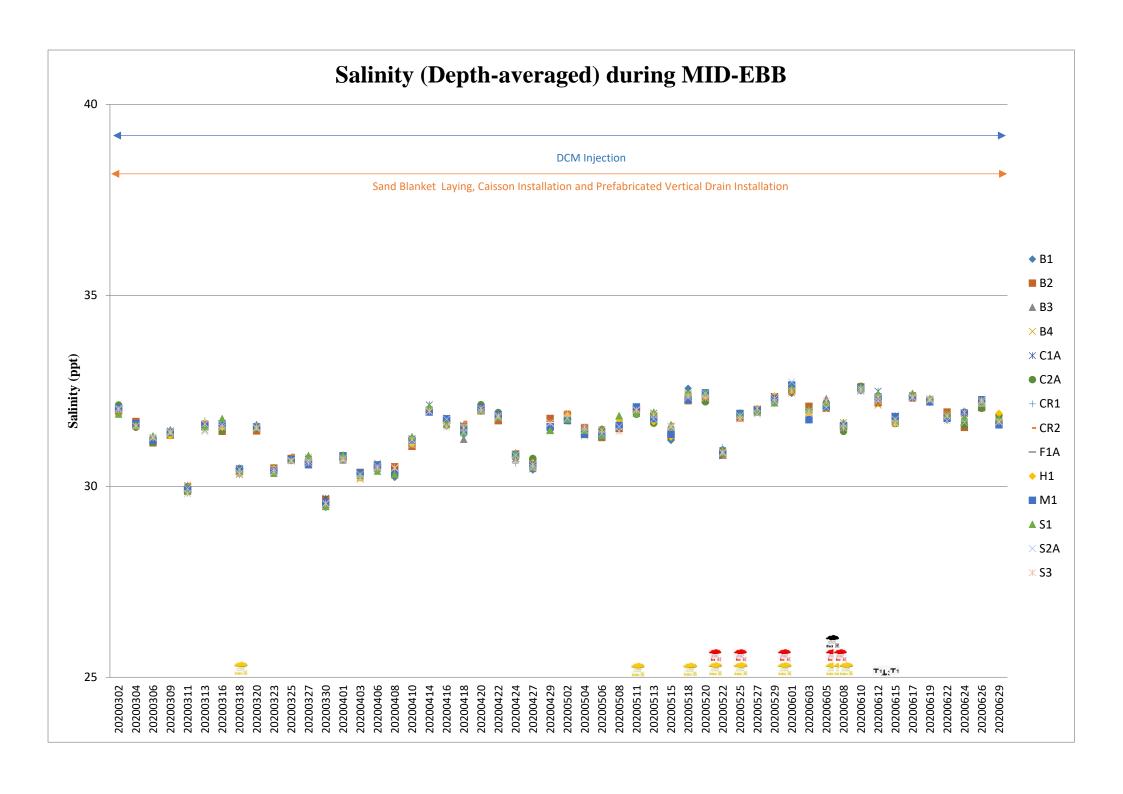
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation			Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
				Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MVC-03	Optimization of the construction sequence and construction programme to minimize the duration of impact.	Work site / During design & construction phases	Contractor	√	✓				Implemented
S10b.10 MVC-04	Storage of the backfilling materials for site formation & construction materials / wastes on site at a maximum height of 2m, covered with an impermeable material of visually un-obtrusive material (in earth tone).	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓				N/A
S10b.10 MVC-05	Reduction of the number of construction traffic at the site to practical minimum.	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		√				Implemented
S10b.10 MLVO-01	Planting Maintenance Provision of proper planting maintenance and replacement of defective plant species on the new planting areas to enhance aesthetic and landscape quality.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			✓			N/A
S10b.10 MVO-01	Environmental Education Centre Development of an Environmental Education Center, in which regular exhibitions and lectures to promote environmental awareness and waste reduction concept would be provided, as a part of the IWMF for the general public to alleviate negative public perceptions of the development.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			√			N/A
S10b.10 MVO-02	Control of Light Control the numbers of lights and their intensity to a level that is good enough to meet the safety requirements at night but not excessive.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			√			N/A

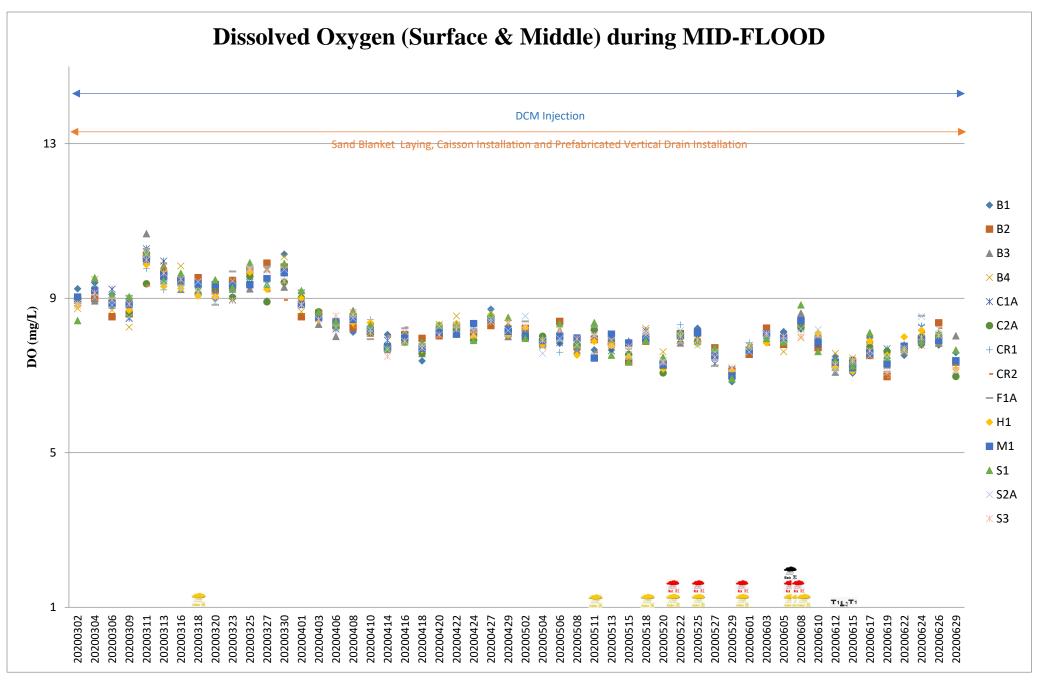
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages*				Relevant	Implementation
				Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MVO-03	Control of Operation Time Minimization of the frequency of waste transportation to practical minimum (e.g. limit the reception of MSW from 8 am to 8 pm)	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			√			N/A

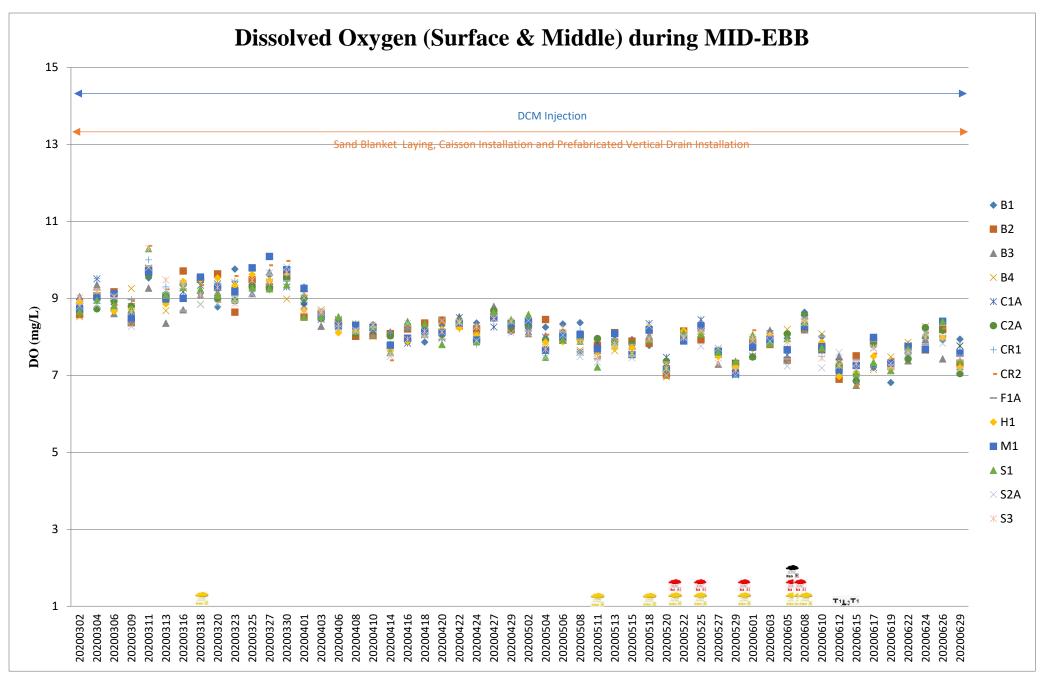
^{*} Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

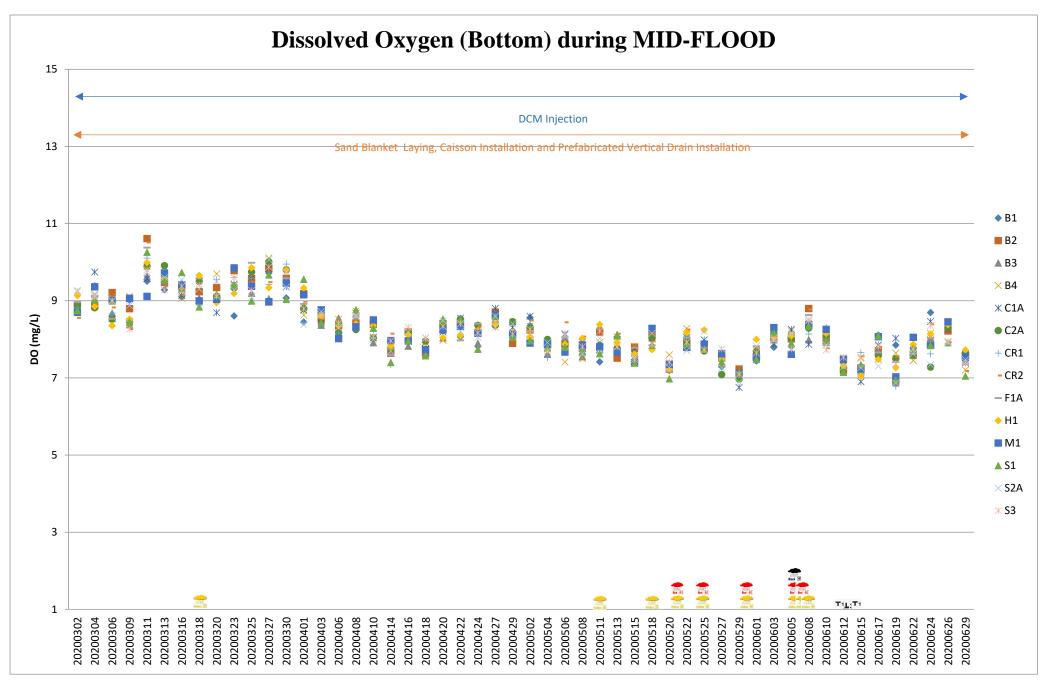
Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix C	Water Quality Monitor	ring Data Trending

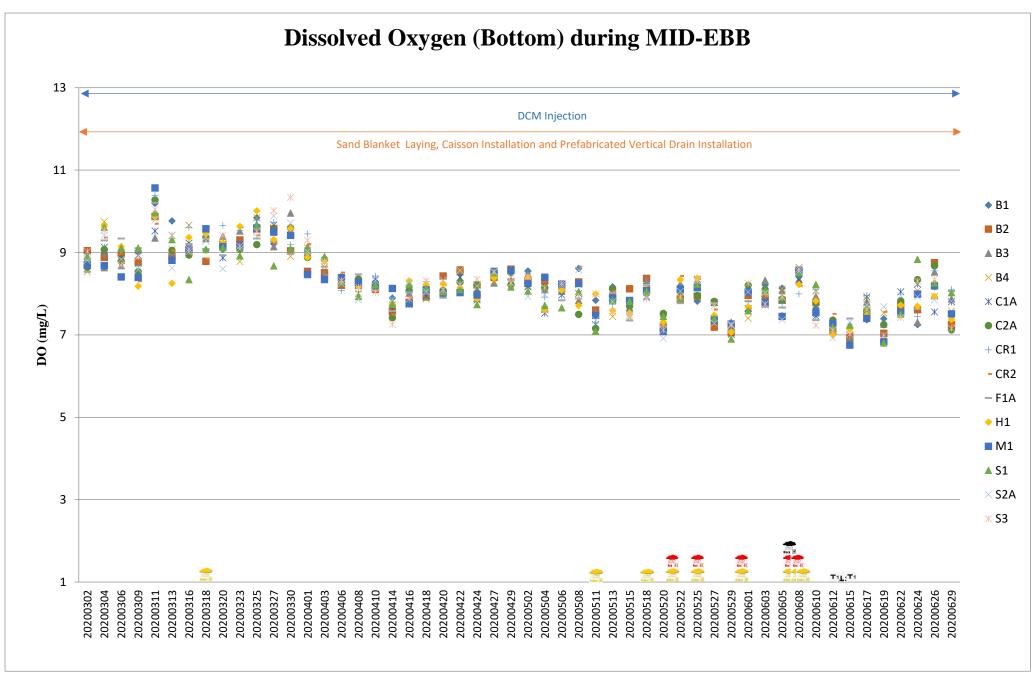


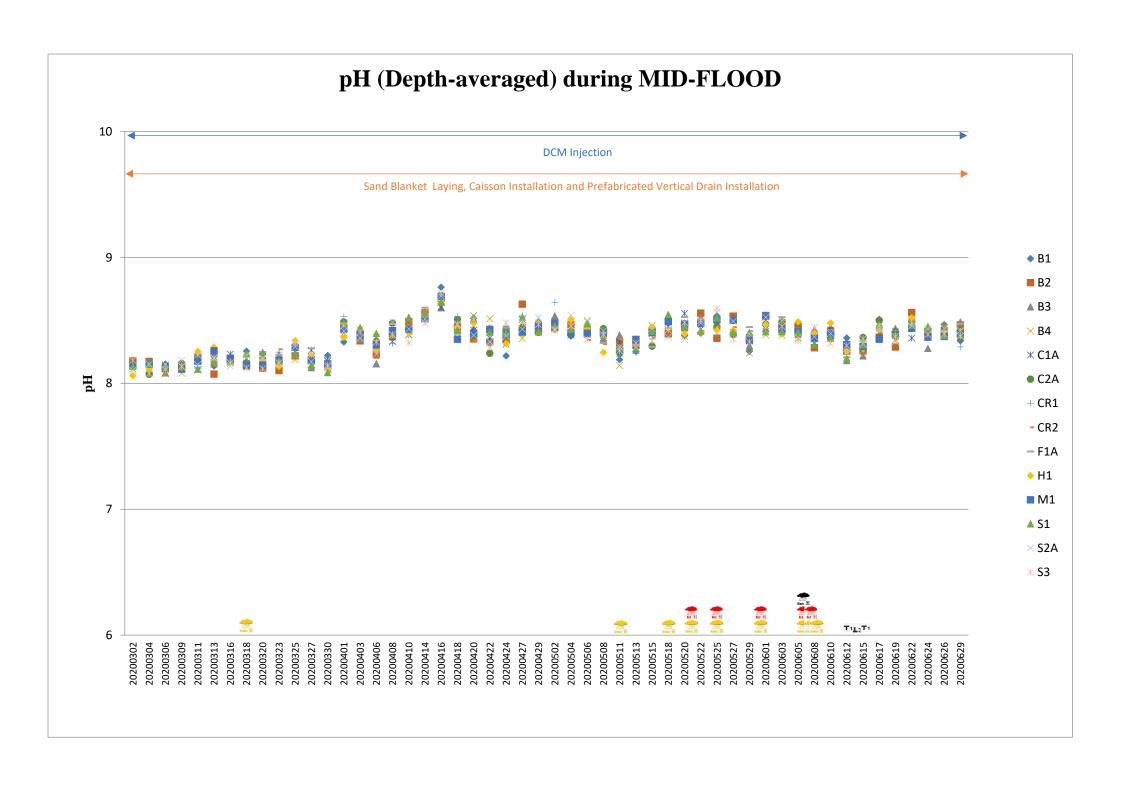


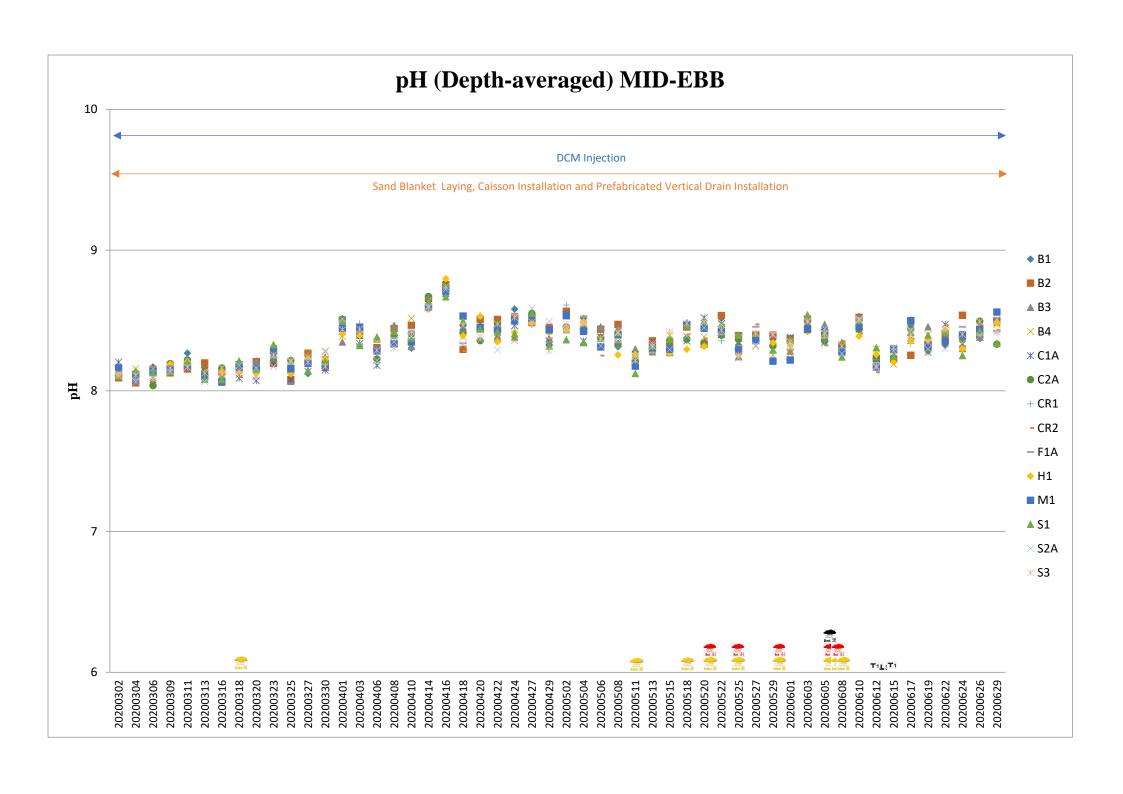


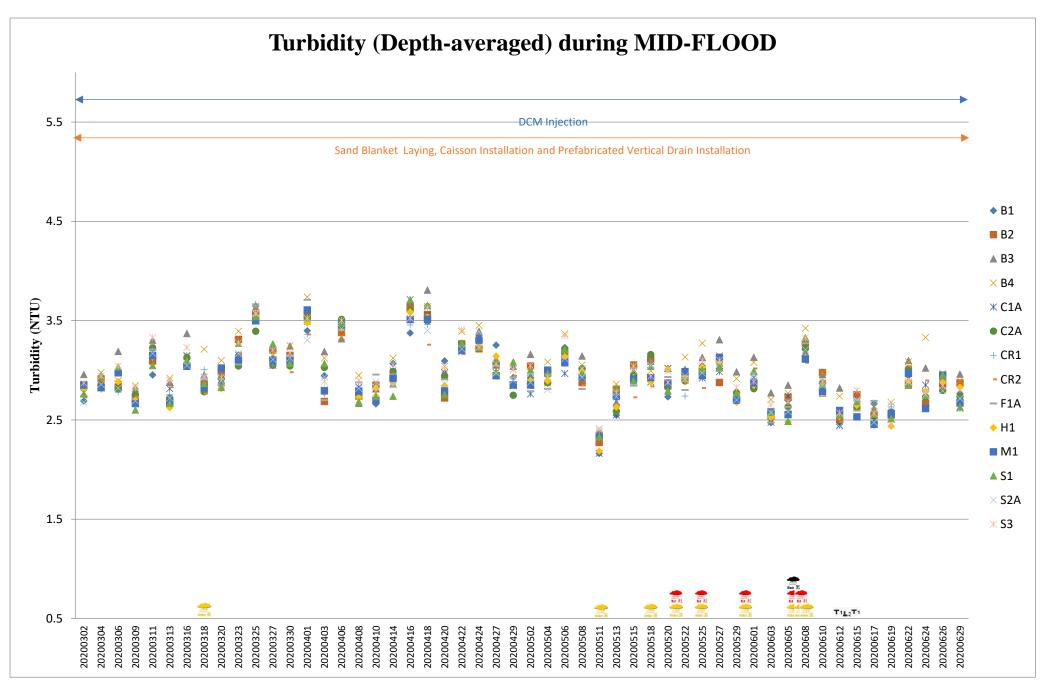


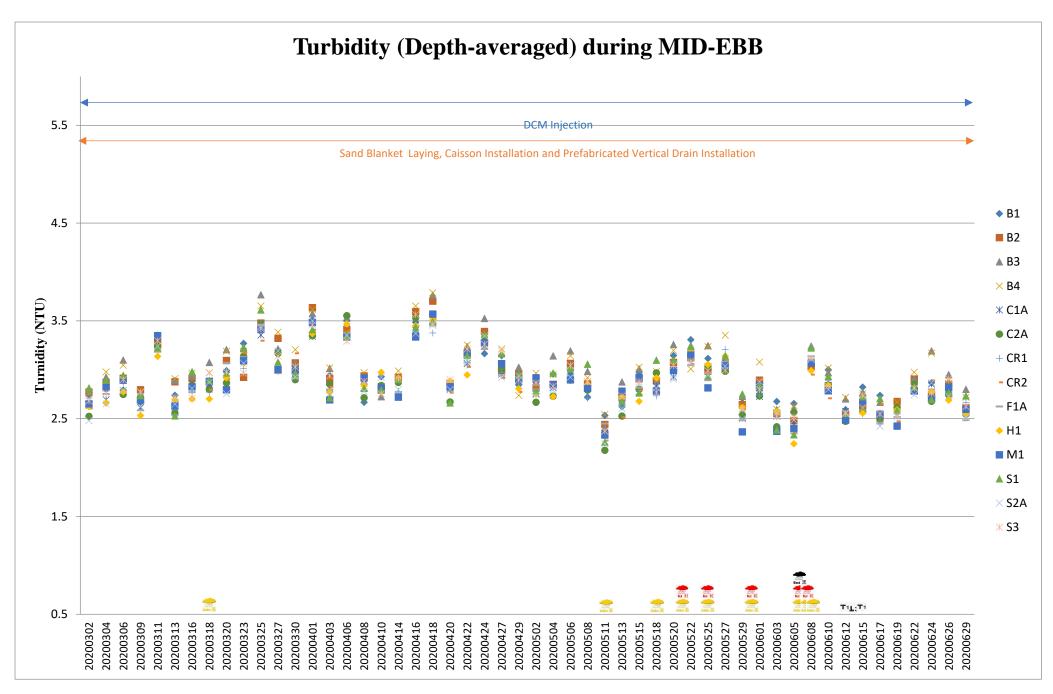




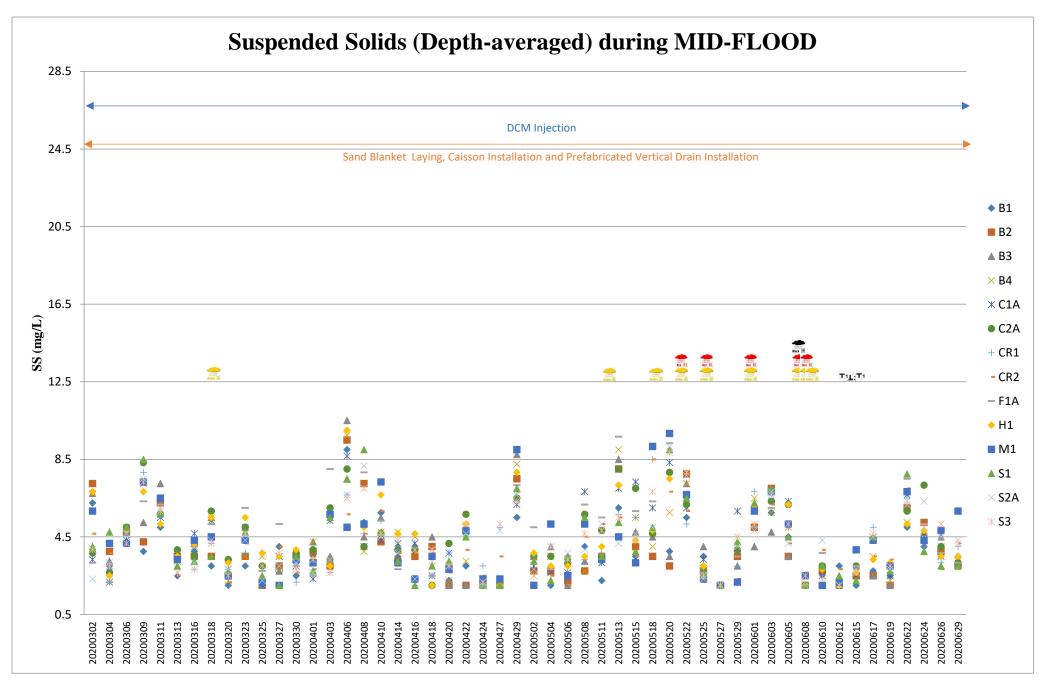




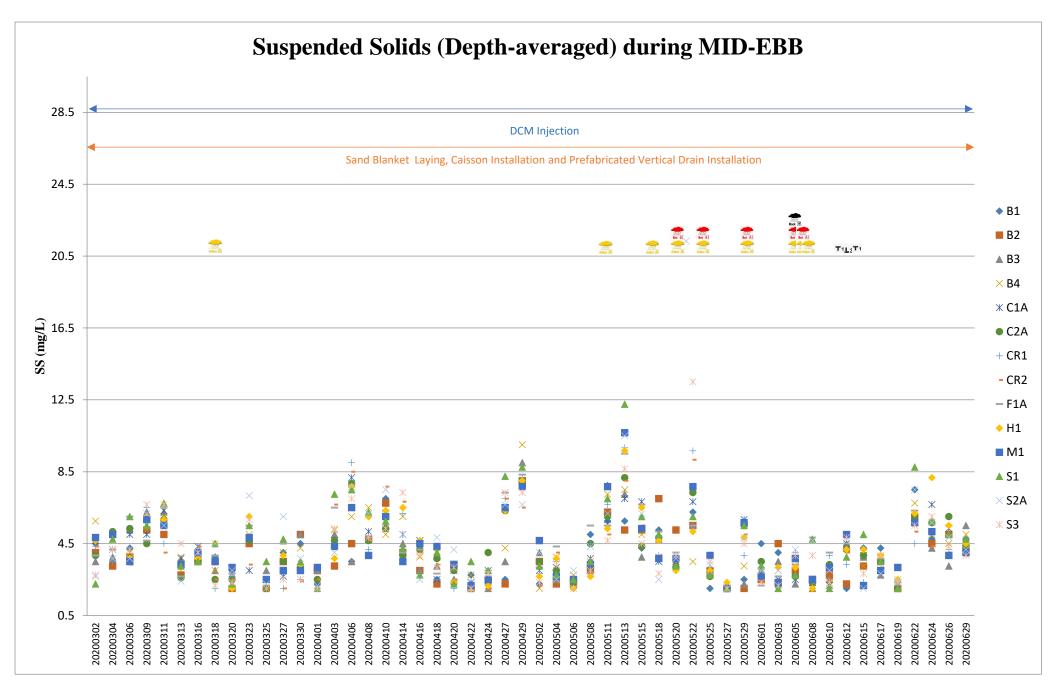




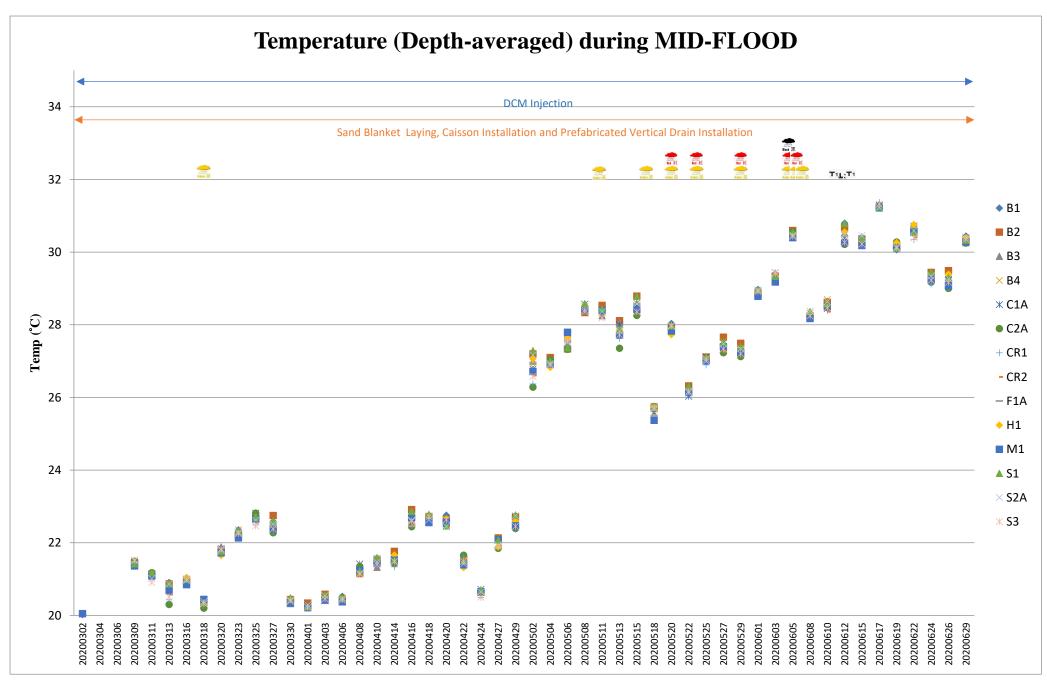
Note: The Action and Limit Level of turbidity can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.



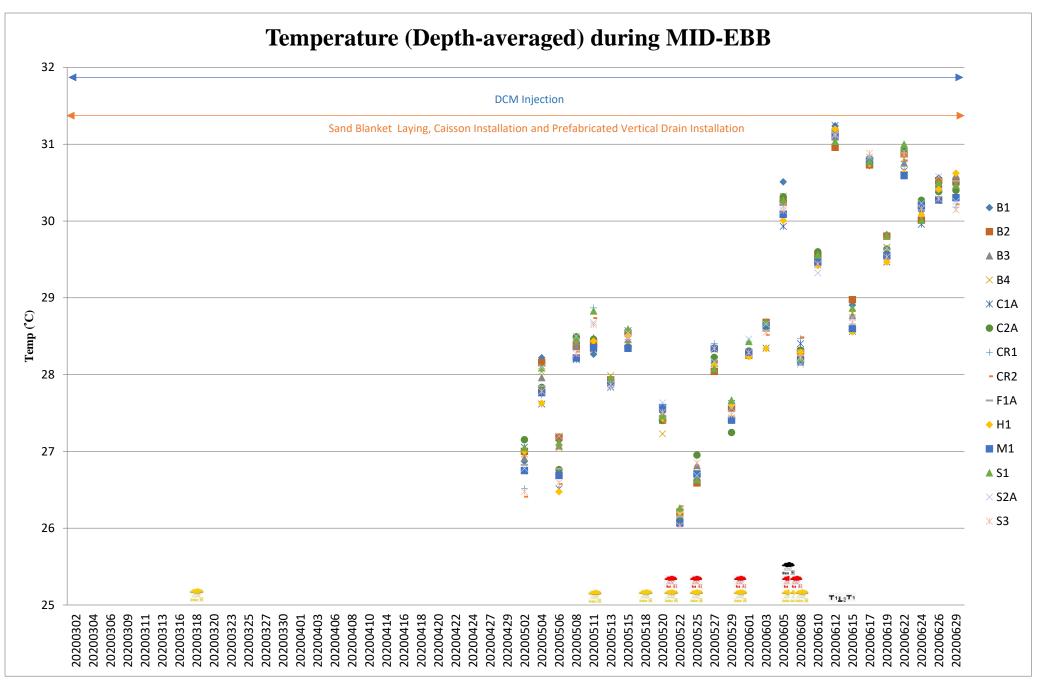
Note: The Action and Limit Level of suspended solids can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.



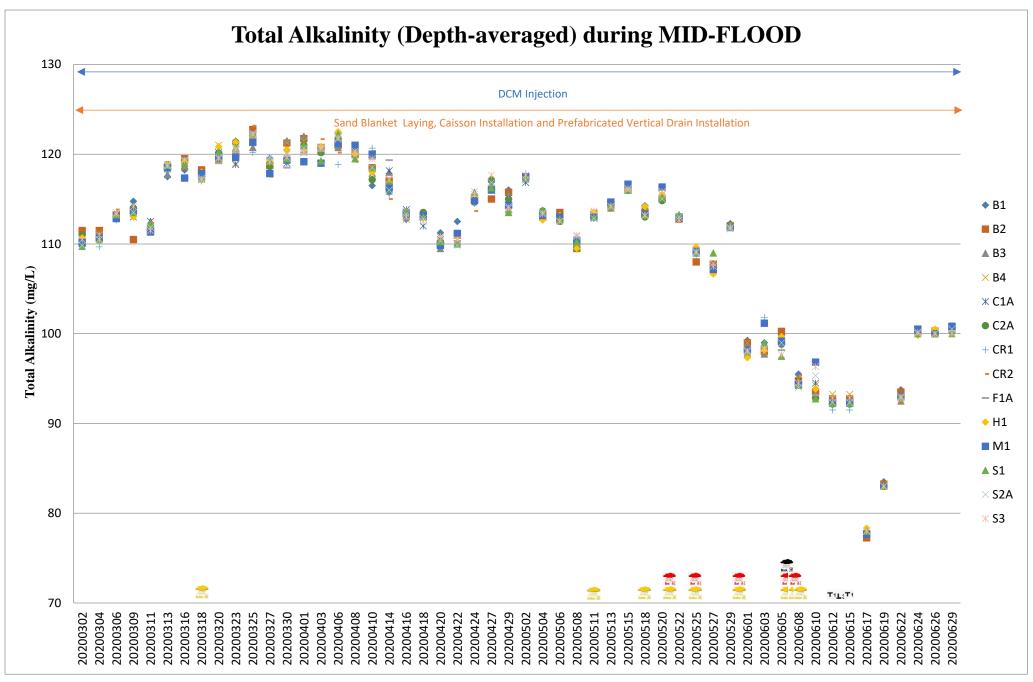
Note: The Action and Limit Level of suspended solids can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.



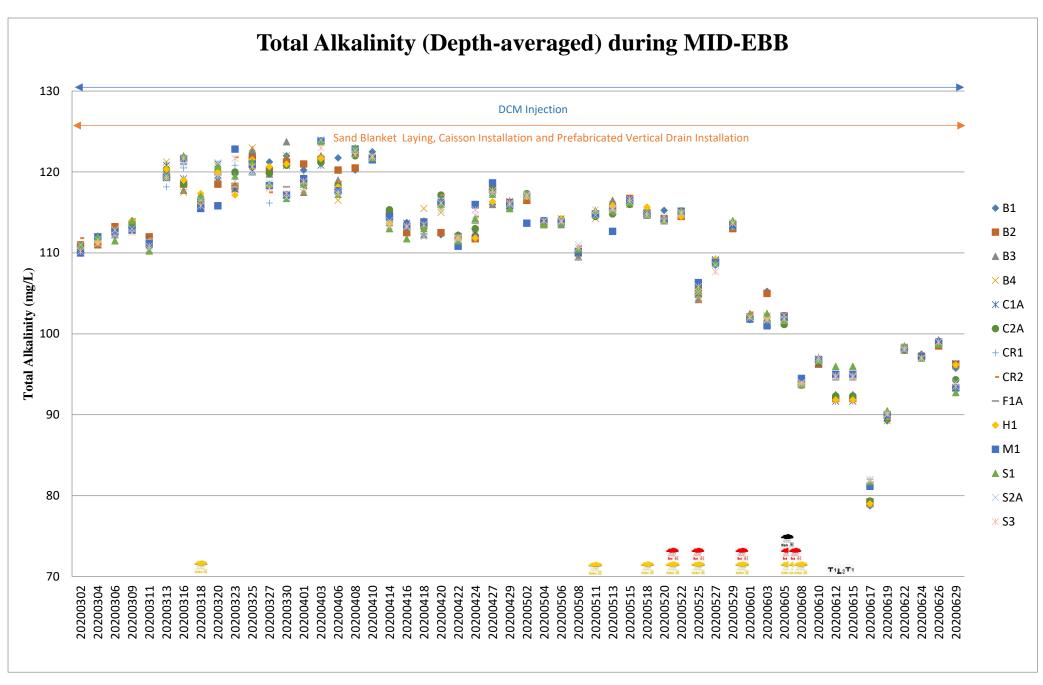
Note: The Action and Limit Level of temperature can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.



Note: The Action and Limit Level of temperature can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.

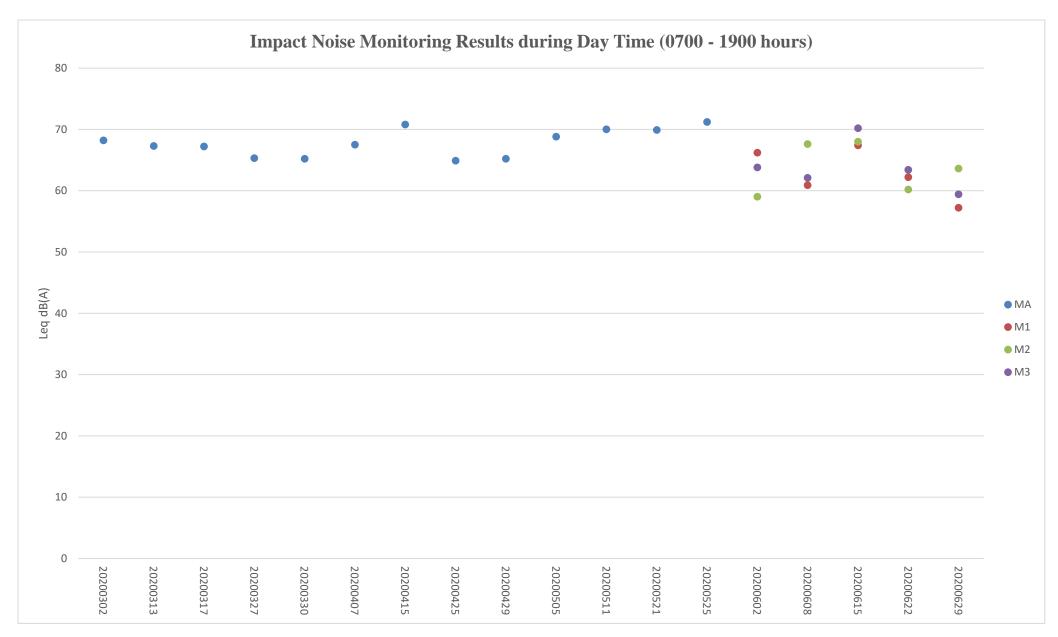


Note: The Action and Limit Level of total alkalinity can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.



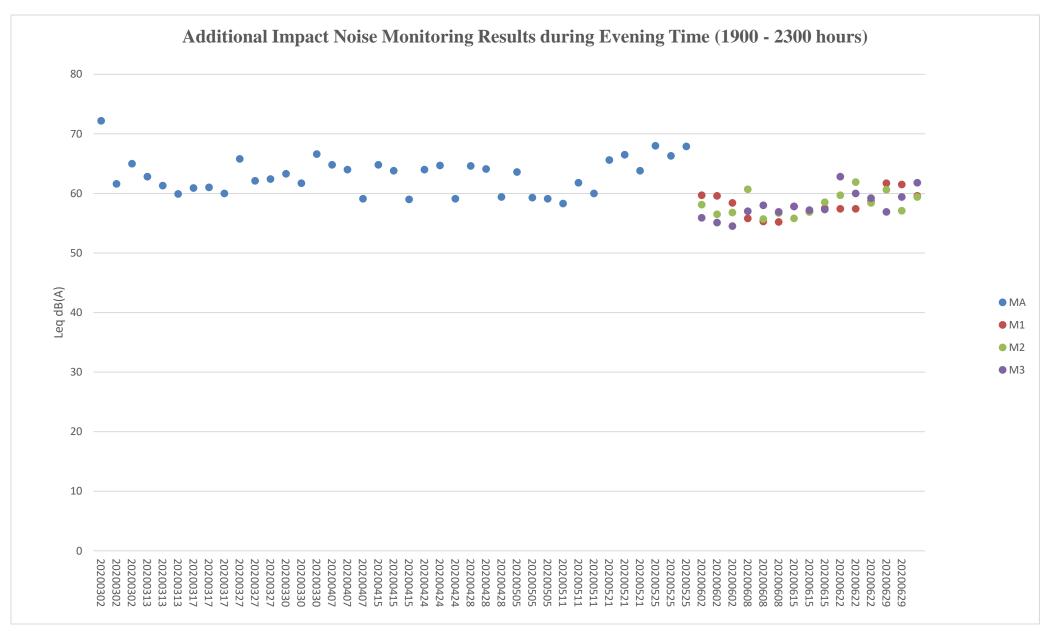
Note: The Action and Limit Level of total alkalinity can be referred to Table 2.2 & 2.3 of the quarterly EM&A report.

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix D	Noise Monitoring Data To	rending



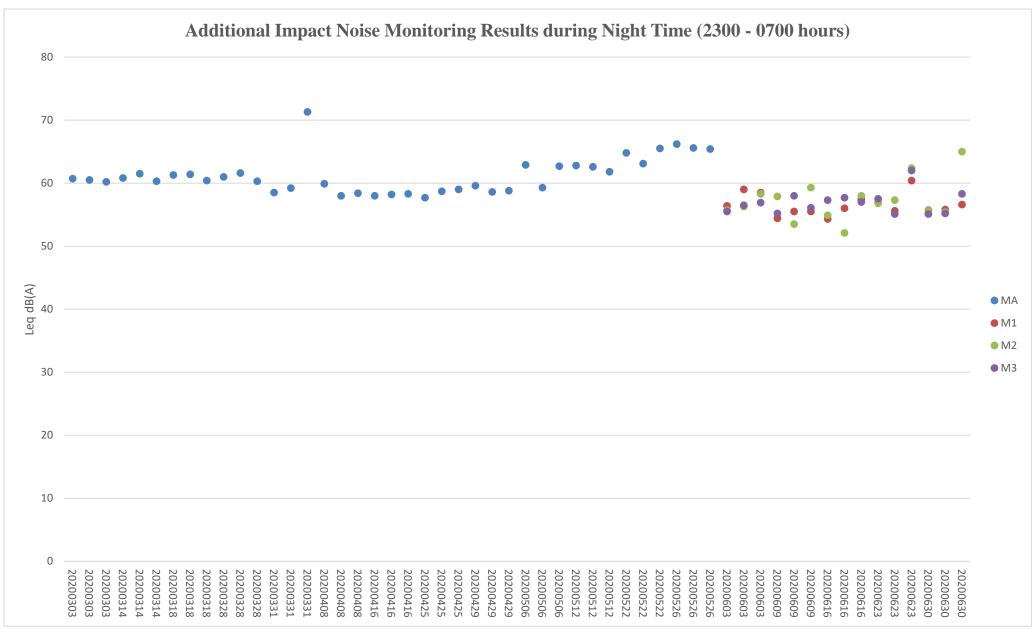
^{*}Based on the concern of novel coronavirus during Feb to May 2020, access to Shek Kwu Chau was rejected by SADRA. Hence, the alternative noise monitoring location (MA) at the farthest barge outside the site boundary was proposed by ET and agreed by IEC which subject to EPD approval.

^{**}A correction of +3 dB(A) would be made to the free field measurements.



^{*}Based on the concern of novel coronavirus during Feb to May 2020, access to Shek Kwu Chau was rejected by SADRA. Hence, the alternative noise monitoring location (MA) at the farthest barge outside the site boundary was proposed by ET and agreed by IEC which subject to EPD approval.

**A correction of +3 dB(A) would be made to the free field measurements.



^{*}Based on the concern of novel coronavirus during Feb to May 2020, access to Shek Kwu Chau was rejected by SADRA. Hence, the alternative noise monitoring location (MA) at the farthest barge outside the site boundary was proposed by ET and agreed by IEC which subject to EPD approval.

^{**}A correction of +3 dB(A) would be made to the free field measurements.

Summary of the Construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Period

Location of works	Construction activities undertaken	Remarks on progress
Breakwater	Sand blanket laying	On-going
	DCM installation	On-going
Reclamation area	 Sand blanket laying 	• On-going
Seawall portion	DCM installation	• Completed
	Coring for DCM cluster	On-going
	• Dredging	• 72,156.7042 m³ of dredged sediment in bulk quantity was dumped at relevant dumping site in total up to 30 June 2020.
	Cone penetration test	On-going
	Installation of caisson	On-going
	• Installation of Prefabricated Vertical Drain	On-going
Portion 8	Site trial of sorting facilities	On-going

Location: Alternative noise monitoring location (FTB-17)

Monitoring date: 7, 15, 25 & 29 April 2020 (Daytime)

7&8, 15&16, 24&25, 28&29 April 2020 (Evening & Night time)

Parameter : $L_{eq 30min}$ (Daytime), $L_{eq 5min}$ (Evening & Night time)

Noise source other than construction activities from

the Project:

Sound of sea waves

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c}L_{eq\;30min}\\dB(A)\:/\\L_{eq\;5min}\\dB(A)\end{array}$	Free- field Corr., dB(A)	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
7 Apr 2020	16:05	-	16:35	Sunny	64.5	67.5	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
7 Apr	19:05	-	19:10	Fine	61.8	64.8	SVANTEK 971	Rion NC-74 (No.
2020	20:05	-	20:10		61.0	64.0	(Serial No. 77731)	34504770)
2020	21:05	-	21:10		56.1	59.1	(Schai 10. 77731)	34304770)
0.4	01:05	-	01:10		56.9	59.9	CVA NEETA OZI	D' NG 74 OI
8 Apr 2020	03:05	-	03:10	Fine	55.0	58.0	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:05	-	05:10		55.4	58.4	(Scharto. 11731)	54504770)
15 Apr 2020	16:03	-	16:33	Sunny	67.8	70.8	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
15 Apr	19:03	-	19:08		61.8	64.8	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	20:03	-	20:08	Fine	60.8	63.8		
2020	21:03	-	21:08		56.0	59.0		
16.4	01:03	-	01:08		55.0	58.0	CVA NEETA OZI	
16 Apr 2020	03:03	-	03:08	Fine	55.2	58.2	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:03	-	05:08		55.3	58.3	(Scharto. 11131)	34304770)
24 4	19:12	-	19:17		61.0	64.0	SVANTEK 971	Dian NC 74 (Na
24 Apr 2020	20:12	-	20:17	Fine	61.7	64.7	(Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:12	-	21:17		56.1	59.1	(Seliai No. 77751)	34304770)
25 1	01:12	-	01:17		54.7	57.7	CMANTEL 071	Dian NC 74 (No
25 Apr 2020	03:12	-	03:17	Fine	55.7	58.7	SVANTEK 971	Rion NC-74 (No.
2020	05:12	-	05:17		56.0	59.0	(Serial No. 77731)	34504770)
25 Apr 2020	08:12	-	08:42	Sunny	61.9	64.9	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$L_{eq~30min}\atop dB(A)~/\\L_{eq~5min}\atop dB(A)$	Free- field Corr., dB(A)	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
29 Apr	19:09	-	19:14		61.6	64.6	SVANTEK 971	Dion NC 74 (No
28 Apr 2020	20:09	-	20:14	Fine	61.1	64.1	(Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:09	-	21:14		56.4	59.4		
20. 4	01:09	-	01:14		56.6	59.6	CLIANTELL OF 1	Rion NC-74 (No.
29 Apr 2020	03:09	-	03:14	Fine	55.6	58.6	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	
2020	05:09	-	05:14		55.8	58.8	(Serial No. 77751)	34504770)
29 Apr 2020	08:09	-	08:39	Sunny	62.2	65.2	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)

Location: Alternative noise monitoring location (FTB-17)

Monitoring date: 5, 11, 21 & 25 May 2020 (Daytime)

5&6, 11&12, 21&22, 25&26 May 2020 (Evening & Night time)

Parameter : $L_{eq 30min}$ (Daytime), $L_{eq 5min}$ (Evening & Night time)

Noise source other than construction activities from

the Project:

Sound of sea waves

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c}L_{eq\;30min}\\dB(A)\:/\\L_{eq\;5min}\\dB(A)\end{array}$	Free- field Corr., dB(A)	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
5 May	16:10	-	16:40	Sunny	65.8	68.8	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
5 May	19:10	-	19:15	Fine	60.6	63.6	SVANTEK 971	Rion NC-74 (No.
2020	20:10	-	20:15		56.3	59.3	(Serial No. 77731)	34504770)
2020	21:10	-	21:15		56.1	59.1	(Seliai 100. 77731)	34304770)
634	01:10	-	01:15		59.9	62.9	GYAANEEN OGA	D' NG 74 OI
6 May 2020	03:10	-	03:15	Fine	56.3	59.3	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:10	-	05:15		59.7	62.7	(Schar 10. 77731)	34304 / /0)
11 May	16:08	-	16:38	Sunny	67.0	70.0	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
11 May	19:08	-	19:13		55.3	58.3	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	20:08	-	20:13	Fine	58.8	61.8		
2020	21:08	-	21:13		57.0	60.0		
10.14	01:08	-	01:13		59.8	62.8	Q.V. I. V.	D: NG 54 AV
12 May 2020	03:08	-	03:13	Fine	59.6	62.6	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:08	-	05:13		58.8	61.8	(Schai 10. 77731)	34304770)
21 May	16:04	-	16:34	Sunny	66.9	69.9	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
21.14	19:04	-	19:09		62.6	65.6	CVANEET OF 1	D: NG 74 OI
21 May	20:04	-	20:09	Fine	63.5	66.5	SVANTEK 971	Rion NC-74 (No.
2020	21:04	-	21:09		60.8	63.8	(Serial No. 77731)	34504770)
22 Mars	01:04	-	01:09		61.8	64.8	CVANTEV 071	Dion NC 74 (No
22 May 2020	03:04	-	03:09	Fine	60.1	63.1	SVANTEK 971 Rion NC-74 ((Serial No. 77731) 34504770)	34504770)
2020	05:04	-	05:09		62.5	65.5	(Schai 140. 77751)	34304770)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min} \\ dB(A) \ / \\ L_{eq~5min} \\ dB(A) \end{array}$	Free- field Corr., dB(A)	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
25 May 2020	16:06	-	16:36	Sunny	68.2	71.2	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
26 May	19:06	-	19:11		65.0	68.0	SVANTEK 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
26 May 2020	20:06	-	20:11	Fine	63.3	66.3		
2020	21:06	-	21:11		64.9	67.9		
26 May	01:06 - 01:11		63.2	66.2	SVANTEK 971	Dian NC 74 (No		
20 May 2020	03:06	-	03:11	Fine	62.6	65.6	(Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:06	-	05:11		62.4	65.4	(Seliai 140. 77731)	

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1 (M1 /

N_S1)

Monitoring date: 2, 8, 15, 22 & 29 June 2020 (Daytime)

Nil

2&3, 8&9, 15&16, 22&23, 29&30 June 2020 (Evening & Night time)

 $Parameter: \qquad \qquad L_{eq\;30min} \, (Daytime), L_{eq\;5min} \, (Evening\;\&\;Night\;time)$

Noise source other than construction activities from

the Project:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
2 Jun 2020	16:04	-	16:34	Sunny	66.2	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2 Jun	19:04	-	19:09		59.7	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74
2020	20:04	-	20:09	Fine	59.6	A2A-13663-E0)	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:04	-	21:09		58.4	A2A-13003-L0)	(140. 34304770)
2.1	01:04	-	01:09		56.4	VI 2 (C : 1 N	D: NG 74
3 Jun 2020	03:04	-	03:09	Fine	59.0	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:04	-	05:09		58.5	112/1-13003-L0)	(110. 34304770)
8 Jun 2020	16:17	-	16:47	Sunny	60.9	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
0.1	19:17	-	19:22	T.'	55.8	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
8 Jun	20:17	-	20:22	Fine	55.3		
2020	21:17	-	21:22		55.2		(No. 34304770)
	01:17	-	01:22		54.4	*** * ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	D: VG 5 4
9 Jun 2020	03:17	-	03:22	Fine	55.5	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:17	-	05:22		55.5	A2A-13340-EU)	(110. 34304770)
15 Jun 2020	16:01	-	16:31	Sunny	67.4	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
15 Jun	19:01	-	19:06		57.8	VI 2 (Coriol No	Rion NC-74
2020	20:01	-	20:06	Fine	56.9	XL2 (Serial No.	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:01 - 21:06		57.5	A2A-13548-E0)	(110. 34304770)		
16 Jun	01:01	-	01:06		54.3	VI 2 (Sarial No.	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
16 Jun – 2020 –	03:01	-	03:06	Fine	56.0	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	
2020	05:01	-	05:06		57.4	112A-13340-E0)	(110. 34304770)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
22 Jun 2020	16:06	-	16:36	Sunny	62.2	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
22 I	19:06	-	19:11		57.4	VI 2 (Carial Na	Dian NC 74
22 Jun 2020	20:06	-	20:11	Fine	57.4	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:06	-	21:11		58.7	A2A-13346-EU)	(110. 34304770)
22 Ium	01:06	-	01:11		56.9	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74
23 Jun 2020	03:06	-	03:11	Fine	55.6	A2A-13548-E0)	(No. 34504770)
2020	05:06	-	05:11		60.4		(110. 34304770)
29 Jun 2020	16:04	-	16:34	Sunny	57.2	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
20 I	19:04	-	19:09		61.7	VI 2 (Carial Na	Dian NC 74
29 Jun 2020	20:04	-	20:09	Fine	61.5	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:04	-	21:09		59.6	A2A-13548-E0)	(110. 34304770)
20 Ium	01:04	-	01:09		55.7	VI 2 (Carial No	Dian NC 74
30 Jun	03:04	-	03:09	Fine	55.8	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:04	-	05:09		56.6	A2A-13346-EU)	(110. 34304770)

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 2 (M2 /

N_S2)

Monitoring date: 2, 8, 15, 22 & 29 June 2020 (Daytime)

Nil

2&3, 8&9, 15&16, 22&23, 29&30 June 2020 (Evening & Night time)

 $Parameter: \qquad \qquad L_{eq\;30min} \, (Daytime), L_{eq\;5min} \, (Evening\;\&\;Night\;time)$

Noise source other than construction activities from

the Project:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
2 Jun 2020	16:04	-	16:34	Sunny	59.0	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2 Jun	19:04	-	19:09		58.1	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74
2020	20:04	-	20:09	Fine	56.5	A2A-13548-E0)	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:04	-	21:09		56.8	A2A-13340-L0)	(140. 34304770)
2.1	01:04	-	01:09		55.7	VI 2 (C : 1 N	D: NG 74
3 Jun 2020	03:04	-	03:09	Fine	56.3	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13548-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:04	-	05:09		58.3	112/1-13340-L0)	(110. 34304770)
8 Jun 2020	16:09	-	16:39	Sunny	67.6	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
0.1	19:09	-	19:14	.	60.7	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
8 Jun	20:09	-	20:14	Fine	55.7		
2020	21:09	-	21:14		56.7		(No. 34504770)
	01:09	-	01:14		57.9	*** ***	D: 370 54
9 Jun 2020	03:09	-	03:14	Fine	53.5	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:09	-	05:14		59.3	A2A-13003-E0)	(140. 34304770)
15 Jun 2020	16:02	-	16:32	Sunny	68.0	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
15 Jun	19:02	-	19:07		55.8	VI 2 (Comical No.	Rion NC-74
2020	20:02	-	20:07	Fine	56.9	XL2 (Serial No.	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:02 - 21:07		58.5	A2A-13663-E0)	(110. 34304770)		
16 Jun	01:02	-	01:07		54.9	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
16 Jun – 2020 –	03:02	-	03:07	Fine	52.1	A2A-13663-E0)	
2020	05:02	-	05:07		58.0	A2A-13003-E0)	(140. 34304770)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
22 Jun 2020	16:18	-	16:48	Sunny	60.2	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
22 I	19:18	-	19:23		59.7	VI 2 (Carial Na	Dian NC 74
22 Jun 2020	20:18	-	20:23	Fine	61.9	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:18	-	21:23		58.4	A2A-13003-E0)	(110. 34304770)
23 Jun	01:18	-	01:23		56.8	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74
2020	03:18	-	03:23	Fine	57.3	A2A-13663-E0)	(No. 34504770)
2020	05:18	-	05:23		62.4		(110. 34304770)
29 Jun 2020	16:13	-	16:43	Sunny	63.6	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
20 I	19:13	-	19:18		60.6	VI 2 (Carial Na	Dian NC 74
29 Jun 2020	20:13	-	20:18	Fine	57.1	XL2 (Serial No.	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:13	-	21:18		59.4	A2A-13663-E0)	(110. 34304770)
30 Jun	01:13	-	01:18		55.6	VI 2 (Carial No	Rion NC-74
2020	03:13	-	03:18	Fine	55.4	XL2 (Serial No. A2A-13663-E0)	(No. 34504770)
2020	05:13	-	05:18		65.0	A2A-13003-E0)	(110. 34304770)

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 3 (M3 /

N_S3)

Monitoring date: 2, 8, 15, 22 & 29 June 2020 (Daytime)

Nil

2&3, 8&9, 15&16, 22&23, 29&30 June 2020 (Evening & Night time)

 $Parameter: \qquad \qquad L_{eq\;30min} \, (Daytime), L_{eq\;5min} \, (Evening\;\&\;Night\;time)$

Noise source other than construction activities from

the Project:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
2 Jun 2020	16:00	-	16:30	Sunny	63.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2 Jun	19:00	-	19:05		55.9	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-74
2020	20:00	-	20:05	Fine	55.1	No. 77731)	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:00	-	21:05		54.5	110. 77731)	(110. 34304770)
2.1	01:00	-	01:05		55.5	CYANGTI (C : 1	D: NG 74
3 Jun 2020	03:00	-	03:05	Fine	56.5	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:00	-	05:05		56.9	110. 77731)	(140. 34304770)
8 Jun 2020	16:05	-	16:35	Sunny	62.1	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
0.1	19:05	-	19:10	E.	57	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
8 Jun 2020	20:05	-	20:10	Fine	58		
2020	21:05	-	21:10		56.9		
0.4	01:05	-	01:10		55.2	G*****	D: NG 74
9 Jun 2020	03:05	-	03:10	Fine	58.0	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:05	-	05:10		56.1	10.77731)	(140. 34304770)
15 Jun 2020	16:07	-	16:37	Sunny	70.2	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
15 Jun	19:07	-	19:12		57.8	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-74
2020	20:07	-	20:12	Fine	57.2	No. 77731)	(No. 34504770)
2020	21:07	-	21:12		57.3	110. ///31)	(110. 34304770)
16 Jun	01:07	-	01:12		57.3	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
16 Jun – 2020 –	03:07	-	03:12	Fine	57.7	No. 77731)	
2020	05:07	-	05:12		57.0	110. 77731)	(110. 34304770)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
22 Jun 2020	16:15	-	16:45	Sunny	63.4	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
22 I	19:15	-	19:20		62.8	CVANIO71 (Cario1	Diam NC 74
22 Jun 2020	20:15	-	20:20	Fine	Fine 60.0	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:15	-	21:20		59.2	No. 77731)	(10. 34304770)
22 Ium	01:15	-	01:20		57.5	CVAN 071 (Cariol	Dian NC 74
23 Jun 2020	03:15	-	03:20	Fine	55.1	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	05:15	-	05:20		62.0		
29 Jun 2020	16:17	-	16:47	Sunny	59.4	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
20 I	19:17	-	19:22		56.9	CVANIO71 (Cario1	Diam NC 74
29 Jun 2020	20:17	-	20:22	Fine	59.4	SVAN 971 (Serial No. 77731)	Rion NC-74 (No. 34504770)
2020	21:17	-	21:22		61.8	No. 77731)	(110. 34304770)
20 Ium	01:17	-	01:22		55.1	CVAN 071 (Cariol	Dian NC 74
30 Jun	03:17	-	03:22	Fine	55.2	SVAN 971 (Serial	
2020	05:17	-	05:22		58.3	No. 77731)	(No. 34504770)

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix E	Waste Flow Table	



吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



2018 **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** (year)

Project : Ir	tegrated W	aste Manag	gement Faci	lities, Phas	e 1		r		Con	tract No.: EP	/SP/66/12			
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly									Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill Sand	Imported Fill Public fill	Imported Fill Rock	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)		(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m ³)
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	2.9619	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	3.0771	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.013
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	6.7871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	59.0709	0	0	0	0	0	0.200	0.8700	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	71.8970	0	0	0	0	0	0.200	0.8700	0.0195

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials. (2)
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m³ by volume.



吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2019 (year)

Project : In	ntegrated W	aste Manag	gement Faci	lities, Phas	e 1		T		Con	tract No.: EP	/SP/66/12			
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly									Monthly Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Fill	Imported Fill Public fill	Imported Fill Rock	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m ³)	$(in ,000m^3)$	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³	$(in ,000m^3)$	(1	in ,000m ³)		(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m ³)
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	82.6139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	46.7821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	97.1000	0	0.7552	0	0.2560	0	0	0	0
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	58.0413	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	0	0	0	0	0	14.5625	0	1.4648	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.8421	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	299.0998	0	9.0621	0	0.2560	0	0	0	0.013
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4289	0	0	0	0	8.4000	0.013
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	2.5775	0	10.5600	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	6.1081	0	8.4704	0	0.3530	0	0	0	0.0065
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	9.8875	0	7.1900	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	38.3088	0	19.3105	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	54.3469	0	26.9807	0	0	0	0	0	0.091
Total	0	0	0	0	0	410.3286	0	82.0026	0	0.6090	0	0	8.4000	0.143

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials. (2)
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m³ by volume.



吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture



Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2020 (year)

Project : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Contract No.: EP/SP/66/12

r roject . n	Jeet . Integrated waste wantagement racindes, rhase r										Con	ract 110 L1	/51/00/12	
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly									Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill Sand	Imported Fill Public fill	Imported Fill Rock	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³)	(in ,000m ³	(in ,000m ³)	(1	(1000m^3)		(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m ³)
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	37.1550	0	25.0812	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	27.7910	0	18.8300	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	22.5669	0	26.1586	0	0	0	0	7.2000	0.0065
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	12.7800	0	10.1825	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195
May	0	0	0	0	0	16.1138	0	24.3740	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	31.5177	0	28.3030	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	147.9244	0	132.9293	0	0	0	0	7.2000	0.0650
Jul														
Aug														
Sep														
Oct														
Nov														
Dec														
Total														

Notes:

- (1) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- (3) Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m³ by volume.

Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – 2	Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix F	Photo Records for Cora	al Monitoring	

Photo Plate for Tagged and Re-tagged Corals at Control Site during the $6^{\rm th}$ Quarterly Coral Monitoring during Construction Phase on 26 June 2020

Tag #	Baseline (26 June 2018 & 3 December 2018)	26 June 2020
#1	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi
#2R	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi
#3	Psammocora superficialis	Psammocora superficialis
#4	Turbinaria peltata	Turbinaria peltata

Tag #	Baseline (26 June 2018 & 3 December 2018)	26 June 2020
#5R	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi
#6	Cyphastrea serailia	Cyphastrea serailia
#7R	Coscinaraea sp.	Coscinaraea sp.
#8	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi

Tag #	Baseline (26 June 2018 & 3 December 2018)	26 June 2020
#9	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi
#10R	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi

Notes:

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #R.

Photo Plate for Re-tagged Corals at Indirect Impact during the 6^{th} Quarterly Coral Monitoring during Construction Phase on 26 June 2020

Tag #	Baseline (23 November 2018)	26 June 2020
#11R	Cyphastrea serailia	Cyphastrea serailia
#12R	Favites chinensis	Favites chinensis
#13R	Turbinaria peltata	Turbinaria peltata
#14R	Favites chinensis	Favites chinensis

Tag #	Baseline (23 November 2018)	26 June 2020
#15R	Goniopora stutchburyi	Goniopora stutchburyi
#16R	Psammocora superficialis	Psammocora superficialis
#17R	Favites chinensis	Favites chinensis
#18R	Psammocora superficialis	Psammocora superficialis

Tag#	Baseline (23 November 2018)	26 June 2020
#19R		
	D C 1.	
	Psammocora superficialis	Psammocora superficialis
#20R	Psammocora superficialis	Psammocora superficialis

Notes:

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #R.

Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Manag	gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix G	Photo Records for Marine N	Mammal Monitoring

Photo records of Vessel-based Line-Transect Survey Effort during the reporting period









Contract No. EP/SP/66. Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Ventur
Appendix H	Photo Records for White-b Monitoring	ellied Sea Eagle

Photo Plate for 22nd Monthly WBSE monitoring (April 2020)



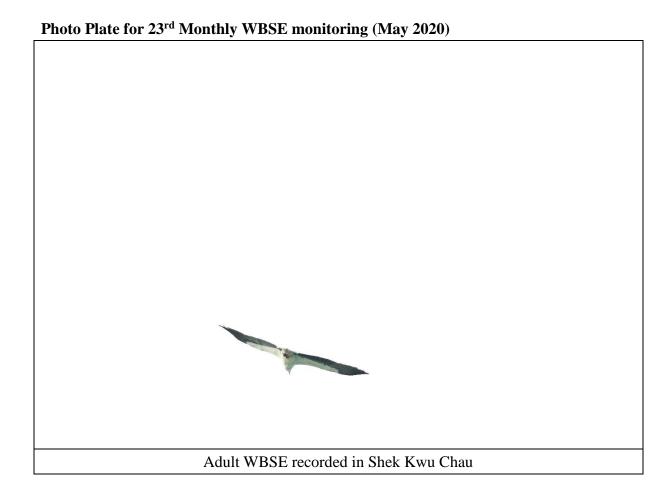


Photo Plate for 24th Monthly WBSE monitoring (June 2020)



Adult WBSE recorded in Shek Kwu Chau

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
A managadis, I	Camanlaintlan	
Appendix I	Complaint Log	

Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Reporting Period	Environmental Complaint Statistics		
	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature
1 Apr 2020 – 30 Apr 2020	0	0	N/A
1 May 2020 – 31 May 2020	0	0	N/A
1 Jun 2020 – 30 Jun 2020	0	0	N/A

Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Reporting Period	Environmental Summons Statistics		
	Frequency	Cumulative	Details
1 Apr 2020 – 30 Apr 2020	0	0	N/A
1 May 2020 – 31 May 2020	0	0	N/A
1 Jun 2020 – 30 Jun 2020	0	0	N/A

Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Reporting	Environmental Prosecution Statistics		
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details
1 Apr 2020 – 30 Apr 2020	0	0	N/A
1 May 2020 – 31 May 2020	0	0	N/A
1 Jun 2020 – 30 Jun 2020	0	0	N/A